The Courier-Journal.

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The Weather.

Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Kentucky—Unsettled weather Thursday and Friday.

Indiana—Increasing cloudiness; showers and probably thunderstorms Thursday night or Friday; cooler Friday; moderate variable winds.

Tennessee—Unsettled Thursday and Friday.

THE LATEST.

Judge Parker, in the Fayette Circuit Court, decided yesterday that the election of John W. Skain as Mayor, Wallace Muir as City Attorney, John F. Doyle as Assessor, and John W. Mesner as City Jailer was void. The decision upholds the charges of fraud, bribery, intimidation and illegal registration made by the Republican contestants. The contest cases involving the minor offices, which were dismissed, may be revived and appealed, as exceptions were taken. If Judge Parker's judgment is sustained by the Appellate Court, and these cases are reopened, it would mean the removal of the General Council and the rest of the city administration from office.

The State rested its case at the insanity hearing of Harry Thaw at White Plains, N. Y., yesterday and rebuttal testimony was begun, Mr. Jerome's last witness was Dr. Carlos Macdonald, who pronounced Thaw a paranoiac of the degenerate type. The prisoner's attorney promised some spicy testimony today when he will undertake to prove that Thaw's impressions of Stanford White's practices are not delusions, but facts.

The Spanish Government yesterday issued an official announcement saying the crisis in Spain is now at an end and that the country is tranquil from the Bay of Biscay to the Mediterranean. The release of Senor Iglesias, editor of El Progreso, and a certain relaxation of the censorship, are considered the best evidences that the danger is past.

Glenn H. Curtiss, of Hammondsport, N. Y., was prevented yesterday from attempting to break the world's record in an aeroplane by high winds. Mr. Curtiss will sail to-day for Rheims, France, where he will take part in the contests of the "week of aviation" beginning August 23.

Gonzales Valencia has been elected President of the Republic of Colombia by the National Congress to fulfill the unexpired term of General Rafael Reyes, resigned. This means that he will occupy the post of chief executive for about one year.

During a meeting of the Pressed Steel Car Company's striking employes at McKees Rock, Pa., the men unanimously voted down a proposition to return to work if the company would eliminate the system of insurance formerly in vogue.

William Craig, who was shot by Mrs. Neville Castle in the lobby of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York, refuses to withdraw his charge against her and she was held under bond of $3,000, which she has been unable to furnish.

The Weather Bureau observer at San Francisco reported the occurrence of a slight earthquake in that city at 10:26 o'clock this morning. The movement was so faint, however, that it was not generally known to have occurred.

James A. Flaherty, of Philadelphia, was elected supreme knight of the national body of Knights of Columbus, in session at Mobile. M. H. Carmody, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was elected deputy supreme knight.

The Foreign Board at Pekin has not yet given the American Legation its answer in the matter of American participation in the international loan for the construction of the Hankow-Sze-Chuen railroad.

The attorneys who went to Paris from America to take testimony in the Panama libel cases have completed their labors with the witnesses, who answered voluntarily.

The conference report on the Philippine tariff bill was yesterday agreed to by the Senate without debate. Only the President's signature to make it a law remains.

Directors of the American Tobacco Company yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. and 7½ per cent. extra on the company's common stock.

The Alabama House of Representatives adopted a resolution favoring the election of United States Senators by popular vote.

December wheat contracts fell to 99¾ cents in Chicago.

NIGHT SESSION FOR SPEECHES

"Progressive" Senators Given Chance To Talk.

Hide and Leather Concurrent Resolution

Reported As "Sop" To Western Senators.

SENATOR CUMMINS SAYS NO.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Small interest was shown in the tariff debate in the Senate to-day, but a night session was necessary to allow "progressive" Senators opportunity to express their views on the tariff bill.

Interest now seems to center on the vote on the conference report, which will be taken at 2 p. m. to-morrow.

Conferences among Senators were numerous. Several times Vice President Sherman found it necessary to call the body to order and insist that conversation be discontinued.

The effect of the maximum and minimum provision of the measure as agreed upon by the conferees was the chief subject of discussion during the afternoon. Senator Beveridge quoting the remarks of Chairman Aldrich, undertook to show that that Senator interpreted the language as reported by the conferees as practically guaranteeing all the results that could be obtained through the instrumentality of a tariff commission. He provoked a prompt opposition to that view by Senator Hale, who at great length argued that exactly the opposite purpose was in the minds of the House conferees, whose views had been adopted. He insisted that they carefully avoided giving any authority to the President by which he could gather information on which another revision of the tariff could be based.

* * *

"Sop" For the West.

From the Committee on Finance Mr. Aldrich reported a concurrent resolution by which, as soon as the conference report has been voted upon, the hide and leather schedule will be corrected, it is intended, to meet the views of Western Senators who demanded lower duties on products manufactured from leather.

It looked as if the Senate had gone on a "strike" when the hour to reassemble arrived to-night. Vice President Sherman rapped the body to order at 8 o'clock and Senator Smoot at once called for a quorum as the first business of the evening.

There was but a sprinkling of Senators on the floor and the reading clerk proceeded very slowly in calling the roll in order to give time for Senators to come in. It was the first time during the long tariff debate that difficulty was experienced in obtaining a quorum.

* * *

Call For Absentees.

When the suggestion for a night session was made by Senator Bailey, possibly for the purpose of permitting "insurgent" Senators to voice their criticism of the tariff bill, Senator Aldrich and other Senators did not take kindly to the idea of sitting up late to hear these speakers. At 8 o'clock the Rhode Island Senator was one of those whose absence was noted.

After nearly half an hour had passed with a quorum still lacking, Senator Nelson moved that the Sergeant-at-arms be instructed to send for absentees.

* * *

In No Hurry.

There was no apparent haste when the Senate convened today to take up conference report on the tariff bill. In defiance of the order of business that had been carefully adhered to on so many previous occasions, Senator Frye obtained favorable consideration of an omnibus bridge bill without an objection from any Senator.

Calling attention to the necessity for accurate information concerning labor conditions in this country and abroad in the framing of a tariff bill, Mr. Simmons declared that the schedules had been fixed without any investigation of the cost of production abroad worthy of the name.

* * *

Simmons For Tariff Commission.

Formerly, he said, he had not favored the creation of a tariff commission. The experiences of the past two months, however, had led him to look with more favor upon that proposition. The North Carolina Senator declared that the "so-called revision of the tariff" would not in any case satisfy even Republicans and would not meet the wishes of the country at all.

Senator Hale denied that the tariff bill empowered the President to appoint anybody that can be referred to as a "Tariff Commission. Such powers, he added, were absolutely enacted by the tariff legislation.

"Is the statement of the Senator from Maine any more clear than the language of the bill itself on that subject?" inquired Mr. Clapp, who took the view that the President was not given to do the work of the Tariff Commission.

Mr. Cummins declared that the clear purpose of the changes made by the House conferees in the maximum and minimum clause was to eliminate all idea of a Tariff Commission.

Mr. Beveridge declared that if the opinion should prove incorrect he would urge the passage of his Tariff Commission bill.

* * *

Hale Says Quit Tinkering.

Whether the tariff bill about to be enacted, said Mr. Hale, would be accepted by the American people as satisfactory and will be followed by prosperity, no one could tell. But whatever the result should be, he was satisfied that for ten years people would look with marked impatience and frown upon any project or plan or tribunal that would be likely to disturb conditions.

"That," he said, "is the foundation of the opposition that has been made to any tribunal that shall keep open the subject of tariff legislation.

"He is limited to the determination of 'discriminations against us,'" declared Mr. Hale, referring to the President and his powers under the maximum and minimum rates clause. "He understands that—I understand that he does."

"The President," added Mr. Hale, "has a hard task in executing the provisions of the maximum and minimum clauses. He has burdens and the officers under him have burdens and responsibilities in these negotiations such as never have been imposed upon any President. The President will have no undue hours of sleep."

Replying to Mr. Newlands, Mr. Hale declared that the President would have nothing to do with investigating the cost of production at home and abroad.

Mr. Beveridge then explained that he had been inclined to the same views, but that Mr. Aldrich having expressed a different opinion, he would hesitate to press his Tariff Commission bill until it could be known what the fact would prove to be.

"That Senator will admit," said Mr. Beveridge, "that the language was reassuring to those of us who favored the Tariff Commission."

"Too much so," replied Mr. Hale.

Mr. Hale then sent to the desk a circular letter from the committee of 100 appointed at the National Tariff Convention, held in Indianapolis last spring for the purpose of promoting Tariff Commission legislation. It announced that $25,000 would be required to get a bill through Congress and requested the recipients of the circular to see that their newspapers were filled with interviews and editorials favorable to a Tariff Commission.

"That is your high-toned agitation," remarked Mr. Hale, bowing to Mr. Beveridge and taking his seat.

"I never heard of such a thing before, but I do not see anything improper in that letter," replied Mr. Beveridge.

Mr. Hale then offered another letter to be read. It was signed by H. E. Miles, chairman of the Tariff Committee of the National Association of Manufacturers. It declared:

"Mr. Longworth, we believe, is splendidly with us as we know his illustrious father-in-law is." The letter referred to Vice President Sherman and Representative Tawney as being "radical stand-patters," who had "become very much excited and interested," and added that he expected they would "treat" with the Tariff Commission advocates. There were references to the Indiana Senator as the advocate of the National Association of Manufacturers in this

(Concluded On 2d Page, 6th Column)

CAR MEN VOTING.

CHICAGO UNION BALLOTING ON STRIKE PROPOSITION.

Indications Point to Walkout, But Mayor Hopes To Bring About Peace.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—With 10,000 street car men voting to-morrow on the question of a walkout, the attitude of traction and city officials was that of hope that a strike would be avoided by compromise.

The referendum will begin at 4 o'clock in the morning and it is expected that the men will vote in favor of a strike.

President T. E. Mitten, of the Chicago City Railway line, has entered into negotiations with the employes of the Calumet and South Chicago Street Railway Company, looking toward an increased scale and trouble may be averted in that quarter at least.

Mayor Busse expressed the opinion to-night that there would be no strike.

At the same time there was an ominous look to the arrival of P. L. Bergoff, a profesional strike-breaker, who figured in the recent Philadelphia struggle.

Bergoff said he had been asked to come to Chicago by the presidents of the street railway companies and that he thought he could handle the situation with 3,500 men. He said he had 250 men on his payroll, most of them in New York and Philadelphia.

REFUSES TO FLY.

CURTISS' ATTEMPT FOR RECORD PREVENTED BY WIND.

New York Aviator Sails To-day For Rheims, France, To Take Part In Contests.

Mineola, L. I., Aug. 4.—Exhibiting the same caution and the same indifference to the clamor of "land-lubbin'" aeronauts as the Wright brothers have shown, Glenn H. Curtiss, the Hammondsport, N. Y., aviator, declined to attempt flights here to-day. A slight wind at daybreak caused a postponement until sunset, when conditions were still more unfavorable.

The aviator was much disappointed, for he had desired to try for a world's record before sailing to-morrow for Europe to compete in aviation contests at Rheims, France, the latter part of this month.

If weather conditions are favorable Mr. Curtiss will attempt a flight at dawn to-morrow. At noon he will sail on La Savoie, of the French line, taking with him a new aeroplane.

In the aviation week events at Rheims, which begins August 22, Mr. Curtiss will try principally for the International Cup, a trophy offered for the best time made over a set course of about twelve miles. He may visit other points in Europe, as the Wright brothers did last year. He will be accompanied by his chief mechanic and an assistant.

Zeppelin Monument Unveiled.

Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, Aug. 4.—A monument to Count Zeppelin was unveiled to-day near Oppenheim, on the Rhein, to mark the spot where Count Zeppelin landed in his airship Aug. 4, 1908, during his flight from Lake Constance to Mayence. The monument was erected by the State of Hesse.

Fallieres To Witness Flights.

Paris, Aug. 4.—President Fallieres, accompanied by Premier Briand, will go to Rheims for "aviation week," which begins August 22.

READY TO RESUME.

MRS. SUTTON, DAUGHTER AND LAWYER AT ANNAPOLIS.

Lieut. Utley, Now One of the Parties Defendant, Arrives and Will Testify At Inquiry.

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 4.—Mrs. James N. Sutton, of Portland, Ore., and her daughter, Mrs. Rose Sutton Parker, of St. Paul, Minn., with Henry E. Davis, their counsel, arrived here to-night from Washington, determined, they said, to fight to the bitter end to remove the stigma of suicide from the name of Lieut. James N. Sutton, of the Marine Corps, Mrs. Sutton's son, when the naval board of inquiry resumes the investigation of young Sutton's death to-morrow.

Lieut. Harold H. Utley and Dr. Frank C. Cook, who returned Tuesday from the Mediterranean on the United States cruiser North Carolina, reported at the Naval Academy to-night. They will be the principal witnesses for the navy at the continuation of the hearings.

When the hearing was abruptly adjourned a week ago because of their absence, the alignment of the entire proceedings was changed, and Lieut. Utley and the other officers of the Marine Corps, who have already testified, were made parties defendant, instead of merely interested parties, at the request of Maj. Henry Leonard, the Judge Advocate.

FIND A CLEW TO KIDNAPERS

Trunks Shipped From St. Louis To Chicago

Believed To Belong To Suspected Italian.

Meantime Viviano Children Are Still Missing.

MORE ARRESTS ARE MADE.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 4.—The discovery to-day that three trunks had been shipped from St. Louis to Chicago by men suspected of the kidnaping of Grace and Tomasso Viviano, confirmed the local police in the belief that the disappearance of the children and the demand of $25,000 ransom for them, was the result of a carefully worked Black Hand plot which did not, however, contemplate harm to the children.

The local police had no idea that the trunks found in Chicago contain the bodies of the children. For this reason Chief Creecy late to-day telegraphed to the Chicago authorities to use their own judgment in opening the boxes. The message was in answer to a communication from Chicago to the effect that bodies were believed to be in the trunks.

* * *

Believe It Turrisi's Property.

The St. Louis police theory of the trunks is that they contain the property of Samuel Turrisi, who is believed to have lured the Viviano children from their home, and other members of the blackmailing gang. The trunks were taken from the house of Joseph Pagano here Monday afternoon and it is known that Pagano and Turrisi were friends and that a man answering the latter's description left Pagano's house an hour before the children disappeared Monday.

Conflicting stories told by the Paganos and the fact that the three trunks left their home almost at the same time the children were kidnaped, with the additional circumstance that four strange men left the Pagano home fifteen minutes after the trunks were taken away, lead the police to believe that the conspiring kidnapers shipped their property to a place where they believed it would be safe from search, while they negotiated with the Vivianos for ransom.

* * *

Theory Is Confirmed.

This theory was confirmed early to-night when the local police were informed that an inspection of the trunks contents by the Chicago authorities revealed only clothing and similar articles. It is thought possible, however, that important evidence may be adduced from a proof of ownership of the clothing as it might tend to reveal the personnel of the kidnapers.

The arrests in the case to-day numbered three, the prisoners being Lamancia Giroloma, who hauled the trunks to the express office here Monday; Pietro Fanare, a groceryman who was Giroloma's employer, and another employe of Fanare's establishment. The latter two were released late to-day.

* * *

Pagano Will Tell Nothing.

The police now have in custody Giroloma and Joseph Pagano. The latter is believed to have been a more or less active participant in the crime, but efforts to obtain information from him have been fruitless.

The police learned to-day, through newspaper reporters, that Marchisi Benedetto, a cousin of Turrisi, has been missing from his home, at 932 North Seventh street, since Sunday. He had sold out his business interests there the day before, saying he was going to California. It is thought, however, that he may have gone to Chicago, and that his part in the plot was to receive the trunks found there today.

To-night Giroloma confessed to the police that Benedetto, Turissi, Pagano and Vincenzo Ricardo met him Sunday at Fanare's store and arranged to have the trunks hauled to the union station Monday morning.

* * *

Wants To Kill Himself.

When Pagano was told of this statement, he begged the police to be permitted to commit suicide. He steadfastly refused, however, to acknowledge the truth of Giroloma's confession.

All the men named have been sought by the police since the kidnaping occurred. Ricardo's wife and mother-in-law are also being searched for.

It is the belief of the police that Turissi, after he had kidnaped the children, crossed to the Illinois side of the Mississippi River with the idea of taking a trolley car to some nearby Illinois town and boarding a train for Chicago.

Benedetto, Ricardo and Frank Bertolini are thought to have been the leading conspirators in the blackmailing plot. They conducted a wine shop near one of the Viviano factories until four months ago, when they sold out and went to live at 1911 North Thirteenth street.

The police say that the Italians left the house at that number a few hours before the Viviano children were stolen.

SHOUTING "VIVA REYES." MOB ASSAULTS CHURCH.

Worshipers Beaten Up Before Mexican Mounted Police Arrive On Scene.

Mexico City, Aug. 4.—A special dispatch from the City of Silao says:

Shouting "Viva Reyes," a mob of railroad coal passers and other railroad employes running between here and Aguas Callentes celebrated their last pay day by surroundnig the little Protestant church of Callo Benito Juarez and vigorously assaulting the place, with about fifty worshipers within, some of whom were badly bruised and beaten up.

The mob was dispersed by mounted policemen, who arrived about the time some of the members of the congregation had come to the door and began to fire their pistols into the air. All the windows in the church were smashed.

TEXAS FARMERS MAY POOL COTTON SEED.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 4.—The Texas Farmers' Union, in convention here today, discussed the advisability of forming a gigantic pool to handle the entire cottonseed output of the State, estimated to be 1,000,000 tons annually.

According to the discussion the output is to be disposed of outside of the State. Some of the delegates opposed the plan on the ground that it would be a violation of the Texas anti-trust laws, but a majority were in favor of carrying out the scheme, which is a distinct innovation in the cotton industry.

LARGER APPROPRIATION FOR COMMON SCHOOLS.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 4.—The House today passed the general appropriation bill, including an increase of $250,000 annually for common schools, beginning in 1911. The House refused to increase the appropriation for State institutions of learning of higher grade than the common schools.

HEFLIN ATTACKED; JAMES TO THE RESCUE

BIG KENTUCKIAN SEPARATES ANGRY COMBATANTS.

CONGRESSMEN TAKE NUMBER OF SPEEDING AUTO.

OWNER THEN SHOWS FIGHT.

Washington, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Albert Johnson, a local automobilist, assaulted Representative Heflin, of Alabama, in the Riggs House this afternoon, and but for the timely interference of Representative Ollie James, the big Kentucky Congressman, the result of the encounter would have been a serious one for Johnson.

While walking from the Capitol after the adjournment of the House, an automobile just grazed the two Congressmen. According to them it was going at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour and another step would have meant instant death to the pedestrians. The machine stopped several yards down the street and the two Congressmen walked to it to take the number in order to report the driver for violating the speed law.

Having made a note of the machine number, the proceeded on the way to their hotel. Johnson followed them in the machine, and after going several blocks, hailed them, demanding to know why they had taken his number. According to the Congressmen, he was very impudent and demanded to know who they were. The members gave their names and explained that they were nearly run over by the machine, and intended to report the matter to the police.

Upon hearing Heflin's name Johnson is alleged to have said: "Oh, yes, you are the famous Congressman always looking out for the public welfare."

He had reference to Heflin's shooting the negro, Lundy, two years ago for creating a disturbance on a street car.

Both Congressmen were thoroughly indignant by this time, and there was a rapid interchange of arguments, during which Mr. James declared that he would not stand for being nearly run over and then followed up and insulted. Heflin was asked by Johnson if he were armed, to which the Congressman replied that he was not, but thought he was well able to take care of himself. The Alabama Congressman told Johnson to move on with his machine, and the latter did go.

The two Congressmen walked on to their hotel, and had been there but a few minutes when, much to their surprise, Johnson put in an appearance and attacked Heflin. He was seized by the throat by the Alabama Congressman, and Representative James and other bystanders jumped in the fray, separating them, Johnson at once leaving the hotel.

PAUL JONES JUMPS OUT OF THE WATER.

Torpedo Boat Destroyer Strikes Reef, But Manages To Reach Port.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 4.—The torpedo boat destroyer Paul Jones, which left here July 26 for a cruise in Alaskan waters, was said to-night to have struck a reef several miles from Skagway, Alaska, and made port in a sinking condition. The extent of the damage is not known.

A cablegram from Skagway, Alaska, says the accident occurred when the Paul Jones was carried out of her course by the tidal currents in Peril Straits, thirty-five miles north of Sitka, early yesterday.

The destroyer, which is in command of Lieut. M. S. Davis, was going at three-quarters speed when she struck the rock. The boat ran high out of the water and nearly turned turtle. Men were thrown from their hammocks and several were badly bruised by their fall.

Two holes were broken in the starboard bow and the propeller shaft was badly bent. The boat was hung up on the reef for a short time, but the rising tide lifted her off. The pumps were kept going constantly to keep her afloat, and by the use of collision mats she was able to limp into Skagway several hours behind her consort.

After making temporary repairs the Paul Jones left here to-night with the other boats of the flotilla for Juneau.

FORMER SHAH OFFERED PENSION OF $75,000.

Teheran, Aug. 4.—It is understood that the Government has now offered Mohamed Ali, the former Shah, an annual pension of $75,000 on condition that he will deliver up the jewels enumerated in the Nationalist inventory or inform the Government how he disposed of the missing gems.

It is believed that Mohamed Ali will accept this new offer, and his departure from Persia, probably for Russia, is expected within a fortnight.

PANAMA TESTIMONY COMPLETED IN PARIS

Paris, Aug. 4.—The attorneys who came here from America to take testimony in the Panama libel cases have completed their labors with the witnesses who answered the summonses voluntarily. Among those who thus appeared are M. Beaux, president of the New Panama Company at the time of the sale; M. Lampre, secretary of the company; Maitre Barboux and Maurice Hutin, a former president of the company. The French Government has not interfered in the proceedings.

ELECTION VOID; CHARGES UPHELD

Lexington Officers Ousted by Judge Parker.

Illegal Registration, Bribery and Intimidation

Practiced At the Polls, Says the Court.

CHANCE FOR OTHER CASES.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Judge Watts Parker handed down a decision to-day declaring the offices of Mayor John Skain, City Attorney Wallace Muir, City Assessor John F. Doyle and City Jailer John W. Masner vacant because of illegal registration, fraud, bribery and intimidation at the polls. The case will be taken by the defendants to the Court of Appeals.

* * *

Council May Lose Out.

The contest cases that have been dismissed involving the minor offenses may yet be revived and appealed, as the plaintiffs have excepted to the ruling of the court dismissing them.

In the event of such action and the confirmation of Judge Parker's judgment by the Court of Appeals the whole city administration elected in 1907, including the General Council, would be removed from office.

* * *

Many Ifs.

This would mean the appointment of men to fill the vacancies by Gov. Willson. In the event that only the four cases decided by Judge Parker are carried to the higher court, if this decision is confirmed, the General Council would elect a Mayor to succeed Skain and probably fill all the other vacancies. The most that can happen to Mayor Skain would be a deadlock in the General Council that could not choose a successor, thus leaving him in possession of the office.

If the Republicans should win in November this year they would get one-half of the Council, and they would not have a majority.

If, under such circumstances, the Court of Appeals should confirm the judgment of Judge Parker, a General Council, one-half Republican and one-half Democratic, would be called on to fill the vacancies. Mayor Skain, as the de facto Mayor, holding until his successor is chosen.

The opinion to-day was in the case of Col. W. R. Milward against John Skain and the court announced that the same judgment applied in the cases of Gilour against Muir for City Attorney, McMichael against Doyle for City Assessor and Stephnaski against Masner for City Jailer. The case will be heard by the Court of Appeals and until it is finally determined by that tribunal the present officials will retain their places.

The election of 1907 was one of the most hotly contested in the history of Lexington. There were charges of the Republicans of fraud, bribery, intimidation, the use of the police and fire departments to aid the Democratic candidates and wholesale purchases of negro voters.

* * *

The Court's Opinion.

These charges are all upheld by the court in rendering his decision, which is in part as follows:

"The Constitution provides that elections shall be free and equal. The statutes regulating elections seek to enforce this provision. Throughout the whole law the purpose to secure freedom is always perceptible. In a republic it is not easy to understand how laws could be framed for the purpose of bringing about inequality among citizens. Whether the right to vote be a natural right or not, it is a right well established in this State and the constitutional provision is rather a declaration of what the law was and what it should continue to be than the grant of a new right to the citizen.

* * *

The Louisville Cases.

In the oral argument it was suggested to the court by one of the counsel for defendant, that the Court of Appeals would probably retract its opinion in the case of Scholl against Bell, bether known as the "Louisville cases." It is not known upon what ground the counsel based this prophecy, but until its fulfillment, it will not be accepted as true by this court. If the facts recited in the opinion be true, and the Court of Appeals should decide that those facts were insufficient to set aside an election, it would be difficult to imagine a case in which the facts would justify such action. In the case at bar, the question for determination is whether bribery, fraud, intimidation and violence have been proved, and if so, whether they, taken in connection with the character of the voting precincts and the political affiliations of the officers at them, justify the court in annulling the election.

The defendant has taken the depositions of certain witnesses for the purpose of proving that no conspiracy existed. Dr. R. B. Waddy and the four police commissioners, Mr. Wallace Muir, and other witnesses have given their evidence upon this question. They testify that they entered into, and knew of, no compact looking to the commitment of anything illegal for the purpose of affecting or controlling the election.

On the night before the election, upon the resignation of Mayor Combs, Dr. Waddy became Mayor. Dr. Waddy testifies he knew nothing of any conspiracy and says there was no meeting of the board of police commissioners until after the election, saying: "I think there was a meeting called to pass resolutions on the death of Policeman Murphy, who was assassinated on election day." The four police commissioners testified that they knew nothing of any instructions given to commit any unlawful act at the election.

* * *

Instructions To City Employes.

Upon this point the evidence of Mr. Wallace Muir is more at length. He testifies that both before the night of registration and the night of the election he went to the police station and to the fire department in charge of Deputy Chief Sweeney with Mayor Combs, and the thinks in the presence of Mr. Skain, gave instructions to the members in regard to their conduct at the voting places. He says: "They were especially warned that it was the desire of the campaign committee and the candidates to permit no person to register except the legal voters, and to permit no person to vote except those who were legally registered and had a legal right to vote." The witness further says: "The meeting at the fire department was for a two-fold purpose; one was for the purpose to instruct the firemen not to do anything which the law did not give them the right to do; another was to get them interested in behalf of us gentlemen who were candidates." He further says: "The main purpose to the police was not only to instruct them, but to insist that the policemen be absolutely sober, orderly and attend to duties upon registration day and election day," and that Mr. Skain was present. "So that the police and firemen might know it carried his sanction what we had outlined to them."

Upon this same subject Capt. William Jenkins says: "They were instructed to go to the calling place, and to go there sober to stay sober, and to see that everything was quiet and orderly, and if anybody violated the law they were to arrest them."

* * *

Charge Not Groundless.

Notwithstanding this wholesome advice, a serious charge made by the plaintiff is of the conduct of the policemen on registration and election days, and this charge is shown by the evidence to be not altogether groundless.

The part taken by policemen concerning elections has long been made a ground of complaint. The policeman has the same right to entertain and to express his political views as has any private citizen, but as an officer of the law he has no right to intermeddle with the conduct of elections or with the voters attending at voting places. A peace officer, whether sheriff, constable or policeman, should be about places of registration and voting. At such places men congregate, and in periods of high excitement the presence of an officer may be necessary for the preservation of peace and good order. If there as a peace officer, he should abstain from acting as a partisan; if there as a partisan, he should not be a peace officer at all.

All free people resent armed interference at the polls. It is subversive of liberty, and if long persisted in will inevitably lead to anarchy or tyranny. It should not be tolerated, whether the armed force be the policeman with club and revolver or the soldier with rifle and bayonet. The citizen has the right to attend his voting place without molestation, and in the exercise of this right guaranteed by law to be free from intimidation and secure from violence. The duties of the police officer are frequently difficult and delicate. Upon the force in this city are many good officers; but every member of this force should be made to understand that while on duty, whether in or out of uniform, he should, at or near a voting place, take no part in the election

(Concluded on 7th Page, 2d Column)

MRS. CASTLE'S PLEA UNHEEDED BY CRAIG

REFUSES TO DISMISS COMPLAINT AGAINST HER.

WOMAN TELLS NEW STORY OF CAUSE OF SHOOTING.

UNABLE TO FURNISH BOND.

New York, Aug. 4.—Mrs. Neville Castle, the woman from California, who has a difference of opinion with Mrs. William D. Craig as to whether Mr. Craig, whom she shot but did not seriously injure last night at the Waldorf-Astoria, has pursued her or she him, found no mercy to-day in the man she says loves her. Nor had anyone gone on her bail to-night.

Craig refused to dismiss his complaint against her, and when she laid her hand on his shoulder in court and pleaded gently: "Will, please drop it. Won't you?" he turned brusquely and left the room. She was held in $3,000 bail for further examination.

In the matron's room of the prison Mrs. Castle gave out a statement, interrupted by bursts of weeping, in which she intimated that her negro servant could give testimony in her support.

"The night before last," she said "Will (Mr. Craig) called at my house about 7 o'clock. Something occurred that I swore I would punish him for. I had my servant put him out. He said things which he said he should tell somebody. I said he should not.

"If you had sisters, you would tell them to act just as I have acted.

"Last night I went to the Waldorf to make him retract. I told him it would have to be in the presence of the negro, because he had been in the room "last time." When I met Will he said I wish I were dead, that make me dead that you were dead. Kate, you know is his wife.

"Then I drew this crazy little affair"—the pistol she carried in her handbag—"he grabbed it and it went off."

Mrs. Castle has been highly excited ever since her arrest, but up to the time of her statement to-night she denied any attempt to "punish" anyone. She drew her pistol, she has said hitherto, with intent to commit suicide.

DIES FROM JOY IN THE STATION

MRS. HATTIE MOCHRIE, OF COVINGTON, SUCCUMBS AT SIGHT OF SON-IN-LAW.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Joy at meeting her son-in-law is believed to have superinduced an attack of heart failure which ended the life of Mrs. Hattie Mochrie, 63 years old, of Covington, Ky., soon after she greeted him at Union Station last night.

Mrs. Mochrie came here to visit her daughter, Mrs. T. A. Line. Her son-in-law was at the station to greet her. He stepped toward her as she left the train, and the aged woman smiled in return. The smile changed suddenly, and before Mr. Line could reach her side, Mrs. Mochrie staggered and fell to the platform.

Mr. Line and station attaches removed Mrs. Mochrie to the Terminal Hotel. Physicians pronounced her ailment an attack of heart failure. Mrs. Mochrie was not known to be a sufferer from heart trouble.

WHEAT UNDER DOLLAR LEVEL

DECEMBER CONTRACTS TAKE A TUMBLE TO NINETY-NINE AND ONE-EIGHTH.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—For the first time in several months wheat was quoted under the dollar level in the Chicago market to-day. There was a swift break in the September price, which was at $1.09 a week ago to-day, from $1.02⅝ to $1.00⅜, and at the same time the December contracts took a tumble to 99⅛ cents.

Selling of wheat was on such a large scale that shorts, who put out lines 5 and 10 cents higher, were able to cover at big profit without causing any recovery in the market. The cause of the extreme bearishness is the passing of the black rust scare in North Dakota.

PRIEST IS INDICTED TWENTY-EIGHT TIMES.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 4.—After remaining several hours in a cell of the parish prison here, the Rev. John J. Holtgrieve, pastor of the Catholic church at Plaquemine, La., was taken back by officers to-night to that town. There the grand jury of Iberville parish to-day returned twenty-eight indictments against the priest. Four of the indictments allege criminal libel.

Upon the arrival of Deputy Sheriff W. L. Erwin from Plaquemine late to-day, Father Holtgrieve announced that he would return with the officer without protest. Two local detectives also accompanied the prisoner.

GLEASON COMES TO THAW'S AID

Former Attorney Testifies At Insanity Hearing.

Tells Why Delmas Was Employed At First Trial.

Morschauser Promises Some Surprises To-day.

JEROME RESTS HIS CASE.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 4.—The State rested in the Thaw case to-day, and from now on it devolves on Harry K. Thaw and his attorney, Charles Morschauser, to offset the testimony of the State's alienists, who have sworn without exception under cross-examination of District Attorney Jerome, that Thaw is still insane and would be a menace to the community if released from the asylum at Matteawan.

Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald was the last alienist called by the State. He was followed by John Gleason, Thaw's original legal adviser after the shooting of Stanford White. Mr. Gleason came to Thaw's aid this afternoon and cleared up a few old mysteries, sweeping away some of Thaw's apparent vagaries on which Mr. Jerome has dwelt so persistently.

Mr. Gleason's most advantageous statement, from the prisoner's standpoint, concerned the dropping of the law firm of Black, Gruber, Olcott & Bonynge and of L. L. Delaneld and the engagement of Delphin M. Delmas as chief counsel for Thaw. This had been done at his (Gleason's) orders, he said, and was not due to a whim of Thaw's.

* * *

Sensation Promised.

Through Mr. Gleason, Thaw's lawyer hopes to show that Thaw's attitude toward Stanford White was not due to delusions, as the State contends, but was prompted by what Thaw knew of White's practices. Mr. Gleason has about fifty letters, received from Thaw, which may prove one of the sensations of the hearing to-morrow if read. Mr. Morschauser tried to prove the charges against White to-day by reading parts of Evelyn Thaw's testimony at the trials. Thaw's letters to Mr. Gleason bear upon this, it is thought.

Trying to clear Thaw of another "delusion," Mr. Gleason presented a report of detectives regarding an alleged attempt on Thaw's life on the night of December 24, 1903. The wording of the document was not made public, but it was introduced to counteract the State's contention that Thaw has delusions concerning the "Monk" Eastman gang, which he believed had been engaged by his enemies to beat and perhaps kill him, and that after White's death the architect's friends entered into a conspiracy to "railroad his slayer to Matteawan."

* * *

White's Character An Issue.

If he can show that Stanford White and a number of wealthy friends did maintain several establishments where young girls were ruined, and that an attempt really was made on his client's life, Mr. Morschauser will be able to dissipate some of the "delusion" evidence of the State. He intimates that he has some surprises in store for the remaining days of the hearing, including ten lay witnesses, who may testify as to what Thaw knew of White.

To-morrow he will finish his readings from the testimony of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and certain other witnesses at the murder trials. The present plan is to have the attorneys sum up on Saturday and, if possible, finish the case this week.

* * *

Italian Creates Excitement.

The dull routine of expert testimony was jarred this afternoon by an interruption from Pietro Caporale, a wild-looking Italian, who had been hanging about the place for several hours, and who tried to force his way into the room. When the attendants refused him admission he waved a letter and demanded to see District Attorney Jerome.

"Tell Thaw they will rob him as they robbed me of my children," he yelled repeatedly.

It developed that he wanted Mr. Jerome to help him obtain the release of his little girls from the Juvenile Asylum in New York. No weapons were found on him, and after Dr. William J. Mayer, one of Thaw's experts, had pronounced him probably a harmless lunatic, the man was placed on a train and sent to New York.

"Yesterday was the best day I have had yet," said Harry K. Thaw to-day, while waiting for the continuance of the hearing on his application for discharge from the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane. Last night Thaw spent several hours with his counsel, Charles Morschauser, preparing for his rebuttal evidence that followed the testimony of the State's alienists to-day.

Thaw's attorney, it became known to-day, is getting ready to prove that his client's alleged delusions regarding Stanford White's treatment of young girls are well founded. He prepared the way for this yesterday when he had Thaw identify the affidavit of Ada G. Dickhart. This document has not been offered in evidence yet, but around it Mr. Morschauser, it is supposed, will build up the remainder of his case after he finishes cross-examination of the opposition experts.

He continued his questioning of experts this morning with Dr. Austin Flint on the stand as the first witness. Dr. Flint yesterday asserted that Thaw was a paranoiac and incurable.

* * *

Mrs. Osborn's Case.

Mr Morschauser examined the witness regarding the sanity proceedings of Mrs. Penelope Osborn, in which he appeared as an expert in May, 1907. Thaw's lawyer asserts that Dr. Flint's testimony resulted in this woman's discharge from restraint, although he classed her as a paranoiac.

The listeners began to wonder what Mr. Morschauser's purpose was when he began to talk about alum in baking powder. This was explained when he held up a can of baking powder, with the witness's signed indorsement printed on the label, and said it contained



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Diamonds Will Be Higher

This fall. An advance of 5 per cent. has already been announced by the De Beers Company and Congress has placed an additional 10 per cent. duty. We have an unusual assortment bought before the advance and will give you the advantage of an early purchase. Send for booklet on diamonds.

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alum. Dr. Flint said he knew of the existence of this exhibit.

Mr. Jerome enabled him to explain that he was employed in 1900 by a baking powder company to investigate the effects of alum in baking powder.

"I did not authorize my indorsement," he declared, "and I threatened to bring legal action if it were used."

Dr. Flint told Jerome that Mrs. Osborn's delusion was that a club existed for the purposes of killing all persons whose names ended with "ley" and that the murderer of President McKinley was a member. She told him, however, during her examination, that she was not sure she was right. Her condition, he insisted, was quite different from Thaw's.

* * *

Reached State of "Grandeur."

"Did you testify either before the sanity commission or Judge Morschauser," said Mr. Morschauser, "that Thaw in the progress of his alleged 'exaggerated ego' had reached the state of 'grandeur'?"

"I probably did," replied Dr. Flint.

Mr. Jerome then called the last of his experts, Dr. Carlos F. Macdonald, president of the New York State Commission in Lunacy.

Jerome read passages regarding paranoia from several medical authorities, these having a seeming application to Thaw, and the witness expressed his agreement. To illustrate the danger of releasing a paranoiac who concealed his delusions and had apparently recovered, Dr. Macdonald told of the case of a man of Albany, N. Y., that came under his observation.

This man had a delusion that his sister was performing certain improper acts. After trying to kill her, he was confined at the Auburn Asylum. He stayed there six months and, having declared that his delusion had vanished, was discharged. He immediately returned to Albany and killed the sister. This man is now in the State Asylum at Utica."

* * *

"Degenerate Paranoiac."

Dr. Macdonald concluded by declaring that Thaw now suffered from "paranoia of the degenerate type." By "degenerate," he explained was meant a person that has never attained the normal type. He pronounced Thaw incurable.

The witness said that the regularity of life at Matteawan might improve Thaw's condition, although it could not effect a cure. On the other hand, he said the continuance of such a life as the evidence indicated Thaw's to have been would tend to rouse into activity the delusions which have been partly veiled.

He dwelt upon the liability of the recurrence of outbreaks like that which resulted in the death of Stanford White. He characterized Thaw's manner on the witness stand at the present hearing as "frivolous," showing no proper appreciation of the importance of the proceedings or of his own position.

"He could not be legally insane," said Dr. Macdonald, "and not medically insane."

Thaw says that when he killed White he may have been "legally insane," but denies that he ever was "medically insane."

Mr. Morschauser defied the witness to specify any particular instance when Thaw on the stand was "confused" or "incoherent."

* * *

Unable To Cite Instance.

Dr. Macdonald was unable to give any such instance, but he insisted that Thaw's testimony gave him that general opinion. Recess was here taken until 1:30.

Resuming his examination at the afternoon session Mr. Morschauser asked Dr. Macdonald if an alleged paranoiac should realize that his delusions were delusions, it would not be evidence of recovery.

"Yes," said the witness, "if he were honest in acknowledging his mistake."

Thaw's attorney had the expert go on record as saying further that if those allegations of Thaw against White and his friends were substantiated he would believe that Thaw had no such delusions.

Mr. Morschauser declared that portions of Jerome's summing up at the trial upheld Thaw's charges, and said he would put the District Attorney's speech in evidence and use it in his closing argument.

"Assuming," said Mr. Morschauser, "that it is true that White and a crowd of degenerates kept the two places described by Thaw's wife for immoral purposes, would that justify Thaw in adhering to his belief?"

"It isn't true," broke in Jerome; "there is no such evidence."

* * *

Says He Has the Proof.

"I have the evidence," said Mr. Morschauser calmly, "and I'll introduce it later."

Thaw's counsel also indicated his purpose of proving the prisoner's allegations regarding the "Monk Eastman" gang, which Thaw said had been hired to "beat him up."

"What other delusions have you observed in Mr. Thaw?" asked Mr. Morschauser.

Dr. Macdonald thought a long while before he said:

"His idea that his wife might become a social leader in Pittsburg and he be Senator from Pennsylvania, as shown in the letter to his wife."

At this stage the proceedings were interrupted for several minutes by the attempts of a middle-aged Italian, who gave his name as Pietro Caprorale, of New York, to force his way into the court room to see District Attorney Jerome. He did not reach the room, for two of the court officers stopped him in the corridor and turned him over to the police.

* * *

Letters From Thaw.

Dr. Macdonald was excused and Mr. Jerome introduced two letters written by Thaw to Dennison Lion, of Pittsburg, in which Evelyn Nesbit and Stanford White were mentioned. In one Thaw said:

"I purposely conjure these prisoners."

The first, written before his marriage, spoke of "the popular baboon who really is the worst rotter in America." These letters were not used at the trial, but Jerome said he considered the handwriting and arrangement significant. Mr. Jerome announced his case closed at 3:35 o'clock.

Mr. Morschauser called as the first of his remaining lay witnesses John B. Gleason, of New York, one of Thaw's attorneys at the first trial.

FLAHERTY ELECTED.

PHILADELPHIA MAN HEADS KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

Quebec Chosen As the Next Place of Meeting By a Unanimous Vote.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 4.—James A. Flaherty, of Philadelphia, was to-day elected Supreme Knight of the national body of the Knights of Columbus.

M. H. Carmody, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was elected Deputy Supreme Knight.

This was the second day's session and the first matter taken up was the report of the committee on laws. The convention then launched into the election of officers to serve for the next two years.

James A. Flaherty, of Philadelphia, who was elected Supreme Knight, was moved up from Deputy Supreme Knight.

The office of historian of the order was created, Daniel Colwell, of New Haven, Conn., being elected to that office.

Other officers elected were:

National Secretary, W. J. McGinley, New York.

National Treasurer, D. J. Callahan, Washington, D. C.

National Advocate, J. H. Pelletier, Boston, Mass.

National Physician, Dr. E. W. Buckley, Minneapolis, Minn.

National Chaplain, the Rev. P. J. McGivney, Middletown, Conn.

National Warden, P. J. McLaughlin, Newark, N. J.

The newly-elected members of the National Board of Directors are:

Matt Mahorner, Jr., of Mobile; W. H. Gulliver, Portland, Me.; Daniel J. Griffin, New York; John A. Bowler, Sioux Falls, S. D.

Quebec was selected unanimously as the next meeting place.

CONNECTICUT REPEALS OLD-TIME "BLUE LAWS."

New Sunday Bill Goes Through Both Houses of the Legislature.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 4.—Both houses of the Connecticut Legislature to-day passed a bill repealing the so-called "blue laws" relating to Sunday observance, which forbid almost every form of recreation and secular activity. The laws, which have been seldom enforced, are relics of enactments by the law-giving body of 1722.

The new Sunday bill is short. It defines the Sunday, and prohibits all sports and secular activities "except such as are demanded by necessity and mercy, and such as are for the general welfare of the community." The penal section provides for fines and imprisonment for violation.

Under the words "general welfare of the community" Sunday baseball is probably permitted, and the advocates of the bill admit that the courts must interpret the wording in several places.

S.S.S. CURES ECZEMA, ACNE, TETTER ETC.

While Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, etc., are troubles which affect the skin, their source is far deeper than the outside cuticle. These affections are caused by irritating humors, or uratic acid in the blood. Such impurities inflame and irritate the delicate net-work of fibrous tissue which lies just beneath the surface of the outer skin, and the inflammatory discharge thus produced is forced out through the pores and glands, and is continually kept up while the blood remains infected. This exudation causes the formation of scales and crusts so often seen in Eczema, and when they are scratched off the flesh is left raw and more susceptible to other infection. It can very readily be seen then that to produce a cure the circulation must be purified and cleansed. This S. S. S. will do. It goes down to the very bottom, removes all humors and impurities, neutralizes the excessive acids of the system and in this way removes the cause of disease. Local applications can only soothe the irritation and assist in keeping the skin clean; they never produce a cure because such treatment does not reach the blood. S. S. S. restores to the thin, acrid blood all its lost properties, makes it pure and rich and enables it to nourish the skin and keep it soft, smooth and healthy. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

COFFEE WILL BE A HIGH LUXURY

When Maximum and Minimum Duties Begin.

"Free Breakfast Table" Will Vanish.

Automatic Duty of One-fourth of Drink's Value.

MORE TARIFF BILL "JOKERS."

Washington, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Owing to the maximum and minimum provision of the new tariff law, the "free breakfast table" will become a thing of the past, at least so far as coffee is concerned.

After March 31 next, when the maximum and minimum provision goes into effect, a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem will be collected upon coffee from Brazil, which furnishes over four-fifths of the coffee consumed in the United States. Brazil, it is declared, is not in a position to meet the demands for revocation of their bounty system, and accordingly the Aldrich tariff bill will automatically place a duty upon coffee of one-fourth of its value.

In discussing the matter to-day, Representative Clayton, of Alabama, said:

"The imports of coffee into the United States in 1900 amounted to 7,100,000 bags, 83 per cent. of which came from Brazil, two-thirds of which was Santos and one-third Rio.

* * *

Subject To Export Duty.

"The Brazilian coffee is subject to an export duty, and will, therefore, be subject to the maximum tariff feature of the new law, and be subject to a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem upon entering United States customhouses. The export duties are levied at the ports of Rio de Janeiro, Minas Geraes and Sao Paulo.

"In addition to these export duties, the State of Sao Paulo, in Brazil, levies an export duty of five francs per bag on all coffee and 20 per cent. ad valorem on all in excess of 9,000,000 bags during the year beginning July 1, 1908; in excess of 5,500,000 for the crop year 1909, and in excess of 10,000,000 bags during succeeding years. This tax of Sao Paulo cannot be changed, inasmuch as it forms the basis of the 'valorization scheme' by and through which the coffee of Sao Paulo is floated in the markets of the world.

* * *

Bonds Must Be Paid.

"Sao Paulo has borrowed money on the faith of this scheme, and Brazil has guaranteed the bonds issued thereunder. For this reason there is evidently a certainty that the maximum feature of the new law will raise the import price of coffee 25 per cent. after the 31st of next March. The present import price is about eight cents, which will probably go to ten cents at the date named. To this extent coffee will not be free after March 31, 1909."

* * *

More Tariff "Jokers."

Jokers in the new tariff bill are so numerous that by common consent the whole matter has been turned over to the Board of Appraisers, which will have plenty of time this summer to go over them.

One of the latest relates to the paragraph on furs, something it was probably supposed would not attract attention at this season of the year. Senator Dolliver has received a letter from the Associated Fur Trades of New York.

The following is an extract: "We have every reason to believe that the Senate schedule on furs would be adopted by the Conference Committee. To our great surprise, however, we learn that, at the last moment, an insertion has been made in Schedule N, Section 439, which frustrates the efforts of all the fur manufacturers and dealers of the United States.

"Schedule N, Section 439, reads now 'Furs dressed on the skin, not advanced further than dyeing, but not repaired, 20 per cent. ad valorem.'"

The letter declares that the insertion of the three words "But not repaired" is in the nature of a "joker," and is indignantly resented by the entire trade. It is also stated that it is denounced as absurd by the highest customs officials.

* * *

Conference Committee Deceived.

The fur dealers say that the true character of the insertion will be clearly understood when the fact is taken into consideration that nearly all skins must be slightly repaired in order to protect them from injury during the process of dyeing.

They also assert that it is plain the Conference Committee intended to place the dressed and dried skins at 20 per cent., but by the insertion of these words all skins are placed practically at 35 per cent.; hence, they maintain that the Conference Committee was deceived as to the true meaning of the words.

* * *

Distilled Spirits Report.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day issued the subjoined statement of distilled spirits in distillery and general bonded warehouses June 30, 1908, and June 30, 1909.

Months in Warehouse.	Taxable Gallons, June 30, 1908.	June 30, 1909.
Less than 12 months	42,501,128	55,778,519
More than 12 and less than 24.....	62,383,601	30,740,286
More than 24 and less than 36.....	45,201,037	53,916,659
More than 36 and less than 48.....	37,477,459	37,763,489
More than 48 and less than 60.....	20,206,562	25,884,035
More than 60 and less than 72.....	14,690,358	11,262,801
More than 72 and less than 84.....	7,921,614	9,184,266
More than 84 months	4,644,366	4,568,440
Totals.....	235,026,128	229,098,497

* * *

Will Talk About Patronage.

Before leaving for Kentucky Senator Bradley and the three Republican Congressmen will have a talk with the President on the Federal offices in the State.

With the exception of the Covington District Attorneyship, over which there is some dispute between Senator Bradley and Representative Edwards, the former wanting Laurence Walker, of Lancaster, the latter an Eleventh district man, there seems to be a perfect understanding among the appointing powers.

* * *

The Days of the Great.

Representative Keifer, of Ohio, a former Speaker of the House, was making a speech in the House to-day in which he had occasion to make reference to the "glorious past." Incidentally he mentioned six Democrats, Carlisle, Knott, McKenzie, Blackburn, Stevenson and Randall, who had taken a prominent part in House legislation. The first four are Kentuckians and Stevenson, of Illinois, is a native of Kentucky. Randall was a Pennsylvanian. Keifer sarcastically observed "That was when the Democratic party had great men in Congress."

PLUMS READY

For the Supporters of Speaker Cannon.

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS ARE EXPECTED TO-DAY

WEEKS HEAD OF POST-OFFICES AND POST ROADS.

CAUSE OF MUCH CONCERN.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Speaker Cannon is expected to announce his decision with regard to committee assignments to-morrow. That they will not be altogether satisfactory is already indicated by gossip heard about the House chamber. The selection which is expected to cause a great deal of comment, and incidentally considerable concern, is the designation of Representative Weeks, of Massachusetts, to be chairman of the Committee on Post-offices and Post Roads.

It is understood that Mr. Weeks does not favor the postal savings bank proposition, and that his attitude with regard to that legislation, which was proposed and recommended by George Von L. Meyer, of Massachusetts, formerly Postmaster General, has had some influence with Mr. Cannon in selecting Mr. Weeks for the head of the post-office committee.

* * *

Clever Coup.

Several of the Massachusetts congressional delegation look upon a plan to appoint Mr. Weeks to the head of the committee as a clever coup on the part of Senator Crane's followers to endanger the chances of the opposing factors in the coming senatorial race in their State.

The fact that Representative Gardner, of New Jersey, who would be entitled to the chairmanship of the post-office committee from the standpoint of rank of service on that committee, today for the first time voted with the rules "insurgents" and the Democrats on the urgency deficiency bill, was taken to indicate that he regards Mr. Weeks' appointment as assured.

Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts, it is said, also would be affected by the appointment of Mr. Weeks, because of his affiliation with the Lodge forces, to lose his chairmanship of the industrial arts committee. It was understood to-day that this action would be taken by the Speaker because Mr. Gardner was one of the leading "insurgents" at the opening of the present session. Representative Rodenburg, of Illinois, it is said, will succeed Mr. Gardner.

"Speaker Cannon did not try to make any bargain with me about my chairmanship," said Mr. Gardner to-day. He admitted that he understood that he would lose the Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions. "It is true, however," added Mr. Gardner, "that in conversation I have freely stated that I hoped all the insurgents would retain their chairmanships or else none of them."

* * *

Cooper May Hold On.

Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, who was also an "insurgent" against the rules, may retain the chairmanship of the Committee on Insular Affairs. It was reported to-day that President Taft had intervened with Speaker Cannon in his behalf. On the other hand, it was learned from equally reliable sources that Representative Fowler, of New Jersey, who was chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee in the last session, would lose his committee. The fate of Representative Davidson, of Wisconsin, another "insurgent," remains uncertain. He was chairman of the Committee on Railways and Canals.

* * *

Boom For Payne.

A number of the Republican "rule insurgents" have not gone back to the "reservation." The close vote last Saturday on the tariff conference report in the House showed this.

An incipient boom for Sereno E. Payne, author of the tariff bill, for Speaker of the next Congress has, in connection with this showing of "insurgent" strength, caused several of Speaker Cannon's friends to contend that "Uncle Joe" Cannon cannot afford to discipline those Republicans who hold important committee assignments in the last Congress, and who voted with the "insurgents" at the beginning of the present session.

NAMES NEWSPAPER MAN AS CHIEF OF POLICE.

Mayor Busse, of Chicago, Asks His Secretary To Take Up Work Laid Down By Shippy.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Bernard J. Mullaney, private secretary to Mayor Busse, was asked to-night by the Mayor to accept the office of Chief of Police of Chicago, which was made vacant earlier in the day by the resignation of George M. Shippy.

Chief Shippy has been out of the active work of the department for several months on account of ill health.

Mullaney has not accepted the offer, but it is thought he will do so. A special meeting of the City Council has been called for to-morrow morning to receive this and other appointments.

The threatened street car strike had a great deal to do with bringing the situation to a head. Mullaney is 39 years old. He was a political reporter on various Chicago papers for many years, later running the campaign which put Busse into office.

THE FIRST OF FOURTEEN COMPANIES TO PAY CLAIM.

Home Life of New York Turns Over Check For $6,000 To the Langham Estate.

T. Johnson Clancy, general agent in Louisville for the Home Life Insurance Company of New York, reported yesterday that the company he represents was the first of fourteen companies to make settlement to the Langham estate on account of the death of Arthur G. Langham, who was accidentally killed July 4. The claim was for $6,000.

The insurance papers was mailed in Louisville Saturday, July 31, and reached New York Monday morning, August 2. The check for the claim was written out the same day, and was paid over on August 4 to the Columbia Finance and Trust Company of Louisville.

Mexican Strike Broken.

Mexico City, Aug. 4.—The strike of the train dispatchers has been broken. The engineers and conductors have decided that the claims of the dispatchers were not upheld by facts. The strike had no effect on traffic.

BLOODHEAT

At the Water Contract Injunction Hearing.

C. H. STOLL ASKS REARRANGEMENT OF SEATS.

FEARS BLOW FROM YOUNG R. C. STOLL.

LIST OF THE STOCKHOLDERS.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The water contract injunction case again developed considerable feeling to-day, when Charles H. Stoll, representing J. H. Hostetter, and R. C. Stoll, representing Councilman James E. McFarland, clashed over the immediate possession of the stock book of the Waterworks Company.

When Secretary McCann, of the company, took the stand to testify he began to read from a typewritten list. C. H. Stoll objected, saying he demanded the record from the books. In the discussion that followed it developed that so far as Mr. McCann knows there is no book showing the information desired. Mr. Stoll insisted that the book would show what he wanted. Standing by the witness stand he picked up a book and was about to open it. R. C. Stoll was instantly on his feet and, rushing to the witness stand, he placed his hand on the book, saying: "The gentleman has no right to look at the contents of these books."

The court said to the younger Mr. Stoll he had the right to object, but that he should not attempt to take the books. Mr. Stoll then objected to the examination of the books by C. H. Stoll, who made no further effort in this direction.

* * *

Stolls In Another Clash.

Another warm colloquy followed later in the morning. C. H. Stoll asked for a rearrangement of the attorneys, and said if the court desired he would explain the request. The court asked for the explanation. Mr. Stoll said he preferred not to have "this young man" so near him, referring to R. C. Stoll, as he might be attacked personally.

"Do you mean to say you fear I would strike you?" asked the younger Mr. Stoll.

"I do," was the respone. "I have too much respect for the court and too much respect for my father and brother to do such a thing," Mr. R. C. Stoll replied.

Judge Parker then had the attorneys rearrange their seats and they were widely separated so that none of them were in immediate reach of each other.

Judge Parker then said that if the attorneys had objections to make they should make them direct to the court and should not direct them to each other.

* * *

Jail and Fines Threatened.

He said that if he had any more trouble with quibbling he was going to settle it by sending someone to jail and fines would not suffice. He said he meant to punish anyone at the bar who violated the rules he laid down. Then he told the attorneys that they should take seats and remain seated unless recognized by the court. At the beginning of the afternoon session at 2 o'clock Mr. Samuel M. Wilson presented an affidavit in the name of J. T. Slade that Judge Alexander P. Humphrey, of Louisville; Mr. R. C. Stoll, Mr. Henry T. Duncan and Mr. J. R. Bush were appearing nominally for certain set forth parties, whereas they in reality represented the waterworks company, and asked the privilege of examining the attorneys to ascertain if this was a fact.

Judge Humphrey was examined to considerable length by Mr. Wilson, but he said that he had been retained by Mr. James E. McFarland and Richard Van Derveer, who are defendants in the case. He was asked if he was representing them in their official or personal capacity. He said he was representing them in their official capacity as members of the legislative branch of the Council. Judge Humphrey admitted having been brought to Lexington as a result of a conference in Louisville between him and Messrs. H. T. Duncan and R. C. Stoll, but he disclaimed he was now representing the waterworks company.

Mr. Wilson asked Judge Humphrey many questions. Judge Parker gave the other attorneys until Thursday morning at 9 o'clock to reply.

EXTRA DIVIDEND ON TOBACCO COMMON.

Seven and One-Half Per Cent. Additional To the Quarterly Distribution of Profits.

New York, Aug. 4.—Directors of the American Tobacco Company to-day declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. and 7½ per cent. extra on the company's common stock.

JUDGE OSBORNE STOPPED

When He Began To Recite Poetry At Falmouth.

Falmouth, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—A large crowd gathered here on County Court day, as it had been announced that speakers would be here in the interest of the Burley Tobacco Society's pool.

The Hon. Claud Thomas was unable to be present, and Senator W. A. Byron, of Brooksville, took his place. He was introduced by John F. Fryer, president of the Pendleton-county board of control, and chairman of the meeting.

He spoke for over two hours, and advocated the Burley pool and laid considerable stress on the 10 per cent. reserve clause.

Judge Osborne, of Cynthiana, was present, and notwithstanding this was an appointment of the Burley Tobacco Society, asked permission to make a speech. His request was granted. He said he would meet any member of the Burley Tobacco Society except Miss Alice Lloyd in a joint debate in the courthouse in this city Thursday at 1:30 p. m. He said that what he had heard reminded him of a piece of poetry he had learned while yet going to school. This poetry he recited as follows:

I have always heard,
And by experience found,
An empty barrel
Makes the loudest sound.

Chairman Fryer at this point stopped him. Judge Osborne then picked up his hat and went out. Most of the audience went with him.

Judge Osborne will speak Thursday afternoon on the possibilities of a new contract.

Harriman's Health Continues Good.

Salsburg, Austria, Aug. 4.—The health of E. H. Harriman continues excellent. He arrived here Monday from Gasteln, but left last night for a few days' visit to Munich. While here Mr. Harriman took short walks daily, and had his meals served in the public dining-room of his hotel.

Newton Staples Passes Away.

Uniontown, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Newton Staples died here of diseases incident to old age. Mr. Staples was a native of Virginia, and came to this county from Hopkins county during the Civil War. His wife died about two years ago.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY

INCORPORATED

BULLETIN:

July 22, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: In your issue of the 21st instant you have an editorial under the headlines of "Telephone Combination and Rates," in which appears the two sentences following:

"Fifty-one per cent. of the stock in the local telephone company is owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company or some of its subsidiaries.

"It is this stock, which represents nothing except a license from the owners of patents long expired, that makes it necessary constantly to increase the rates in order that these securities may earn enough to make them attractive to the speculating or investing public of New York and the East."

I am quite sure when you penned these sentences you realized the gravity of your statements, for if such a statement was true it would leave this company and its officials in a most contemptible attitude, and unworthy of the respect or consideration of the very dogs.

A committee of your citizens, to-wit: Messrs. Marion E. Taylor, William R. Belknap, Attilla Cox, George Gaulbert and Logan C. Murray, looked into all of these questions and made a report which was exactly contrary to the statements you have made. They took time and patience, went to expense, and employed skilled people to get information for them; whereas, you have done none of these things, but have made a statement, sweeping and offhanded, exactly contrary to the report which they made. Therefore, this statement of yours is just as great a reflection upon these fellow-citizens of yours as they are upon us.

As I say, you have made this statement without any sort of an investigation, for if you had done so, even the most superficial investigation would have shown you that the statements which you have made are outrageously false in every particular. The fact then stands out that you have made a most libelous and outrageous statement without any foundation in fact.

The natural and inevitable conclusion in all such circumstances is that whoever would perpetrate such an act is utterly destitute of morality, honor or integrity. If, however, you have been imposed upon, and have been laboring under some real misapprehension, and if you do have any regard for decency and honor, you will promptly undo this slander by retracting it in as public a manner as is possible.

(Signed) JAMES E. CALDWELL,
President.

July 28, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: On the 22d instant I wrote you a letter, calling your attention to libelous statements which you had made with regard to this company, giving you an opportunity to correct the same and make the amende honorable.

I have received no reply to my letter, but instead of showing a disposition to correct this great wrong which you have done, you publish another editorial in your issue of the 27th, making statements which are grossly misleading, and all tending to do this company further damage. So that your purpose is now quite plain—that you are not trying to find the truth and state the truth, and the whole truth, but you are trying to manufacture any sort of damaging statements against this company.

Now, as we gave you an opportunity to correct your statements and make the decent amend, which you have not done, but, on the contrary, have shown a maliciousness and a disposition to inflict further harm and injury, we shall therefore give you an opportunity to prove your assertions in court. Yours truly,
JAMES E. CALDWELL, President.

July 31, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: At the time I wrote you on July 28 I had not consulted with lawyers, believing that there must be ample provision in the law for such gross wrong and malicious statements as you had been making. I am now advised by our attorneys that I am mistaken, and that we have no remedy at law against you.

While this saves you from any loss of money, it does not save you from loss of character and standing as a man, or of appearing as a coward, as it is quite plain that when you wrote these slanderous statements you did so knowing that you were not running any risk of being reached and held responsible therefor.

Any form of assassination is despicable and contemptible to all decent people, and all men of refinement and sense of honor consider commercial assassination just as vile as personal assassination, and this is what you are practicing on this company.

You were not fair enough to publish my letter of the 22d instant, and it is very probable that you will not publish this one. Yours truly,
JAMES E. CALDWELL, President

NIGHT SESSION FOR SPEECHES

(Continued From First Page.)

matter. The circular provoked general laughter in which Mr. Beveridge joined.

Senator Gamble spoke at length upon the bill. While objecting to some of its features he said that as it had met the approval of the President, and was the work of the majority party in Congress he would vote for it.

At 5:30 o'clock the Senate took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

* * *

Call For Absentees.

Some difficulty was encountered in getting a quorum at the night session. Finally at 8:40 o'clock the Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to bring in the absentees. For more than half an hour Senate employes had been telephoning to residences of Senators to induce their attendance, but with small success. In several instances the only information that could be obtained was to the effect that Senators' telephones had been "temporarily detached."

Senator Lodge entering the chamber made a quorum and the order to bring in the absentees was abrogated.

* * *

Cummins Speaks.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, was the first speaker at the evening session.

The tariff has been reduced, Mr. Cummins said, on iron and steel products more than on any other schedule in the bill. "And yet," he declared, "so far as the people who buy iron and steel are concerned, they would have been quite as well off if there had been no reduction whatever."

He attacked various schedules of the measure as affording no relief to the American consumer.

* * *

Ready For Home.

The Kentucky members are all expecting an adjournment certainly by Saturday, and are making their arrangements to leave Washington as soon as possible after the gavel falls. Representative Langley thinks the session will end Thursday night, and is so certain of it that he bet a bottle of "cologne" to-day with a fellow-legislator that it will.

Representative Sherley will go to Canada to join his family, who have been established at a delightful summer resort for the past six weeks.

* * *

Patents For Kentuckians.

Patents have been issued to Kentuckians as follows: E. B. Allen, Louisville, car truck; A. L. Cox, Elizabethtown, cover for milk receptacles; C. F. Gloystein, Henderson, manufacture of concentrated tobacco extract; A. C. Pilcher, Louisville, rivet ejector for heading machine; J. Ripberger, Bellevue, rotary motor; W. Shannon, Louisville, spring work; A. Spahn, Louisville, binder for books; R. C. and W. A. Stewart, Covington, fence-assembling apparatus; I. P. Todd, Middlesboro, car wheel; J. P. Tudor, Lexington mail-delivering apparatus; S. J. Wentworth, Newport, cement heating and distributing apparatus; A. E. Rosenberger, Pueblo, swing post and releasing iron.

* * *

Senator Bradley has recommended W. E. Clark for Postmaster at Burne, Ky.

* * *

Will Vote Against Bill.

Mr. Cummins announced his determination to vote against the bill, though he confessed the belief that it was superior to any bill framed for revenue purposes, and, so far as the schedules go, better than the Dingley law.

"I am opposed to the conference report and to the bill which it embodies because it is not such a revision of the tariff as I have expended the best years of my life in fighting for, and is not a fair and reasonable performance of the promise of our platform," he said, and added:

"This is not a court of bankruptcy, and I am not willing to accept ten cents on the dollar in discharge of the obligations of the Republican party. It always has been and is now a solvent organization, and it is not only able, but its rank and file will insist upon paying its debt in full.

"Its pledges will be redeemed at par and although the blindness of some of its leaders may at this time postpone the day of redemption, I shall await with patience, confidence and serenity the hour at which it will keep full and complete faith with the American people."

* * *

Aldrich Replies.

Challenging the statement by Mr. Cummins that there had been no substantial reduction in the bill, Mr. Aldrich declared that there had been 500 reductions of rates. It would be impossible, he said, to show that these rates were above a reasonable protective point.

Mr. Cummins, having invited the Rhode Island Senator to visit him in Iowa to help him convince the people that these rates were only high enough to bo protective, Senator Bailey suggested that when those two Senators "perform in double harness" he wished to receive an invitation to witness the event.

* * *

Experience Meeting.

Drifting into a discussion of politics, Senators Cummins, Aldrich, Bailey, Dick, Beveridge and Smith (Mich.) entered upon a sort of experience meeting concerning the political issues of 1896. Mr. Aldrich insisted that the misrepresentation of the McKinley tariff bill first caused the defeat of the Republican party and then resulted in the nomination and election of McKinley.

"It was the money question that controlled that campaign," suggested Mr. Beveridge.

"It was the absence of money that controlled it," facetiously suggested Mr. Smith, of Michigan.

"On our side," interposed Mr. Bailey.

Concluding his remarks, Mr. Cummins reiterated that he would vote against the conference report.

* * *

"Moses" Needed.

Senator Daniel, in an extended speech, renewed his complaint that he and other Democratic members of the Finance Committee had been excluded from a fair participation in the consideration of the tariff bill. He reiterated that he and his colleagues had been promised "a day" in which to cast their vote against the conference report and had been denied it by the chairman of the Finance Committee.

Mr. Daniel concluded with a general denunciation of the tariff bill, and warned the Republicans that should the right man arise to lead the Democracy, victory would be assured to that party.

At 11:42 the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HIDES AND LEATHER CHANGES.

Text of Resolution Reported By the Finance Committee.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The concurrent resolution making corrections in the leather schedule of the tariff bill was reported from the Finance Committee by Senator Aldrich to-day. This resolution changes paragraph 450 to read as follows:

Hides of cattle, raw or uncured, whether dry salted or pickled, shall be admitted free of duty.

Provided, that on and after October 1, 1909, grain, buff and split leather shall pay a duty of 7½ per cent ad valorem; that all boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather made from cattle hides and cattle skins of whatever weight, of cattle of the bovine species, including calf skins, shall pay a duty of 10 per cent. ad valorem; that harness, saddles and saddlery, in sets or in parts, finished or unfinished, composed wholly or in chief value of leather, shall pay a duty of 20 per cent. ad valorem.

This resolution will be acted upon after the conference report has been disposed of.

From the same committee, Senator McCumber reported another concurrent resolution, providing that the drawback provision of the tariff bill should not apply to oil cake manufactured from imported flax seed, and also regulating the control of bonded warehouses. Senator McLaurin, of Mississippi, offered an amendment to place cotton bagging on the free list, which Mr. McCumber said he would accept as far as he was able to do so. When asked by Senator Scott whether the committee had accepted that amendment, Senator Aldrich indicated that it had not.

NO THREATS

Made Against Pastor English, Say Ethel Citizens.

ADMIT HE WAS TOLD TO LEAVE TOWN

FOR PLACING HIS ARM AROUND NEGROES.

MOB STORY IS DENIED.

Ethel, Miss., Aug. 4.—Much indignation exists here to-day as a result of the dispatch from Cincinnati relating to the story of the Rev. Frank B. English, who claims that he was threatened with mob violence and driven out of Ethel without anything to eat. The leading citizens of Ethel admit that Mr. English was told to leave town, but say that this was not done until he was seen placing his arm around negroes and committing other acts which they believed were calculated to excite the blacks and stir up race strife.

They say that no mob was formed and that if the minister had not left when told all they would have done would have been to place him on the first train which arrived and send him away. They say no violence was threatened, but that Mr. English became frightened when approached by several of them and told that it would be best for him to leave.

Another dispatch from Holly Springs states that Mr. English told the faculty at Rust University that he would not accept the presidency of the institution because the Freedmen's Aid Society, which acts as its supervisor, would not furnish experienced teachers.

FOLLOWED CUSTOMS.

Former President of Rust Popular With All Classes.

Holly Springs, Miss., Aug. 4.—As the seat of Rust University, much interest was aroused here by the story of the Rev. Frank B. English, of Cincinnati, who was offered the presidency of Rust University and claims to have been threatened with mob violence by the citizens of Ethel, Miss. Mr. English, during a recent visit to Holly Springs, made a trip to Ethel.

Rust University is a negro institution supported by the northern branch of the Methodist church. Dr. W. W. Foster, who recently resigned, was popular with all classes throughout this section of Mississippi. In both his religious and educational work he adhered strictly to prevailing unwritten laws in connection with the white and black races.

* * *

Condition Improved.

Carlisle, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The condition of the Hon. Thomas H. Coller, Democratic nominee for County Judge of Nicholas county, who has been critically ill at his home near Headquarters for several days, is said to show some improvement and his friends express hopes of his recovery.

The Rev. Dr. Henry M. Scudder, pastor of the Carlisle and Elizaville Presbyterian churches, who has been ill for several days, is still confined to his room, but his condition is considerably improved. Dr. Scudder is nearly 80 years of age, has been a pastor for over half a century.



FAUST BRAND SPAGHETTI

The Great Summer Food

Not only is Faust Brand Spaghetti a food to *work* on, it is also a food to *play* on. No other food is so well adapted for people who go in for summer sports. Builds up—puts *tone* into the muscles, *color* into the cheeks, and *spring* into the step. Helps you "play the game," and, unlike meat, does not overheat the system. To know how *good* it is—

Try This Recipe

—it is but *one* of the many ways of serving it. In fact, Faust Spaghetti is so adaptable that it never tires its welcome. A new way every day, for any meal, any course. And so *economical* that it means food expense cut in two.

Get a package to-day. Nearly all grocers sell it. Five and ten cents a package.

Faust Spaghetti with Eggs

Mix two hard-boiled eggs chopped fine with one-fourth pound boiled Faust Spaghetti; season with salt and pepper and a little made mustard if desired; cover with milk and buttered crumbs and brown in a quick oven.



Write for book of 23 Faust Spaghetti recipes. Sent free on request.

MAULL BROTHERS, St. Louis, Mo.

NECK BROKEN

By Shot At Country Church Meeting.

HARVEY EWING KILLED AND LARKIN GIBSON WOUNDED.

NAPOLEON B. DEVARY, FORMER LUNATIC, ASSAILANT.

CANTRILL AT WINCHESTER.

Winchester, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—At Dunawey's chapel last night, where a meeting was in progress, trouble occurred between Napoleon B. Devary and Harvey Ewing, in which Ewing was shot and instantly killed, his neck being broken. Larkin Gibson was shot through the arm. Devary came to town, gave himself up and was placed in jail. He claims that Ewing attacked him with a knife and that he shot in self-defense. Devary and his mother were both sent to the insane asylum at the same time, but he was discharged as cured some months ago.

INDORSES BURLEY PLEDGE.

Harrison County Equity Union Condemns Discord In Society.

Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The first American Society of Equity Union to indorse the Burley Tobacco Society pledge in Harrison county was Beaver Valley Local Union No. 2934, which adopted the following resolutions:

First—We unanimously indorse our precinct chairman and county board of control, also the district board of the Burley Tobacco Society.

Second—We unanimously indorse the pooling pledge as presented by the Burley Tobacco Society and earnestly urge that each member secure a thorough and comprehensive understanding of it and we recommend it to you as being fair and equitable to each grower of Burley tobacco.

Third—To the discordant leaders of American Society of Equity, we would say stop sowing seed of discord, pull off your coats and help pool the 1909 crop. Then urge upon the people the necessity of going to the voting place in each precinct the last Saturday in September and elect the best member in your precinct to represent you and you leaders remember if this pool fails through your false teaching that the wrath of the people will be on your heads forever.

J. C. LIGHT,
HERBERT WYLES,
Committee.

The board of control of the Burley Tobacco Society of Harrison county is authority for the statement that the pledging of the 1908 crop of tobacco is progressing far beyond the expectations of the most hopeful. There is no friction between the American Society of Equity and the Burley Society in this county, 423 acres out of 448 having been signed in a precinct having the strongest American Society of Equity union in the county. Many farmers have pledged this year who never signed before.

TRIAL CONTINUED.

Dan Carr, Charged With Murder, Returned To Lexington Jail.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The trial of Dan Carr, colored, accused of the murder of Hal Denny, a prominent white man of Burgin, was to-day continued until the regular term of Circuit Court in October. When the case, called at the special session of court convened yesterday by Judge Bell for the purpose of investigating the killing of Denny, a special grand jury was impaneled, and it returned an indictment against Carr. A petit jury of thirty men was summoned to make up the trial jury. Carr, who has been in the Fayette county jail for safekeeping since his arrest, following the death of Denny, was brought to Harrodsburg this morning to stand trial. Denny was shot on the streets of Burgin about two months ago and died ten days later. He identified Carr as the one who shot him. Carr was arrested and was later ordered to the Lexington jail, as it was believed that an attempt would be made to take him from the jail here and lynch him. He was returned to Lexington this afternoon.

RESCUED PLAYMATE.

Young Girl Goes Down In Well On Bucket.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 4.—Descending in an old oaken bucket to the bottom of a fifty-foot well on the farm of her mother, Mrs. Nannie Hall, near Paris, Beulah Hall, a fifteen-year-old heroine, rescued her playmate, Virginia Cherry, from a watery grave. While playing near the surface the Cherry girl fell in the well, containing fifteen feet of water. Summoning farm hands, Miss Hall was lowered in a bucket, grasped the child, and, clinging to the chain, was drawn to the surface. The child was uninjured.

Banker Trigg's Annual Outing.

Glasgow, Ky., Aug. 4.—One of the jolliest camping parties leaving Glasgow this season was that of the Hon. H. C. Trigg, the veteran banker, and W. L. Porter, an attorney, who left Glasgow for Metcalfe county on their annual outing to-day. Mr. Trigg will camp out, and went prepared for a month's outing, taking with him tents, cooking utensils, provisions and last, but not least, about twenty fox-hounds.

Mr. Trigg has in his party his daughters, Mrs. John W. Vreeland, of Louisville; Mrs. J. W. Kruger, of New York, and his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Alanson Trigg. Mr. Trigg will keep open house and will entertain many of his friends from Louisville and other cities during his month's stay in the hills. The party will spend the time hunting the fox, fishing and bathing.

ELKS' SUITS COMPROMISED.

Report That Wreck Damages Have Been Agreed Upon.

Newport, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The twenty suits filed against the Louisville and Nashville railroad some months ago by members of the Newport Lodge of Elks will be withdrawn within the next few days. They were for damages sustained in a wreck last January. A compromise has been agreed upon, it is said, and the plaintiffs will get approximately $1,500. Their suits were for twice the sum.

$7,000 Fire In Mayfield.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 4.—Fire at 2 o'clock this morning, originating in the chemical room of R. E. Brelsford's photograph gallery, caused a loss of $7,000 or more.

The gallery, which was upstairs in the Creason building, the latter owned by the Graves County Bank and Trust Company, was a total loss. The Elks' lodge was among the heavy sufferers.

Water did considerable damage to the offices of Attorney Peter Seay, Dr. J. H. Shelton, Attorney W. C. Hale, Dr. J. D. Pryor, the First National Bank and the Graves County Bank and Trust Company.

The insurance will cover most of the losses.

Annual Sunday-School Convention.

Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The Inter-Denominational Sunday-school Association of Harrison county held their annual convention at the Presbyterian church at Broadwell. The officers elected were: H. C. Chinn, of Leesburg, president; Dr. I. B. Best, of Cynthiana, secretary, and James H. Cannon, of Boyd, vice president.

Those who delivered addresses were: The Rev. W. G. Vaughn, field secretary of the State organization of the Inter-Denominational Sunday-school Association; Prof. T. A. Hendricks, C. T. Eales, H. L. Peterson, the Rev. W. E. Ellis, of Cynthiana, and the Rev. J. W. McClure, of Broadwell. The next meeting will be held at Boyd.

Campbell Republican Primary.

Newport, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The active members and committeemen of the Republican party of Campbell county got together to-night and agreed upon a primary election to be held Saturday, September 18, at which time the candidates for the local ticket will be selected.

The plans for the primary will be in the hands of a committee consisting of Theodore Marz, William L. Lohstroh, William Krinn, of Newport; Charles Hake of Bellevue, and Charles Conklin, of Ft. Thomas.

Winners At Clark Fair.

Winchester, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The second day of the Clark County Fair to-day was well attended. The show of stock was good and some of the best horses in the State were entered. A heavy rain this afternoon caused a postponement of a portion of the programme until to-morrow. Among the winners for the day were J. R. Feagen, of Brooksville; Collins & Redmond, R. S. McCrary and Jones Bros., of North Middletown, and S. R. Burnes.

Arrested As Family Joined Him.

Elkton, Ky., Aug. 4.—Milt Shackelford, alleged to be wanted in Barren county to answer a charge of horse-stealing, was arrested here by Constable Cox, of Barren county, who had followed Shackelford's wife and two little children, who came to join the husband and father on a farm near town, where he has been working several months. Shackelford was at the station when the train bearing the officer and his family arrived.

Died From Apoplexy.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 4.—Julian G. Hord, aged fifty-eight years, suffered a stroke of apoplexy this morning in his grocery store. He was found unconscious on the floor by a salesman and taken to his residence, where he died in less than an hour.

He had been a successful business man here many years. A widow and four children survive him. He was a member of the Universalist church and president of the Kentucky Universalist Association.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS NAME STATE TICKET.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 4.—The Democratic State Convention was held here to-day. Perfect harmony prevailed. The following ticket, to be voted for in November, was nominated:

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—C. Larue Munson, of Williamsport.

State Treasurer—Former Congressman George W. Kipp, Towanda.

Auditor General—J. Wood Clark, Indiana, Pa.

IMPORTED DRESS PATTERNS

At prices below cost. Embroidered Dresses reduced from $40 to $25.

SUMMER HOUSEFURNISHINGS

Table Covers, Cushions. Correct Stamping for Embroidery done.

THE ARTS AND CRAFTS CO. *The Misses Bruce.*

Opposite Post-office. (Incorporated.)

GOOD PROGRAMMES

CONTINUE TO DRAW GREAT CROWDS TO CHAUTAUQUA.

Assembly At Glenwood Park One of the Most Successful Ever Held There.

The Schubert male quartet, Miss Gertrude Canfield, reader; Lincoln F. McConnel, lecturer, the moving pictures and other equally interesting features make up the Glenwood Chautauqua programme for this afternoon and evening. This has been designated "Lincoln Day" in memory of the martyred President. The work of Miss Canfield is of such a character as to recommend her to the most favorable consideration of the public. She was heard at the Chautauqua two years ago, when she made a most favorable impression. Miss Canfield adds to her talent as a reader an engaging personality, which is a big help to her in platform work.

Lincoln McConnel will be head this evening in his new lecture, "What Man Is Free?" Mr. McConnel has made over 4,000 public addresses in the past four years and everywhere that he has gone the tributes to his ability have been sincere and emphatic. It is said of him that "his audiences laugh or cry as he wills," though they laugh more than they cry, for, to quote Mr. McConnel, "the world has enough to cry over without my adding to it." His latest lecture is a searching investigation of the boasts of liberty "within and without ourselves."

The character of the music provided this year by the Chautauqua Association has been one of the features of the assembly and in securing the Schubert male quartet it is not believed that any mistake was made. On the occasion of the notable dinner in Chicago, during the campaign, to Secretary Taft and Mr. Bryan this quartet was engaged to furnish the music. Such an engagement is considered by the management a sufficient indorsement of their ability, not only to sing, but to please.

WORK ON TYLER HOTEL TO BE STARTED IN FEW DAYS.

Handsome Structure of 150 Rooms To Be Erected At Cost of More Than $200,000.

Work on the proposed new Tyler Hotel, which will occupy a site on the northeast corner of Third avenue and Jefferson street, likely will begin in a few more days, according to Owen Tyler, trustee for the Tyler estate, who advises that he has directed McDonald & Dodd, architects, to complete the specifications. The plans for the structure have already been drawn, and when the hotel is finished and ready for occupancy, possession will be given to Nic Bosler, proprietor and manager of the Bosler Hotel at Second and Jefferson streets, a long-term lease having been secured.

According to Mr. Tyler, the hotel will be seven stories high and will have 150 rooms. It will cost more than $200,000, and in Mr. Tyler's opinion will be finished by April 1 of next year. At least, every effort will be made to expedite matters with regard to the construction, so that the new hotel can be opened with as little delay as possible.

LIGHTNING STRIKES TENNESSEE CAPITOL.

Gov. Patterson Has Narrow Escape When Bolt Follows Telephone Wire.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 4.—Lightning struck the flagstaff on the Capitol this afternoon and Gov. Patterson had a narrow escape from injury. The Governor had just hung up the receiver of the telephone when the crash came. Fire flashed from the telephone at his side, knocking several letters from his hand.

Thomas Harris, a traveling man, was using the telephone in the Agricultural Department and was knocked fifteen feet but not seriously injured. Consternation prevailed for a time in the Capitol building.

OFFICIALS OF SOUTHERN STOPPING AT SEELBACH.

Fairfax Harrison and C. H. Ackert, vice presidents of the Southern Railway Company, accompanied by their private secretaries, arrived here last night from Washington and registered at The Seelbach. Mr. Harrison, who is recognized as one of the leading railroad authorities in the country as head of the legal and financial department of the Southern railroad, states that he and Mr. Ackert are not here to effect any changes of importance in this territory. Mr. Ackert is head of the transportation and operating department and will remain here a day or so with Mr. Harrison.

FIRE EXTINGUISHED IN TUNNEL AFTER LONG FIGHT.

Bedford, Ind., Aug. 4.—The fire that has raged in the Owensburg tunnel since Sunday night was extinguished last night, though not until many of the supports were destroyed. The inability of the company to cope with the flames was from the lack of water pressure and from the fact that large cavities over the roof of the tunnel had been filled with cordwood. No trains have passed through the tunnel since the fire, and all trains are going by the way of Wallace Junction and Victoria. It will take some time to get the tunnel into shape to be used.

Delegation To Versailles Fair.

Local organizations to-morrow will send representative delegations to Versailles, to participate in the celebration of Louisville day at the Versailles Fair. Members of the Louisville Board of Trade and the Commercial Club will get together some time to-day and arrange for the departure to-morrow.

WORLD WEARY

Charles Johnson Shoots Himself Through Temple.

DESPONDENT OVER RECENT LOSS OF POSITION.

BROODED, ALSO, BECAUSE OF ABSENCE OF WIFE.

CORONER VIEWS THE BODY.

Grieving over the fact that his wife had gone to Dixon, Ky., to visit relatives and brooding over his loss of position, Charles Johnson, a barber, committed suicide yesterday morning at about 11 o'clock by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver at the home of Mrs. Lizzie Spath, a friend of the family.

His wife left a week from last Monday to visit relatives at Dixon, Ky. Johnson consented to her going, but last week sent a telegram addressed to his wife at Dixon, Ky., asking her to come home, as he was lonesome without her. The telegram was returned to him unopened and with the information that his wife could not be found at Dixon.

Johnson imagined that his wife had left him and started to drinking. Yesterday morning at about 11 o'clock he went to the home of Mrs. Lizzie Spath, a friend of the family, and began to tell his troubles to her and her daughter, Mrs. Carrie King. When seen yesterday afternoon Mrs. King said:

* * *

Fond of His Wife.

"We have known Mr. Johnson for seven or eight years and he seemed like one of the family to us. He was very fond of his wife, but imagined that she did not love him and that she would leave him. This was foolishness, as Mrs. Johnson thought the world of her husband. This morning at about 11 o'clock Mr. Johnson came to our house. Although he had been drinking, we were glad to see him, as we always were. He told us about sending a telegram to his wife and that it had been returned unopened to him with the information that she was not in Dixon. He also said that he had lost his position and that he was going away.

"We tried to cheer him up, and I offered to fix him some lunch. While we were talking the telephone bell rang and my mother went upstairs to answer it. She could not understand the party on the line and called for me to come upstairs. I went up to the telephone and my mother stayed downstairs. As I was talking over the telephone I heard a shot and rushed down into the reception hall, where we had left Mr. Johnson. He was still sitting in the chair with a smoking revolver clutched in his right hand. We immediately notified Dr. J. T. Bryant, but Mr. Johnson only lived a few minutes after his arrival."

Mrs. Lizzie Spath corroborated her daughter's story. In brief she said:

"While we were talking to Mr. Johnson the telephone bell rang and I went upstairs to answer it. I cannot hear over a telephone, so I called my daughter. I started to go down to the reception hall, where we had left Mr. Johnson, and on looking through the banisters I saw him with a revolver up to his head. I involuntarily cried out and Mr. Johnson pulled the trigger."

* * *

Lost His Position.

Mr. Johnson had been employed at the Walter Bros.' barbershop at Floyd and Market streets. His home was on Jefferson street, near Brook street. He came to Louisville about four years ago from Salem, Ind., and married Miss Clara Martin, of Louisville. A brother, R. W. Johnson, lives at 705 West Market street. In one of Johnson's pockets was found the following note:

"Mrs. Charles Johnson—My Dear Wife: I have just got to drinking. I wish you had stayed with me. Notify my brother, 705 West Market. So good-bye.

"(Signed) CHARLES T. JOHNSON."

Coroner Grove was called and gave a verdict of death from shooting with suicidal intent. The body was removed to the undertaking establishment at 1231 West Market street.

Mrs. Johnson's brother, Alex Martin, of 134 East Jefferson street, left last night for Dixon, Ky., to find Mrs. Johnson and inform her of her husband's death. The funeral arrangements will not be completed until they arrive home.

BRIBERY CHARGES

FLY FAST ON NIGHT BEFORE INDIANAPOLIS PRIMARY.

Extra Police Sworn In In Effort To Prevent Disorders At the Polls To-day.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Charges of attempted bribery and the use of other corrupt influences, including the wholesale purchase of negro votes in to-morrow's primary, are so circumstantial to-night that the chief of police has appointed a force of 135 men to be constantly at the polls from the opening to the close. The race between W. N. Harding and Lew Shank for Mayor, on the Republican ticket, is particularly warm.

The Republican city chairman has revised his entire list of judges and clerks, and, because the City Council appointed Harding inspectors, has appointed Shank judges and clerks. In some of the precincts Harding will have no representatives on the boards.

In the negro wards the saloons have been crowded all day with the workers for Harding and Shank, and both sides have been spending money lavishly in the quest for votes. A member of one of the boards in the Eleventh ward reported to-day that he had been offered $20 for twenty-five votes for Harding in his precinct, $75 for fifty votes, and was told that he might name his price for 150 votes. He was asked to put the Harding ballots in the ballot-box before the voting began, but he declined to do so.

Fraudulent ballots are said to be in circulation to-night, and it is expected that there will be trouble in a number of precincts to-morrow. The Harding Republicans are planning to help Clarke, and Democrats are helping Harding by voting at both primaries. There is a great deal of feeling throughout the city, and the situation is regarded by many as a disgrace and a menace to a free ballot.

BOLIVIA WITHDRAWS HER CHARGE D'AFFAIRES.

Santiago, Chile, Aug. 4.—The Bolivian Charge d' Affaires to Chile has been recalled. This action was taken at the request of the Chilean Government, which claimed that the charge made inexact statements in telegrams to his Government concerning the attitude of Chile in the dispute between Peru and Bolivia.

STOCKHOLDERS APPROVE REORGANIZATION PLANS.

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 4.—A meting of the stockholders of the Seaboard Air-Line railway was held here to-day, presided over by Judge L. R. Watts, of Portsmouth, Va. The adjustment plan incident to the company's reorganization was approved, as were the authorizing of the new refunding mortgage to secure the issue, not to exceed $125,000,000 of funding bonds and of the new mortgage securing an issue not to exceed $25,000,000 of adjustment bonds.

Smiths Grove Celebration.

Smith's Grove, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—This city is to have a gala day Friday, August 6. Speeches, ball games, automobile races, float pageants and harness racing are on the programme.

MOVING DAY

At the White House Executive Offices.

FURNITURE BEING SHIPPED TO SUMMER CAPITOL.

PRESIDENT HAS MANY CALLERS FROM THE HILL.

TARIFF BILL ON THE PRESS.

Washington, Aug. 4.—President Taft spent several busy hours to-day with a host of congressional callers, among whom were eleven Senators and twenty-three Representatives. It also was "moving day" in the executive offices, several vanloads of office furniture, fittings and letter files being shipped by express to Beverly, Mass., where the summer executive offices will be located in the Board of Trade building. The office force will not leave Washington until the President goes. His departure naturally is contingent upon the adjournment of Congress.

Secretary Fred W. Carpenter and Assistant Secretary Rudolph Forster will accompany the President to Beverly. The White House offices will be left in charge of Assistant Secretary Wendell W. Mischler.

Among the Senators who saw the President to-day were Messrs. Crane, Lodge, Burrows, Stephenson, Smoot, Guggenheim, Stone, Newlands, Bacon, Smith, of Michigan, and Daniel. The twenty-three Representatives came from practically every section of the country.

Representative Slemp introduced to the President Capt. W. P. Kent, the Republican nominee for Governor of Virginia. The President has promised to ask several of his Cabinet officers to assist the Republicans in Virginia by making speeches during the campaign.

The President will stop in Macon, Ga., November 4 to attend the State Fair, and promised also to make a stop in Florence, S. C., November 8, if the schedule could be arranged.

PRINTED ON PARCHMENT.

Bill Ready Except Pages Likely To Be Changed.

Washington, Aug. 4.—With a view of hastening the hour of the signing of the Payne tariff bill, the Government printing office has nearly every page of the measure printed on parchment so that it can be submitted for the signature of the Speaker, the Vice President and the President almost as soon as Congress has finally agreed to it. Only the pages likely to be changed by the concurrent resolution of the two Houses, it is said, remain to be printed. It is estimated that within thirty minutes after the final action of Congress the measure will be ready for signature by the officials making it law.

Aerodrome Open To Aviators.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The Government aerodrome which is to be placed at the disposal of Wilbur Wright for the purpose of training Lieuts. Lahm and Foulois in the manipulation of the Wright aeroplane purchased by the Government, is to be thrown open for the use of any aviators who desire to conduct experiments. This decision was reached to-day by Gen. James Allen, chief signal officer of the army. The field has an area of 160 acres and is considered the best place in the vicinity of Washington for aviation purposes.

Little is to be done with the army dirigible this summer. The attention of the aeronautical division of the signal corps will be given almost entirely to the Wright aeroplane during the summer and autumn months.

France Decorates Dr. Wiley.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Because of the part he played in connection with the international exposition held in Bordeaux, France, in 1907, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, has had conferred on him by the President of France the Cross of Knights of the Legion of Honor. It will be necessary for Dr. Wiley to obtain authority from Congress to accept the decoration.

Dickinson Invites Taft.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 4.—Secretary of War J. M. Dickinson to-day telegraphed to President Taft urging him to include Memphis in his Southern tour this fall. Secretary Dickinson's message to the President stated that the city authorities, the representative bodies and the public at large are earnest in extending the invitation to President Taft.

PLANS FOR NATIONAL NEGRO LEAGUE MEETING.

Arrangements for the meeting of the National Negro Business League, which convenes in this city two weeks hence, are rapidly taking definite shape.

D. L. Knight, president of the local league, reports that large delegations of negro men and women, representing the wealth, intelligence and industrial pursuits of the race, from all parts of the United States will be present. Albert S. White, as chairman of the executive committee, has completed, through his committee, all of the arrangements for places of meeting.

The business sessions of the league will be held at the colored Methodist church, on Chestnut street between Eighth and Ninth streets, beginning at 10 a. m. August 18. Macauley's Theater has been secured for the night of that day, at which time Booker T. Washington, president of the national body, and others will deliver addresses.

On the following day the visitors will be given an outing in the afternoon, and at night at Riverview Park.

On Friday night a banquet will be given at Liederkranz Hall, Sixth and Walnut streets. Good music is made a feature of the entertainment at all the national meetings of the league.

The Louisville Choral Society, of which N. R. Harper, the colored attorney, is president and director, has been chosen to furnish the singing for the occasion. The songs will consist chiefly of choruses and anthems written by negro composers.

GOVERNOR INTERFERES WITH BOXING AT TERRE HAUTE.

Terre Haute, Ind., August 4.—[Special.]—Gov. Marshall has written to Sheriff Welsh to take extra precautions against prize fights in this county, and especially warns him against the efforts of the pugs to slip away to remote places in the county to have fights. The Governor had announced that he would act through the Judge of the court and the letter to the Sheriff, therefore, was a surprise. The Governor intimates that the recent bout of Marvin Hart and Mike Schreck was not a boxing match, within the meaning of the law, but a slugging match. The Shelburn Club has been trying to arrange for a bout between Schreck and Jack McGann, the latter the Indianapolis man, who made a good showing with Stanley Ketchel at Pittsburg, but Sheriff Walsh remarks that he does not believe there will be any more bouts, which, coming from the man he is known to be, is a word to the wise.

MAYOR IS ASKED TO WELCOME METALWORKERS.

Al Bourlier, chairman of the committee on arrangements of the Association of Metal Workers, has requested Mayor James F. Grinstead to deliver the address of welcome at the opening of the national convention here next Wednesday. The sessions of the convention will be held at the Galt House. The convention probably will be attended by over 5,000 metal workers.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY

INCORPORATED

BULLETIN:

WHEREAS, The Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, Kentucky, through its Board of Directors, has taken up the question of telephone rates to be charged by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company in the City of Louisville; and,

WHEREAS, It is the desire of both the Board of Trade and the Telephone Company that the rates charged shall be fair and equitable, and shall be adjusted in accordance with proper business principles.

THEREFORE, It is mutually agreed as follows:

FIRST—The Board of Trade, through its Board of Directors, has appointed a committee of citizens, consisting of George Gaulbert, Attilla Cox, William R. Belknap, Marion E. Taylor and Logan C. Murray, who, acting as a committee representing the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, and the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, shall investigate fully the facts and determine what shall be reasonable and fair rates to be charged telephone users in the City of Louisville by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, for a period of three years, beginning the first day of July, 1907; and at the end of this period, at the instance of either the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, or the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, another committee of five shall be selected in like manner, who shall determine the rates to be charged for another three years, under like conditions and terms as specified in this contract.

SECOND—The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company hereby binds itself to abide by the report of said committee and agrees to put into effect on the first day of July whatever rates said committee shall determine to be fair and equitable both to the company and its patrons; and maintain the same for a period of three years; and the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company further agrees and binds itself in the event the rates determined by said committee shall be less than the rates now charged, to refund to its patrons all amounts it may have collected between January 1 and July 1, 1907, from its patrons in excess of the rates in force on March 31, 1907. AND THE DIRECTORS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE HEREBY OBLIGATE THEMSELVES TO ABIDE BY AND RECOMMEND WHATEVER RATES SAID COMMITTEE SHALL DETERMINE TO BE FAIR AND EQUITABLE, AND AGREE TO USE THEIR INFLUENCE TO PROTECT SAID RATES IN ALL REASONABLE AND PROPER WAYS DURING SAID PERIOD OF THREE YEARS.

THIRD—The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company further agrees that it will afford said committee all the assistance desired by it in determining what rates shall be charged; and to this end, agrees that all of its books, accounts, vouchers, receipts and other papers shall be freely exhibited to said committee or its representatives, and agrees that no fact or paper of any kind or description in its possession, or under its control, shall be withheld from said committee; but, on the contrary, shall be exhibited to said committee or its representatives at all times during the investigation to be made by said committee.

And it is further agreed that all reasonable and proper opportunity shall be afforded the committee to make its investigation, and the company to submit facts and arguments and full opportunity shall be given to both parties to fully investigate any fact or circumstance that may be developed and which either party may wish to verify or explain—it being the purpose and intention of this agreement to avoid all technicalities and to ascertain the real truth in justice both to the Company and its patrons.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, This agreement has been signed on this, the 18th day of April, 1907, by the president of the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, Kentucky, for the directors of said Board of Trade; and, by the president of the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, for and on its behalf.

THE BOARD OF TRADE OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
(Seal) By W. W. HITE, President.
CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
By JAMES E. CALDWELL, President.

Expenses Incurred by the Louisville Board of Trade in Investigating Rates of the CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

May 20-29, 1907—For services W. J. Munster, extracting financial condition and earnings of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co., and of the Louisville division of said company, with sundry other information for the committee as per agreement	$250 00
Railroad, Cincinnati to Louisville and Nashville, including parlor car	$10 00
Hotel, Louisville, May 20, and meals	4 50
Hotel, Nashville, May 20-29, and meals	36 00
Railroad, Nashville to Cincinnati, $9.00; sleeper, $2.00; porter, 25c	11 25
June 11, 1907—Fare to Louisville and return, $7.00; sleeper and return, $3.00; porter, 50c	10 50
Breakfast and supper in Louisville	1 10—$ 73 35
Total expense	$323 35

Received of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co. $323.35, to cover expense of investigating committee selected by the Board of Trade to investigate the rates charged for service in the City of Louisville.

LOUISVILLE BOARD OF TRADE,
(Signed) By James F. Buckner, Jr.,
September 12, 1907. Superintendent.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16, 1907.

Gentlemen:

The undersigned, a special committee appointed by the Board of Trade and accepted by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company as a committee to investigate as to what constitutes a fair and reasonable rate for the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company to charge for its SERVICE IN THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE, now beg to report:

First—After considering the subject carefully and ascertaining all the facts bearing on it which could be obtained from trustworthy sources, notably by sixteen meetings held at Board of Trade rooms, beginning April 3; by frequent personal conferences with the officers and more expert employes of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, and by a thorough examination of the books and accounts of said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, at the hands of an expert accountant, selected by the committee, viz., W. J. Munster, of Cincinnati, we find that the average net yield to said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company from its investment in the city of Louisville, since it acquired ownership of the Louisville property seven years ago, has been but 4.14 per cent. per annum.

Second—That the rates for telephone service in the city of Louisville proposed and put into effect by said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company March 1, 1907, are proper and reasonable, because they will not yield to said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company more than a fair and equitable earning on its investments in the city of Louisville.

Third—The committee further declares that the rate or rates for the various classes of telephone service in the city of Louisville put into effect by said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company March 1, 1907, should be maintained as a rate for such service for the three years beginning July 1, 1907.

This report is predicated on the promise and agreement of the company to give the best possible service to its subscribers and to most approved devices and appliances for the transmission of messages. Respectfully submitted,

MARION E. TAYLOR, Chairman;
WILLIAM R. BELKNAP,
ATTILLA COX,
GEORGE GAULBERT,
LOGAN C. MURRAY.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 16, 1908.—President and Directors Louisville Board of Trade—Gentlemen: The special committee provided for by resolution of the Board of Directors, August 26, 1908, to make investigation as to the complaint of Mr. C. M. Bullitt that the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company was unfairly raising its rates for service in this city, and was discriminating in rates amongst its patrons, etc., have to report that they have carefully made inquiry as to the facts and have failed to find a single instance in which said telephone company has charged a rate for any of the various classes of telephone service other than was determined by the old committee of the Board of Trade (which agreement was to determine the rate for a term of three years) in its report submitted to the Board of Directors of the Board of Trade September 4, 1907, nor have we found any discrimination as between patrons except that the increase in rates allowed by the old committee was not made by the telephone company to apply to all patrons at the same time, for the reason, as stated by the company, that there were outstanding contracts between the company and its patrons which expired at different times, and for the further reason that it was not feasible for the company to at once so alter its rules as to make the new rates apply to all patrons at the same date.

In regard to whether the rates determined upon by the old committee, under the agreement entered into between the Board of Directors and the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company in April, 1907, are fair and reasonable, your committee have only to say that the old committee appears to have made a most thorough investigation of the whole subject, their inquiry extending through five months, during which time they held sixteen meetings; had before them for interrogation officers and employes of the Telephone Company, and others, and the assistance of a high-grade expert accountant employed by the committee, and we have nothing before us on which we can base an opinion that the old committee erred in its conclusion.

Your committee desires to call your attention to the fact that under the agreement with the Telephone Company, the rates fixed by the old committee were to stand for three years from July 1, 1907, and that about one-half of that time has now expired. If at the expiration of the full period of three years it is found that the profits of the Telephone Company, after careful and economical conducting of its business, have been greater than should be allowed, the rates and charge for the future can be intelligently adjusted.

We ask that this report be received and filed, and that the committee be discharged. Respectfully submitted,

MARION E. TAYLOR, Chairman;
WILLIAM R. BELKNAP,
LOGAN C. MURRAY,
HARDY BURTON,
CHARLES EARL CURRIE.

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
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Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS. but return postage must be included.

THURSDAY.......AUGUST 5, 1909

"Business."

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 4.—The New York stock market was less active and moved irregularly with a firm tone, final prices showing changes limited to small fractions.

Money on call was easy at 1½ to 2 per cent., with the ruling rate 1¾. Time loans were strong at 2½ to 4. Sterling exchange was weak.

Glowing reports from the Northwest caused wheat to continue on the downturn in the Chicago market, final prices being ¼c to ⅜c lower. December dropped to 99¼c, the first quotation under a dollar for a long time. Corn declined ⅛c to 1⅛c anu oats finished weak. Provisions were steady.

After opening steady at an advance of 5 points to a decline of 1 point the cotton market became demoralized and declined very rapidly, recovered some of the decline, but closed 12 to 22 points net lower.

The Chicago cattle market was strong to a shade higher, the sheep market steady and the hog market 5c higher.

Glasgow's "Death Well."

The discovery that the famous sulphur well in Court Square at Glasgow is polluted with the germs of typhoid fever calls attention once more to the danger that lies in the consumption of water from wells or springs so situated as to receive improper drainage. In a Glasgow dispatch it is stated that sewage disposed of in discarded wells and sinkholes is believed to have caused the contamination of the sulphur well.

As the germs of typhoid fever are readily discoverable by analysis a well once polluted is not necessarily a permanent source of danger. If the cause of its receiving bad drainage can be discovered the remedy may be applied. An ordinance regulating the disposition of sewage might perhaps restore the Glasgow well to good repute. In the meantime many persons are inconvenienced, to say nothing of those who drank the water for its medicinal properties and discovered its poison only when they were stricken with disease.

The comfortable old-fashioned "don't worry" theory that a well must be pure because the stream filters through stone and earth in a healthful country is as obsolete as the idea that water purifies itself in running 100 feet. It has been demonstrated that the typhoid germ is something of a traveler in the waters under the earth. Deposits of filth in abandoned wells or sinkholes which may communicate under ground with wells in use are a menace to the health of a community.

Typhoid fever is sometimes called a country disease because neglect of sanitary precautions, coupled with the general use of wells and springs for drinking purposes, gives the germ its golden opportunity in rural districts. It is a city disease where the general water supply is impure, or in such sections as use polluted wells. It is everywhere preventable by the use of proper precautions. It costs much less for a family to find out whether the drinking water is pure than to foot the bills incidental to one case of fever, yet experience demonstrates that there are few persons who will take reasonable precautions, and every municipality should have, and enforce, ordinances prohibiting the reckless scattering of filth. While sanitary measures can hardly be expected to keep wells pure in cities of considerable size, their rigid enforcement might do much in that direction in small towns.

When the origin of typhoid infection is considered the wonder is that there are so few individuals who will exert themselves to guard against taking the germs into their system, not only because the disease is deadly, but also because cleanliness approaches godliness, and because filth is, or should be, abhorrent even when unaccompanied by an element of danger. The error as to the Glasgow sulphur well was natural enough, but many families persist in trusting to luck and using wells which are known to be impure.

The Wrath of Thetus Sims.

Thetus Wilrette Sims, of Tennessee, comes down like a thousand of brick on the proposed appropriation of certain sums of money to provide Speaker Cannon and Vice President Sherman with motor cars. He does not regard the question of whether these two statesmen ride or walk one to be brought up in an urgent deficiency bill. He does not believe that there is any urgent need for a motor car in the case of either gentleman, or that there is any deficiency in the pocketbook of either.

Everyone is conversant with Mr. Sims' course in Congress. Everyone recalls how he fought like one of the Light Brigade against motor cars running at high rates of speed in Washington, causing distinguished gentlemen from the rural districts to hop about like jack rabbits in the public eye. Everyone must have known that the bill to put our pampered officials into upholstered motor cars and haul them here and there at the expense of the humble, would have called forth his ire and his eloquence. The expected, which is said to happen rarely, has happened in this instance.

But why get overheated about so small a matter? Pretty nearly every industry is heavily subsidized under the tariff bill now in the making. Why not subsidize the infant industry of sitting upon the lid in the House and suppressing other than subsidy legislation? Why not grant a subvention to the Vice President for lifting and letting fall the gavel in the Senate while Nelson B. Aldrich makes our laws, carefully editing out of bills that come from the House such matter as might be expensive or offensive to corporate interests?

The tail goes with the hide. Let Mr. Cannon and Mr. Sherman have a brace of motor cars. When their chauffeurs go joy riding and smash the cars let them have another pair. What's a drop in the bucket anyway?

Chang-Yen-Chun's Invitation.

Viceroy Chang-Yen-Chun, who strongly advocates closer relations between China and America, paused in Hong Kong the other day to tell the resident correspondent of the New York Herald that he proposed to encourage the use of machinery in China, and he hoped that the United States would display American inventions at the industrial exposition to be held next year in his province. Chang-Yen-Chun succeeds Taun-Fang, a Chinese Viceroy of the old school. He is evidently a man of up-to-date ideas, and his invitation to the manufacturers in this country should be responded to. He expresses the opinion that an exhibition of labor-saving devices might be an opening wedge to a large trade between this country and China in machinery which the Chinese greatly need and for which the Americans greatly need an ever-widening market.

Railroad development in China is opening to the world a vast market for which the Occidental nations and Japan are competitors. There should be enough plums up the tree for everyone, but America will not get her share without going after them with a long pole. The Chinese are especially friendly toward America, because they believe sincerely in her disinterestedness politically. We have a new Minister to China whose knowledge of business and insight into Chinese affairs is expected to offset his lack of experience in diplomacy. Now is the time for Americans to make a vigorous effort to establish themselves as traders in the Far East, and advantage should be taken of the situation. It has been often said that the business of American firms with Oriental countries has lacked development partly because of the failure of our manufacturers to recognize the importance of establishing trading houses instead of depending upon agents, samples and mail orders. It is also said that the American manufacturer has the erroneous idea that the Oriental does not know good from bad, and that it is not necessary to be as careful of quality when consigning goods to him. A current story is to the effect that a Chinese merchant who received a consignment of matches from an American firm counted one box to ascertain whether it contained 500 matches.

It fell short by five or six. The merchant put his clerks to work counting the matches in each box. A good deal of time was wasted, but he found that most of the boxes were "short," and he declined to buy of the firm again. The story may be merely a fable to point a moral. At any rate, it points one. The Chinese have a good reputation for honesty. They demand it in those with whom they trade. To build up our trade with China we must recognize the dimensions of the market existing and soon to develop, the importance of operating from convenient bases—that is to say, trading establishments in the Far East—and the intelligence of the Chinese, who are a nation of merchants. An exhibition of American machinery at the Nanking Exposition, in response to the Viceroy's wishes, might be worth more than its cost to exhibitors. It might bring a few more Americans into touch with the Chinese and with conditions in China, and open their eyes to their opportunities.

Chicago's Latest Innovation.

A striking illustration of the manner in which women are forging to the front in educational affairs comes from Chicago. Mrs. Ella F. Young has been elected superintendent of the city schools. Mrs. Young is 64 years of age and has been a teacher since 1862. For many years prior to her election as superintendent she was principal of the Chicago Normal School.

The elevation of a woman teacher to the head of the schools in a city of more than 2,000,000 people, a $10,000-a-year position, aspired to by a number of able men, is somewhat surprising and might be regarded in some quarters as experimental. In Chicago, however, they have a way of doing surprising things, and while the action of the Board of Education is an upset to all precedent, there seems good reason to believe that it has done about the best thing possible in the selection of Mrs. Young. She is a teacher of long experience. That she has been at the head of a normal school and has discharged her duties faithfully, ably and satisfactorily, is an evidence that she is not lacking in executive ability. She knows the schools of Chicago and is familiar with their needs. She knows the teachers and is cognizant of their capabilities. That she will quickly familiarize herself with the details of her office goes without saying. Her fidelity to duty in less important positions is a guarantee that she will not be lacking in attention to business in the larger field to which she has been called.

To all outward appearances Mrs. Young's election meets with popular approval. There is disappointment, of course, among those who sought the position. There is disappointment, no doubt, among some of the petty politicians, who see in the elevation of a woman to the head of the school system a material reduction of opportunities for political bargaining of the peanut variety. That there will be less of politics in the superintendent's office hereafter will be all the better for the teachers and for the general welfare of the schools.

In Kentucky, not so many years ago, the office of county school superintendent was held exclusively by men. As the number of women teachers increased some of the aspiring ones sought the position of superintendent, and in several counties they were elected. Now every succeeding election of county officers shows an increase in the number of women superintendents. In most instances they have performed their duties efficiently, energetically and conscientiously. It is not improbable that in a few more years the majority of such offices in Kentucky will be filled by women. The tendency is the same everywhere.

It is natural and appropriate that women should be assuming, all the time, a larger importance in affairs of education. In the training and teaching of children they are pre-eminent, for all training and teaching must begin at home and in the home the maternal influence is paramount. The male educator, it is true, has a field of his own and is not likely to be displaced. In some branches of educational work he is indispensable. It is no discredit to him that the woman teacher is taking a larger part in school affairs—in a work to which she is so peculiarly adapted.

It is not probable that any member of the Chicago Board of Education will ever have cause to regret his action in voting for Mrs. Young.

The Point of View.

So much depends on the point of view. On the very day when, speaking at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, Gov. Hughes, of New York, declared that there is no danger of Socialism in this country, and that demagogy on a large scale would be discountenanced by intelligent public opinion, Victor L. Berger, a Milwaukee Socialist, extolled as a demigod by Lincoln Steffens, came out as an advocate for rifles and bullets. This worthy, who seems anxious to qualify for the description "as mild-mannered a ruffian as ever cut a throat or scuttled a ship," sees hope and safety for the country in only one direction—that of a violent and bloody revolution. He concedes, as well he may, that this pessimistic and extreme view may startle, and that the appeal to Socialists and workingmen generally to lay in ammunition generously and to be ready to back up their ballots with bullets, may have a disquieting sound; but, inquires he, what else is there to do, what other remedy, effective and immediate, can you suggest?

There are available for this violent upheaval (we quote Mr. Berger's own figures) 500,000 Socialists and 2,000,000 workingmen who instinctively incline in that direction; men who read and think, who, in spite of their ability, are being "pushed hopelessly downward." They find resistance useless and are tired of being exploited by United States Senators of the Aldrich and Lodge types. "Exploited once as producers by creating surplus values for their masters, who own the production, then exploited again as consumers by paying as much as possible to their masters, who own the production, then exploited again as consumers by paying as much as possible to their masters, who own the distribution."

The remedy everywhere advocated is by way of the ballot box, and can, asserts our authority, never become effective; the greedy plutocrat is not to be reached by any such mild and self-effacing methods, and he predicts that "a large part of the capitalistic class will be wiped out for much smaller things than the settling of the great social question; before any settlement is possible, they will have to disappear as completely as the feudal lords and their retinue disappeared during the French Revolution."

The coincidence which presents Gov. Hughes as a hearty and earnest believer in a better day coming, indicates that at all events the question of the outlook for what Mr. Berger would call "the masses" is of very real concern to thinking men everywhere. Mr. Hughes, at once a student of affairs and a practical man, no mere doctrinaire or visionary, one accustomed rather to deal with men than to spin theories, insists that the "growing appreciation of justice and its essential relation to the success of democracy" are fatal to demagogy, and he discerns our safeguards, not so much in a constitution, wisely conceived and constructed and extremely difficult to change, as in "the educated intelligence of the average man his appreciation of what is due his neighbor." He applauds the wisdom of the former President in calling a conference of State Governors, and he would be glad if the existing diversities of our laws could be harmonized, thus creating anew bonds of closer unity alike through federal relationship and State harmony.

But, be it noticed that, where the publicist sees nothing ahead but a devastating upheaval; where betterment and the golden age are to be approached only over the bloody sacrifice of many capitalists; where anarchy and the reddest of revolutions must inevitably prelude that day on which the worker will come by his own, the statesman is already heralding the dawn. We do not wish to deny that there is much angry unrest, much murmuring at the bunco game so prettily pulled off at Washington, much real and justifiable protest at a cost of living, the units of which climb with distressing regularity. There is all this, and more; but there is, too, a growing and more intelligent grasp of the problems of government, and a wider appreciation of the ballot as a most effective weapon of rebuke.

Temperament, as well as the point of view, is in a measure responsible for utterances so widely divergent. Both have a place in the development of the day, and neither is without significance.

The Peacock.

The question before the court of first instance was whether trifling with a gentleman's first name to the extent of calling him Peacock, when his name is philip, can be regarded as a casus belli, even by a military man.

The use of the ornithological appellative hardly constituted an insult sufficiently grave to cause a breach of the peace. The peacock is a bird of respectably ancient pedigree and good standing. He was brought to Solomon from Ophir, by Hiram, King of Tyre, together with silver and ivory and precious stones and almug trees. Aristophanes spoke highly of him. Alexander marveled at his spectacular style of beauty. In India to-day he is a royal bird in the palace gardens of some of the Maharajahs. He held a place upon the groaning boards of Roman hosts when the Eternal City was famous for the splendor of her symposiacs. There is really nothing against him save that he differs somewhat too radically from the violet.

A writer upon natural history says of him:

"The male peacock is an object of universal admiration—a sentiment which the bird seems to share."

Comparisons, says Mrs. Malaprop, are odorous. Yet a man in public life must expect to be referred to now and again in simile or metaphor. He should not allow his sensitiveness to mild criticism to lead him into the error of resentment expressed in assault and battery. This is, very properly, the view of the court which held the Adjutant General to answer to the grand jury.

Says an Eastern dispatch:

"Statistics just gathered and tabulated of Smith and Radcliffe Colleges show that women collegians are loath to wed. Of 3,000 Smith graduates and 800 Radcliffe graduates less than 16 per cent. are pursuing business occupations. Eight hundred Smith graduates are teachers, or 27 per cent., and 800 are married, while 890 have no occupation. Three hundred Radcliffe graduates, or 44 per cent., have become teachers; 180 are married and 150 have no occupation."

But how do these figures show that women collegians are loath to wed? Where are the statistics that disclose the desires of women? Even on their face, however, the foregoing figures are conclusive of nothing. It may be fair to report how many dead women collegians did or did not marry, but it signifies nothing to report how many living women collegians have not yet married. Give them time—all the time that is coming to them.

The Milwaukee Sentinel, anent "Constitution tinkering," quotes Gladstone who called it "the most wonderful instrument ever struck off at a given time by the brain and purpose of man." But it must be borne in mind that Mr. Gladstone didn't take himself so seriously as do some of our statesmen who consider the Constitution as obsolete as the hoop skirt.

The Baltimore Sun asserts, without apparent fear of contradiction, that the "ros'n ear" more nearly approaches perfection in Maryland than in any other State. In Kentucky the "ros'n ear" makes no gingerly approach to the outer precincts of perfection. It reaches it in early summer and remains there until golden autumn.

Rhode Island can never hope to see her leading Senator making a good impression upon the public mind at Washington. She should take to heart the excellent advice of the fellow who says the way to keep a motorcar from skidding is to keep it in the pantry.

With Helen Oldfield's statement that an American woman may "woo the man of her choice with fitness" there is no cause to quarrel, but in Kentucky she is too busy being wooed by the gentleman in question and his hated rivals.

The Manila Cable-News describes several trees planted by William H. Taft on the Luneta as resembling "thirsty chickens in a hencoop." In other words, they closely resemble Philippine industry, commerce and agriculture under American administration?

"Hatpin prevents man from hugging an Indiana girl," says a headline. Of course, there are disadvantages attaching, but how is a girl to get along without one or more hatpins?

It is now in order for our esteemed, respected and applauded contemporary, the Atlanta Journal, to assert that it "covers Dixie like the near-beer."

"Sun-cooking—roasting or boiling by sunlight," says Tit Bits, is quite possible. Surely! We've been doing it here in Louisville for ten days.

TEN VOTES SHY.

Ex-Convicts Cannot Participate In Primaries.

GOV. WILLSON TURNS DOWN CITIZENSHIP PETITIONS.

INDORSERS HAD AN EYE TO POLITICAL RESULTS.

LEATHER RATE ORDERED CUT.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Gov. Willson to-day refused restoration to citizenship to the applications in a block of six petitions from Leslie county and four from Lawrence county. Letters from the indorsers of these applications state that county primaries are soon to be held, and the request is made that the pardons be forwarded as soon as possible, so that the former convicts concerned may vote. The Governor says that it is evident that these applications originate rather in the desire to use their votes than on the merits of the cases, and he declares that whenever such come in a group they will be refused in a group. The men affected are Henderson Williams, excluded from office and suffrage for bribery; Taylor Sizemore, malicious shooting, one year; Nicholas Williams, exclusion from office and suffrage, for bribery; Samuel Combs, hog stealing, one year; John Hollen, hog stealing, one year, and William Joseph, grand larceny, one year, all from Leslie, and from Lawrence, Robert Dillon, abduction, two years; Bill Burton, grand larceny, one year; Eli Justice, grand larceny, one year, and King Damron, grand larceny, two years.

* * *

Leather Rate Reduced.

The State Railroad Commission meeting here to-day took summary action in regard to the freight rate on leather, which the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company has been charging between the cities of Ashland and Frankfort. The commissioners ordered a reduction in the rate of from thirty-four to twenty-six cents per hundred pounds.

The complaint of the old rate was made by the Ashland Leather Company, which ships much raw leather to the Hoge-Montgomery Company, the large shoe manufacturers who operate inside the penitentiary walls.

It was shown that the rate from Ashland to Louisville was but eighteen cents per hundred pounds, and the commissioners did not deem it fair that so great an extra charge should be made to the shippers in this city.

* * *

Depot Must Not Be Moved.

The commission also entered an order refusing to permit the Louisville and Interurban Railways Company to remove its station at Rocky Hill, near Louisville. The complaint was brought to the commission by Mrs. James Callahan. The railroad contended that it desired to move its station to a more convenient location, about a quarter of a mile west, but the commission decides the station must remain where it has been located.

* * *

Reduction In Taxes.

The State Board of Assessment and Valuation met to-day and reassessed all of the surety and guaranty companies which do business in the State of Kentucky, in conformity with a recent decision of the Court of Appeals. There are about a dozen companies, and under the new assessment a considerable portion of the taxes which they pay to the State will be cut off. Just how much the amount will be has not yet been figured out by Corporation Clerk Charles Parrish, of the Auditor's office.

Heretofore the State board has assessed these companies simply on the amount of the net earnings of each company in the State of Kentucky. The companies resisted this and carried the matter before the Court of Appeals, which in passing upon the case, decided that the State board shall have two methods of determining a fair valuation for the assessment of such character of companies: the net earnings of business in the State, and also upon that per cent. of the total capital stock of the companies that the proportion of gross earnings in the State bears to the total amount of gross earnings of the company. The board to-day considered both methods, and thus arrived at new assessments of the companies, which will make reductions in the amount of taxes that they pay.

* * *

Treasury Statement.

Auditor James to-day completed the calculation of the condition of the State's finances at the end of business on July 31. His report shows that there is a balance of $273,163.27 in the treasury, divided into the various funds as follows: Sinking fund, $107,394.27; school fund, $523,786.93; deficit in general expenditure fund, $358,017.93. The amount of outstanding warrants more than wipes out the balance shown in the treasury as above.

* * *

Pardon For James Bast.

Gov. Willson to-day granted a pardon to James Bast, who, with William H. York, was convicted in Anderson county in 1906 of the murder of the latter's brother, James R. York. The murder was one of the most sensational committed in this part of the State in many years and attracted wide attention at the time. Bast is now in the penitentiary here with William York, serving a life term for the deed. Bast was not present when William York killed his brother, but it was proved that Bast knew of his plans and took no steps to prevent the murder. The Governor says that he thinks Bast has been sufficiently punished. Many prominent citizens signed petitions for his pardon. The Governor refuses to restore him to the rights of citizenship, however, expressly stating that such rights are not included in the pardon.

* * *

Franklin Tobacco Sold.

All the remaining 140 hogsheads of tobacco in the Franklin county warehouse that were not taken by the independent buyers were billed to Winchester, where it was sold at auction at an average of 14½ cents a pound.

News came from Winchester this morning that the reports from the solicitors from all the counties in the Burley district show that Franklin county is the banner county in signing up for the 1909 pool. A larger per cent. of the Franklin growers have signed than any other county so far.

* * *

Polsgrove Wins For Mayor.

The Democratic primary to select candidates for the salaried municipal officers to be voted for at the regular election in November passed off very quietly to-day. A good-sized vote was polled. The winners were: For Mayor, Judge James H. Polsgrove, who received as many votes as both of his opponents, former Mayor James S. Darnell and P. B. Lillis; City Prosecuting Attorney, T. Hiter Crockett; City Judge, W. C. Herndon (no opposition); City Marshal, Mace Williams.

Behrle—Ruth.

Owenton, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Miss Augusta Behrle, who recently moved here from Bellevue, was married to Mr. Vallie Ruth, a young farmer of the county. The Rev. B. F. Hunter officiated.

Points About People.

Messrs. William Edwin Russel and George Woodruff, who have been traveling in the West, left Manitou Monday for home.

* * *

Miss Margaret Bullitt, who has been the guest of Miss Margaret McChord at The Seelbach, returned to her home at Big Stone Gap, Va., last evening.

* * *

Miss Nellie May Williams will entertain at luncheon Friday in honor of Miss Mary Laidley, of Covington, who is the guest of Miss Martha Dugan. Covers will be laid for the following:

MISSES

Mary Laidley, Genevieve Samuels,
Frankie Hemphill, Nellie May Williams,
Martha Dugan,

* * *

Mr. Powhatan J. Wooldridge returned Wednesday evening from a week's stay in New York.

* * *

Miss Maria Crittenden returned yesterday after a several weeks' visit to her grandmother, Mrs. Robert Crittenden, in Frankfort.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Buford Hendricks, who came in their motor car from Frankfort Tuesday, have returned home.

* * *

Miss Mary Rogers Lyons, of New York, who was expected several weeks ago to be the guest of Miss Amelia Brown at her country home, Nitta Yuma, but had to postpone her visit, will arrive next Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. Preston Tabb will leave Saturday for a trip in the East.

* * *

Judge Arthur Peter and Mrs. Peter are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thruston Ballard at their country home, Lansdowne, at Glenview.

* * *

Mrs. H. P. Mason and daughter, Miss Annie Mason, of Frankfort, are spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

The members of the Louisville Boat Club are arranging a subscription dance to be given at the clubhouse this Saturday evening, which promises to be most enjoyable.

The Prospect cars, leaving at six minutes past the hours of 4, 5, 7 and 8 o'clock, will be met at the station, those coming out at that time driving over to the club.

Those desiring a swim before the dance can go out on the early cars, supper being served them at the clubhouse.

Among the young married couples who will attend are Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Cossar, Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Babcock and Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Gauvreaux.

The members have invited the following men:

MESSRS.

Maurice Cotton, William Osborne,
Lewis Hancock, Gresham Sackett,
Norton Hancock, Gilbert Wymond,
Howard Ferris, Victor Von Borries,
Raymond Oliver, Barton Fox,
Elmer Oliver, Ed Prince,
Ralph Bristol, Ferguson Reed,
Harry Embry, Perry Applegate,
Raymond Embry, Joe Penton,
W. E. Gardiner, Bijur O'Sullivan,
Reginald Ring, John Newman,
Lawrence Hackett, Will Newman,
Carter Wilson, John White,
Robert Logan, John Whayne,
Douglas Barclay, Louis Hite,
Lee Hamilton, Boyd Mahon,
Clifford Bowman, Clelland Mahon,
Percy Clancy, Graeme McDonald,
Victor Moser, Graeme Botts,
James Cottell, Lee Hall,
Harry Strater, Stanley Young,
Guy Warren, Tom Taylor,
David Williams, Fred DuRelle,
Tom Fuqua, Tom Kelley,
Wallace Wilson, Alex. Johnson,
Edwin Russell, Charles Jefferson,
B. C. Milner, John P. Jefferson,
Edwin Norman, John Wathen.

* * *

Mrs. T. Hunt Stucky and Miss Mary Prewitt Stucky will return home from Lexington this morning after a visit of several weeks to Mrs. W. O. Sweeny and Miss Sunshine Sweeny.

* * *

Mr. Holloway Clark is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Miller in Winchester.

* * *

Mr. Frank G. Hogan is in Lexington for a visit of several days.

* * *

Miss Mary Laidley, of Covington, the guest of Miss Martha Dugan, was the guest of honor last evening at an informal supper given at the bungalow at the Boat Club.

The party included the following:

MISSES

Mary Laidley, Kathleen Jennings,
Martha Dugan, Elizabeth McCulloch.

MESSRS.

Harry Converse, Preston Tabb,
Tom Wallace, Frank Dugan.

* * *

Miss Caroline Barker, May Hubbard, Elizabeth Booker, Louise Smith and Martha Collins will leave this morning to attend a houseparty given by Miss Marechia Moss at her home in the Cumberland Mountains.

* * *

Miss Cornelia McPherson, accompanied by her aunt and daughters, Misses Anna, Mary, Eloise and Maria Murry, of Jackson, Tenn., left Tuesday for Lakeside, O., to be gone until September 1.

* * *

Dr. George S. Coon and Mrs. Coon have returned from a trip of two weeks on the Great Lakes.

* * *

Mrs. T. H. Paynter, of Frankfort, is the guest of Mrs. Morton K. Yonts.

* * *

Dr. James W. Guest, who left last week for St. Louis, is in the city for a few days. On Friday Dr. Guest will return to St. Louis.

* * *

Mr. Charles Warren returned Monday from Elizabethtown, where he spent the week-end the guest of friends.

* * *

Mr. P. W. Wooldridge has returned from New York, where he took some of his fine horses from Powhatan Stock Farm to be sold.

* * *

Mr. Prentice O'Rear, of Frankfort, has returned home after spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Coburn and their daughter, Miss Gladys Preston Coburn, who recently moved here from Paducah, are staying at The Seelbach.

* * *

Miss Lucile McKnight will entertain at dinner Saturday evening in honor of Misses Lucy and Annie Schaffer, the guests of Mrs. Robert Tyler.

* * *

The Lexington Herald says: Mr. Theodore Burnett, of Louisville, who is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Charles Hanson, entertained Tuesday evening with a theater party to the Hippodrome and Majestic.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Harrison, of New York, who have been visiting friends here, are now with Mrs. Darnell and Miss Shelby Darnell at their home, Preston Inn, in Lexington.

* * *

Mr. E. B. Dye returned yesterday from Ponshewaing, Mich., where he has been for several weeks. Mrs. Dye and Misses Letitia Dye and Louise Haas, who accompanied Mr. Dye, will remain until fall.

* * *

Misses Mamie Kleier and Rose Fleisher left yesterday for a week's stay at White Mills, Ky.

Biuguid—Coakley.

Ghent, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—One of the largest weddings in the history of Ghent was the marriage of Miss Mary Abelle Biuguid, daughter of Squire Hiram Biuguid, to the Rev. W. S. Coakley, formerly of Campbellsville. They were married at 8 o'clock by Prof. J. T. Demint, of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, of Louisville. The ceremony was witnessed by 700 friends, and many were unable to get into the church.

BUSCHEMEYER—CASSITY.

Mr. C. Edward H. Buschemeyer and Miss Bertha M. Cassity were married last evening at 8:30 o'clock at 2401 West Jefferson street in the parlors of the Rev. Harlan K. Fenner, pastor of the Second Lutheran church. Immediately after the ceremony the young people left for a wedding trip to Atlantic City and other points in the East. Upon their return they will be at home at Hawthon Hill. Mr. Buschemeyer is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Buschemeyer, and Miss Cassity is an attractive young woman, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Cassity.

LLOYD GATES TIPPED AS J. B. WEAVER'S SUCCESSOR.

Selection To Be Made At Meeting of Precinct Committeemen This Afternoon.

The indications are that Lloyd Gates, former member of the Democratic City and County Executive Committee from the Forty-fourth Legislative district, comprising the county outside of the city of Louisville, will be chosen committeeman this afternoon to succeed J. Brice Weaver, who has resigned. The precinct committeemen will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Democratic headquarters on Fourth avenue, between Main and Market streets, in accordance with a call issued by Dr. J. R. Collier, chairman of the committee.

The Democratic City and County Committee will meet soon for the purpose of selecting five names from which a Democratic Election Commissioner for Jefferson county will be selected by the State Election Commission. This matter has to be attended to this month.

"TUBE" ORDINANCE

MAY REACH MAYOR FOR HIS SIGNATURE TO-DAY.

Temporary Loss of Document Plunges City Hall Attaches Into State of Panic.

Part of the city hall was in a state of panic for an hour yesterday when it was thought that the new building code ordinance, which is ready for the signature of Mayor Grinstead, had mysteriously disappeared. The loss of the document created quite an uproar and there was a great scurrying about of officials. There were visions of the need of again reading the voluminous document in both boards. At about noon Clayton B. Blakey, City Attorney, looked for the Gaiety ordinance, but could not find it. He sent out a general distress signal that put in progress an immediate investigation.

C. B. Nordeman, clerk of the Board of Councilmen, "alibied" himself of responsibility by showing he had delivered the instrument to the City Attorney. Paul Burlingame joined the searching party and proved conclusively that he had never been presented with the ordinance. In the middle of the frantic efforts to find the "tube" Joe D. Bradburn, clerk of the Board of Aldermen, was discovered. He put all minds at rest and quenched all fears by the information that the instrument was in his possession.

Mr. Bradburn thereupon handed the code to Mr. Blakey, who placed his stamp of approval upon it and put it into the safe keeping of Mr. Burlingame. At 4:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon the "tube" was nestling comfortably on Mr. Burlingame's desk.

"I don't think the Mayor will get to it to-day," said Mr. Burlingame. "He probably will sign it to-morrow."

It is reported that it took a big, stiff drink to quiet the nerves of some of the officials who believed the ordinance lost.

ON THE FUNNYBONE.

A Welcome Harbinger.

The early robin gets applause,
We must aver.
The early snowbird ought to cause
A bigger stir.

We'd celebrate the same in song
And glowing rhyme,
If he would only come along
About this time.

* * *

A Dress Footing.

"England thinks her navy ought to be just twice as large as that of her principal rival."

"My wife likes to regulate her wardrobe along those identical lines."

* * *

The Amateur's Annual Trip.

"Doesn't this weather make you want to go fishing?"
"Nope."
"How's that?"
"I've been fishing."

* * *

Needs a Vacation.

We poets can't enthuse
A bit, I vow.
The erstwhile active muse
Is lazy now.

* * *

A Popular Man.

"What makes that fellow so popular?"
"He'll listen to your troubles without insisting on telling his."

* * *

Packing For Vacation.

"My wife is having a tough time these days."
"As to how?"
"Deciding which of the absolutely indispensable articles she can do without."

* * *

A Farmer's Troubles.

"I dunno how to please these summer boarders."
"What's the matter, Si?"
"They're clamoring for the moss-covered bucket, after I had fitted up the well with sterilized drinking cups instead."

MENU FOR A DAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Steamed Barley.
Sugar and Cream.
Macaroni Beignets.
English Muffins.
Coffee.

LUNCH.
Creamed Fish.
Cup Custards.
Nut Cakes.
Iced Chocolate.

DINNER.
Cream of Tomato Soup.
Roast Leg of Lamb.
Creamed Potatoes. Corn Pudding.
Lettuce Salad.
Cheese. Wafers.
Peach Dumplings.
Coffee.

* * *

Recipes For Thursday.

MACARONI BEIGNETS.

Boil one-half pound macaroni in plety boiling salted water, cut it up very small, drain, allow to cool and mix with it two tablespoonfuls grated cheese and three tablespoonfuls white sauce; heat, stir well, add two yolks of eggs, spread on a dish to cool. Make into neat shapes, dip into frying batter, fry in smoking hot fat; drain and serve with grated cheese. A little chopped ham or cold meat added to this mixture makes these beignets very tasty.

CORN PUDDING.

Beat up yolks of three eggs, add four cupfuls fresh corn, two cupfuls milk, one-half cupful butter, seasoning of salt and pepper and whites of eggs stiffly beaten. Pour into buttered dish, bake in moderate oven for one hour.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

It is related of a well-known State politician that upon one occasion he went into a rural district to make a speech for the party which he represented. He decided to do his best to make an impression upon the crowd, and therefore made an effort to bring into use the choicest flowers of his variegated vocabulary. After he had cleared his throat, acknowledged the introduction of the chairman and made what was termed "a happy reference" to the women present, he announced:

"I desire in the incipiency of my remarks to discuss the prime and facial issues of this campaign."

The roars which rose up then from the rural audience, which was not, however, too rural to appreciate that remark, made it necessary for him to discuss the "prime and facial" issues very briefly indeed.

* * *

B. M. Brigman, who is a teacher at the Manual Training High School, got back the other day from a cruise which he did not enjoy as much as he had expected to do. He went in a gasoline launch up the Kentucky River with two companions, and before he got back he had some rather exciting experiences.

"We got in a storm near Madison, Ind.," he said, "just before we entered the Kentucky. We got tossed about pretty badly and drenched into the bargain, but we didn't mind that particularly. When we hit the Kentucky, however, we found ourselves faced by a rather dangerous situation. The recent heavy rains have made the Kentucky simply a roaring torrent, and the swift current, with eddies and whirlpools here and there, was not easy to navigate in.

"The danger was increased by the fact that floating logs and timber of all kinds were in the stream, and we had to be careful that none of it struck the launch. If it had done so, it would have sunk, and we ourselves would have had to swim for it. After several days of tough going we came back, and all of us have agreed that the next time we start we shall have the river strained to get all the obstructions out of the way."

* * *

"I heard of an odd form of 'graft' when I was in New York recently," said a local man who pays a good deal of attention to music. "I discovered it while talking to one of those who are interested in having music furnished for the public in the summer at the various parks. He told me that some bad practices have grown up in connection with the expenditure of the money appropriated for that purpose, and that the result hasn't improved the quality of the music any.

"It appears that some of the instruments in the bands are manned by 'dummies.' In other words, a man may apparently be operating a French horn, yet as a matter of fact he may be only holding his lips to it and not sounding a single note. The leaders of the various bands which are contracted with to furnish the music are said to exchange jobs in their organizations so as to get steady employment at this 'musical' stunt throughout the summer.

"I was convinced by all this that while municipal ownership may be a good thing for public service, it won't do so well when applied to art."

* * *

Scott Bullitt, who is the Democratic nominee for County Attorney, was graduated from High School and then from Princeton, and while he made a record at both institutions, his fancies seem to linger now chiefly upon his days at the local school. Even the waste-basket in the office where he practices law has its ribbon of old gold, and scattered around the room are mementoes of his school days.

One of the most interesting of these is a picture showing Mr. Bullitt as coach of the High School football team. He played guard at Princeton, and helped the local school to turn out more than one championship aggregation. His greatest work was done in 1901, when "Doc" Manly was captain, Phil Zapp quarterback, "Fatty" Atkinson a tackle and Percy Webb and Maury Wilson ends. Mr. Bullitt made such a hit with the High School crowd that year that the graduating class elected him an honorary member—a distinction which he appreciated at its full value.

* * *

W. M. Acuff, who is membership secretary for the Commercial Club, took a long look backward yesterday. It was a look that bridged a gap of at least twenty years, and probably longer for it has been that long since he lived in Shelbina, Mo., where he was born. It was there that he roamed as a barefooted youngster, and it is there, as he phrased it, that he is going "to eat yellow-legged chickens and have a vacation as is a vacation."

Mr. Acuff left last night for a two weeks' stay in and around Shelbina, which is in the northwestern part of the "show me" State, and anybody who has ever gone "back home" to a country town knows that he is going to hold a continuous reception beginning with his arrival and ending with his departure on what is bound to be known in that village as "the fast train."

August is the only time of the year that Mr. Acuff will consent to use as a vacation period, for that is the dullest period in the hunt for new members. The Commercial Club's roster of 3,100 names is due in large measure to his efforts.

TARIFF VIEWS.

If the next Congress should be Democratic we might get lower tariff schedules all along the line. It is certain that if the Democrats should get control there would be a big effort for a tariff revision that would put a fair share of the reduction on every protected interest.—[Savannah News, Dem.

The trouble is now over and the people have got nothing, but they are thankful that business will be able to get to work in its old grooves.—[New Orleans Picayune, Dem.

In the immense labyrinth of the tariff bill, two facts may serve as a clew which will enable the reader to get the general bearings of the whole. One is that the bill will not reduce, but will increase, the cost of living. The other is, that it does not fulfill the Republican campaign pledge of revision downward.—[Buffalo Times, Dem.

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* * * Will the new measure satisfy the class from which the demand for "downward revision" has come? That demand has been made by the "ultimate consumer." What will be his verdict on the new schedules a year after they have gone into effect? The answer is not difficult. If there is no reduction in the cost of living his complaints will be renewed and another period of agitation will ensue.—[New York Sun, Ind.

Is the great, progressive, independent West going to permit itself to be dominated by small, reactionary, favor-seeking New England? Are the people of this broad land willing to tolerate the control of Congress by the Special Interests, through the leadership of a few men in that body?

These are questions the people are thinking about. Public sentiment is not yet fully crystallized along all the bearings here indicated, but it is aroused as it never before has been aroused over an issue of government since the Civil War.—[Kansas City Times, Ind. Rep.

Bad as the final bill is in many of its features, it still has to be said of it, as we said of the Payne bill when it passed the House, that it is the best tariff law ever enacted by the Republican party. * * * With all the reductions that are to be thrown into one scale, there are certain failures to reduce, with some actual and indefensible increases, to go into the other; and it is a question if these are not heavy enough to outweigh the reductions. First among these outrages, stand the taxes on clothing.—[New York Evening Post, Ind.

Change At Weather Bureau.

Charles E. Heckathorn, of the United States Weather Bureau service, arrived in the city yesterday from Columbus, Ohio, to take the place of W. S. Brotzman, assistant to the observer. Mr. Brotzman has been transferred to Ithaca, N. Y.

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H. J. Schultz, corner Thirty-second street and Broadway.
The Plaza, Fifth avenue and Fifty-ninth street.
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HELD OVER.

Gen. Johnston Must Appear Before Grand Jury.

CHARGE AMENDED TO THAT OF SIMPLE ASSAULT.

ALLOWED TO GO ON HIS OWN RECOGNIZANCE.

SPURNS COMPROMISE OFFER.

Following his attack on Denny B. Goode, editor of The Focus, and his arrest on a warrant charging malicious wounding Tuesday afternoon Adjt. Gen. Philip P. Johnston was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning, and after hearing the charge was amended to simple assault and battery, and he was held over to the grand jury on his own recognizance.

In reducing the charge and making the disposition, Special Judge William H. Sweeney, Judge pro tem., made the following comment:

"The proof in this case shows clearly from the statements of both Mr. Goode and Gen. Johnston that the assault was not premeditated—and that it was not a case of malicious assault—but one of ordinary assault and battery, and that the defendant is technically guilty. Sometimes occasions arise when a man may feel justified in taking the law into his own hands, and I have no doubt that the General so felt in this case. I shall overrule the motion to reduce the case to disorderly conduct, and I will hold the defendant to answer for a plain case of assault and battery, under a bond of $100 on his own recognizance."

Col. Bennett H. Young and Arthur Hopkins represented Gen. Johnston, while attorneys Jack Richardson, Hardin Herr and Harry Robinson were selected to assist in the prosecution.

* * *

Courtroom Well Filled.

The courtroom was well filled with interested spectators, and before the trial began Gen. John B. Castleman, who acted as intermediary between Gen. Johnston and Mr. Goode, held a conference with Mr. Goode and secured the promise of the editor to abandon the prosecution on condition that Gen. Johnston apologize. When this information was conveyed to the defendant by his attorney, he refused to entertain a proposition that would involve an apology on his part, and asked that the trial proceed.

Jack Richardson made a motion for a continuance, on the ground that a material witness was absent. Judge Marmaduke Bowden, pro tem., overruled the motion, whereupon Mr. Richardson moved that he vacate the bench. Judge Bowden gracefully acquiesced, and after some delay the attorneys for both sides agreed to allow William H. Sweeney to try the case.

The attorneys for the defense stated to counsel for Mr. Goode that Gen. Johnston would plead guilty to a charge of disorderly conduct, but Mr. Goode declared that his charge of malicious wounding should not be amended.

On the motion of Mr. Richardson, the witnesses were ordered excluded. In addition to Gen. Johnston and Mr. Goode, Circuit Court Commissioner Eustace L. Williams and Lieut. Allan Walker were witnesses. Mr. Goode was the first witness. After answering the usual questions as to his vocation, the witness said that he had been assaulted by Gen. Philip P. Johnston.

* * *

Waited Until Goode Was Alone.

Mr. Goode said that he was in conference with Mr. Williams when Gen. Johnston and a companion entered. They told him to continue with Mr. Williams, and would wait. After Mr. Williams left the two men, neither of whom Mr. Goode knew, entered. Mr. Goode then related the incidents connected with the assault. Mr. Goode testified that as long as Mr. Williams remained in the apartments no effort at attack was made.

At this, Col. Young, for the defendant, moved the court to reduce the charge to disorderly conduct. Mr. Robinson opposed the motion, and the court reserved decision.

Gen. Johnston then took the stand and told of calling at Mr. Goode's office and of striking him.

"This article," he said, "the one in question, which undertook to hold me up to personal ridicule, was of a character which I felt should not go unnoticed, and I did what I think is the duty of every man, protect my dignity.

"I supposed that I would get an apology or an explanation; from my standpoint, it had reached that point."

The cane with which Mr. Goode was struck then exhibited. It was broken in two places. The stick is a handsome one, fully one inch thick near the top, and is surmounted by a large gold head, which bears the inscription: "Dr. Luke Blackburn, from his friends, the physicians of Memphis."

When asked by Mr. Richardson if he had given Mr. Goode full opportunity to apologize, Gen. Johnston responded:

"It wasn't a matter that a gentleman could discuss with him."

Gen. Johnston said that he had hit Mr. Goode immediately after the latter had acknowledged authorship of the article. He said that Mr. Goode answered defiantly, and that, up to that time, he had never anticipated anything except an apology or an explanation.

* * *

Copy of Focus Sent To Him.

When questioned as to the trouble in the regiment, Gen. Johnston stated that he did not think the matter of sufficient public interest to attract much attention. He had never seen nor heard of The Focus until a copy of the publication was sent to him in an envelop with a number of other papers, from the Executive department, and if the Governor sent it to him he does not know it, he said.

Gen. Johnston stated that Gov. Willson did not refer to the matter to him at any time.

Lieut. Allan E. Walker, who accompained Gen. Johnston to the office of Mr. Goode, said that he had made several calls with Gen. Johnston, and that the latter finally asked to be shown the way to The Focus office. He said that while they were waiting in Mr. Goode's outer office they heard the name of Gen Johnston mentioned.

He then detailed the incidents inside the private office of Mr. Goode, and stated that Mr. Goode was struck twice, the first blow breaking the cane. Lieut. Walker said that he was so much surprised by the attack, which he had not anticipated, that he hardly realized what was going on. He said that he separated the two men.

NO CLEW TO IDENTITY OF MISS WARNS' ASSAILANT.

The police of the Seventh district, who were detailed to work on the mystery surrounding the attack on Miss Elizabeth Warns, 19 years of age, who was tied to a bed and robbed of her rings in broad daylight at her home, 2715 Greenwood avenue, Tuesday afternoon, have not uncovered the slightest clew.

While the robbery was one of a series of daring work by burglars in Louisville in the last few weeks, not a stone has been turned, apparently, to break up the menace. Miss Warns was found, Tuesday afternoon, bound and tied to a bedpost, by a neighbor woman, who released her. Four lengths of heavy rope, with which the woman was tied, are being held by the police department as evidence.

'COONEY'S' PLACE

Put Out of Business by the License Board.

DARK LAST NIGHT FOR FIRST TIME IN YEARS.

HEART-TO-HEART TALK WITH SALOONKEEPERS

HELD BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

The License Board wound up its labors of purification in the tenderloin district when it wiped the saloon and dance hall of "Cooney" Hafendorfer, at Sixth and Green streets, from the face of the "red light" map. Last night was the first in more than a decade that the lights were out in the saloon and the tinkle of the syncopated music, the hum of wheedling female voices, and the clinking of glasses, were stilled.

There was a strong tip out before the License Board began its work yesterday that high up Republican officials had intervened for "Cooney," and saved his license. All such rumors were quickly dispelled when Pro Tem Police Judge Marmaduke Bowden announced in the Police Court room that the permit to continue in business had been denied Hafendorfer. Hafendorfer was in the room at the time and took the sentence that put him out of business with a faint smile. The Hafendorfer resort was the fourth and last to go at the present session of the License Board.

Before yesterday's hearing was well under way Pro Tem Judge Bowden announced a new and important ruling of the License Board. The room was packed with saloonkeepers awaiting action on their licenses, when Judge Bowden warned them

* * *

Judge Bowden's Warning.

"This board wants it understood that any violation of any law made for the regulation of saloons from now on will mean the summary revocation of the license of that saloon. This applies to all violations of the Sunday law, to saloons selling liquor to drunken inebriates, and to minors or young women. The board will take this action whether the fine is suspended or paid. The fact that the higher court reverses the decision of the Police Court will not save the license. Any of the violations I have named, committed by a man without a license, will result in just as summary a refusal when an application is made."

After allowing this new order and declaration of principles on the part of the board to sink into the minds of the saloonkeepers in the room, Judge Bowden announced that the petition for a license by Mike Collins, of 1401 Jefferson street, had been denied by the board. The board will consider the following applications, the cases arising out of which have been tried in part, in an open hearing Monday afternoon:

Mike Fallon, 1130 Zane street; George Hess, 1732 West Walnut street; Christ Kuhn, 422 Baxter avenue; Fred Scharfenberger, 1432 West Walnut street; Andy Stroble, William Stimley, Clarence Rupp, Jacobs & Co., P. H. Halbleib and Ben Bloemer.

* * *

Goes Into Executive Session.

The board was in open meeting only thirty minutes yesterday. After it had concluded the business described in the foregoing, Judge Bowden announced that the remainder of the afternoon would be consumed by a private conference with saloonkeepers who have no charges against them, but who have not yet been granted their licenses. These number about eighty-five. In giving the reason for the "star-chamber" session, Judge Bowden explained:

"These men we are about to talk to have no formal charges against them. They have never directly violated the law or been formally charged with doing so. Many of the complaints against them are fair and many are not. The board does not believe it fair to give these complaints any publicity. Because of this desire to protect these saloonkeepers and give them just treatment the board asks everyone to leave the room."

A great reflux of men and women immediately ensued from the Police Court room. The halls leading to it were jammed with humanity that peered through the glass doors of the courtroom and saw the board "lecture" the saloonkeepers they called in one by one. Very conspicuous in the room, aside from the board members and Chief Haager, were Police Captains Foster and Luschinger, each of whom could have spent a more profitable afternoon looking after the police work in the respective districts.

The board's "lectures" were not very long and the saloonkeepers came and went with great rapidity. All of those who went into the room to receive instructions came out with the promise of a license. It is said that more than fifty were talked to and given licenses. The private session will be continued this afternoon until the entire eighty-five get their permits to do business.

* * *

Must Not Encourage Loafers.

As far as could be learned from the saloonkeepers who received "lectures," the board members cautioned them against allowing any signs of disorder about their places. They were all informed that loafers must not be permitted to hang about their saloons.

There was a strong suspicion that the board was playing politics fast and loose when it went into the executive meeting. This could not be substantiated by the saloonkeepers who had received the "lectures." The board just seems to have handed out a lot of heart-to-heart talks, while Edwin B. Green, chairman of the Board of Public Safety, made the acquaintance of all the saloonkeepers of any value in a campaign, without the trouble, time and expense of calling at their places of business and buying a "round of drinks for the crowd."

Through the glass door Mr. Green appeared pretty well satisfied with life in the hot, stuffy room, where the bartenders and saloon men were being entertained with the talks of "warning" and "admonition."

CHARGE AGAINST ADAM HORNEY IS DISMISSED.

Adam Horney, 25 years of age, was dismissed in Police Court yesterday morning after a hearing. The charge was that of having detained 9-year-old Charlotte Warnake, of 537 East Walnut street. The arrest had been made several weeks ago on information furnished the police. According to the statement of Hill Spalding, the prosecuting attorney, the charge placed against the man was without foundation.

New Automobile Company.

The Falls City Automobile and Garage Company filed a charter yesterday in the County Clerk's office, listing its capital at $50,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The debt limit is $30,000. The incorporators, who hold an aggregate of 40 shares, are W. J. Day, R. J. Hogan, H. C. Shanks and B. B. Boles.

INTO DISTRICTS

Ground At State Fair Will Be Laid Off To-day.

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS FOR BARBECUE UNDER WAY.

TO PROVIDE EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR HOSTS.

WOMEN ARE WORKING HARD.

The committee on grounds was unable to get to the State Fair grounds yesterday to lay the plot off into districts for the great Jeffersonian barbecue, which will take place August 31 and September 1. Chairman Vreeland said yesterday that he would certainly attend to the matter to-day. Each congressional district will have its separate headquarters, where all business can be attended to. All mail and telegrams can be received at the headquarters of each district. A suitable building will be provided for this part of the barbecue. The women and children of the State who attend can find a place of rest and to attend to any business at the headquarters of their respective district.

Chairman John W. Vreeland proposes to leave no stone unturned in the matter of convenience so far as arrangements of the grounds is concerned. Another thing that was announced yesterday is that the concessions for the sale of cigars or other refreshments will be awarded to some fraternal organization in the city, such as the Red Men, Elks, Eagles or some other body, and the proceeds so far as net profits are concerned will be given to some charitable organization in the city. However, this will be attended to later. It is not the aim of the promoters of the reunion barbecue to keep any money that might be made off of the sale of anything on the grounds.

* * *

Hippodrome Races.

The programme for the great hippodrome races to be given by the Hoagland Brothers Hippodrome Company each day of the barbecue has been arranged and will be sent broadcast over the State. This attraction alone at the barbecue costs the management $1,500 a day. The races are exciting and will be of a varied nature. It will be the finest attraction on the grounds outside of the pure Democratic eloquence that will flow on all sides.

A letter from L. W. Arnett, of Covington, yesterday stated that a good delegation from Kenton county would attend the barbecue.

Five thousand of the cups and spoons used at the reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic in Louisville in 1895 have been offered to the barbecue committee to be used in dishing out the burgoo that will be made. These cups and spoons are in good condition, having been carefully stored away. They were examined yesterday by members of the committee and were found to be in fine shape. It is likely that some of them will again be used by members of the Grand Army at the barbecue.

Democratic women are taking a great interest in the barbecue and letters are flowing in to headquarters from them tendering their services to the committee. Many of the letters are similar to the following:

* * *

Ladies' Auxiliary.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 3, 1909—Col. John H. Whallen—Dear Sir: I desire to express my heartiest congratulations to you for the great success you merited in bringing the great celebration to its present standing which will mark the uniting of the true and faithful sons and daughters of Democracy. All shall meet in our glorious city and unite to celebrate the welfare of the Democratic party. Every one seems to be anxiously awaiting the arrival of the great day. Every one seems to be standing ready to give any assistance he may be able to give. So many are donating every one seems to be interested to make the barbecue a success. May I be of assistance to you? Would be glad to extend a helping hand. I consider myself a true and faithful daughter of the Democracy and hope to be forever. I will and shall make a donation and also offer my personal assistance. Expressing my interest again, I have been very successful in bringing together a great number of young ladies, friends and helpers of the East End. I know believe them to be as interested in the celebration as I myself. May we, the young ladies of the East End, united, call ourselves "The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Democratic Party," and I personally consider myself a faithful friend. Wishing you great success in your present efforts of bringing the Democratic party up to the standpoint where the people of Louisville and of the State will realize what the Democracy really means, and again hoping the party within a few months may grasp the old foothold, and through the interest of her true sons and daughters hold it, I remain a Daughter of the Democracy.
ADDIE HILLERICH, 1321 E. Washington street.

OLD RATE

BETWEEN LOUISVILLE AND OKLAHOMA CITY TO STAND.

Local Shippers Gain Temporary Victory After Long But Persistent Fight.

Official notice has been received here that freight shipments from Louisville to points in Oklahoma will not be handled by the Chicago and Rock Island railroad on the same basis as in effect between Chicago and Oklahoma City. The proposed advance will be held in abeyance by the road, it is said, for an indefinite period. The official announcement to this effect was sent to the Interstate Commerce Commission two or three days ago, from whence it came to Louisville yesterday.

The news doubtless will give local merchants and shippers considerable satisfaction, since, on account of the vigorous opposition they made to the proposed advance last year, they are largely responsible for the victory gained. Had the railroad company been successful in the controversy, the shipping interests in this territory would have been subject to a rate of 10 cents from Louisville to St. Louis on each 100 pounds and 20 cents on each 100 pounds from that place to points in Oklahoma, making the total rate from Louisville to Oklahoma 30 cents. Chicago shippers are allowed a straight rate of 25 cents on each 100 pounds.

When the officials of the Rock Island advised the shipping interests here last year that the advance would be declared on a certain date, business men here organized at once and arrayed themselves against the proposed increase. The matter was taken up with all the railroads in this section, and had it not been for their protests against the step, and threats of retaliation in other directions, the shipping interests here would have met with defeat.

The Rock Island road owns its own line from Chicago to Oklahoma cities. It also owns its own tracks from St. Louis to points in Oklahoma, and as the distance from both Chicago and Louisville to points in Oklahoma is practically the same, the shipping interests here could not agree with the officials of the road that they were entitled to a higher rate than is being paid by Chicago business men.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were as follows: Lists, $159.06; beer, $2,340; whisky, $39,466.65; cigars, $717.30; tobacco, $7,309.62; special taxes, $51.34; case stamps, $450; total, $50,435.97.

Vacation Rates

Round Trip Rates from Louisville

	Daily	1st and 3rd Tuesdays
Lake Geneva	$14.80	
Fox Lake (McHenry)	14.50	
Twin Lakes	14.50	
Powers Lake (Richmond)	14.50	
Madison	17.20	
Devil's Lake	18.50	
Waukesha	15.70	
Green Lake	19.00	
Tomahawk Lake	$25.20	$22.90
Woodruff	24.40	23.05
Manitowish	26.40	23.80
Mercer	26.50	23.90
Three Lakes	24.60	22.45
Eagle River	24.90	22.70
Conover	25.40	23.05
State Line	25.70	23.30
Watersmeet		23.65
Cisco Lake	27.15	24.40
Gogebic	27.20	24.40
Ashland	28.00	25.30
Houghton	30.00	27.25
St. Paul	26.25	
Hayward	28.00	25.30
Gordon	28.60	25.45
Solon Springs	28.90	25.70

	Daily	1st and 3rd Tuesdays
Radisson	28.00	25.15
Birchwood	27.10	24.35
Rice Lake	26.40	23.80
Duluth	30.00	
South Dakota Hot Springs (Black Hills)	38.45	
Deadwood and Lead	41.45	
Casper, Wyo.	42.95	
Lander, Wyo.	48.95	
Denver Col. Springs Pueblo	37.40	
Glenwood Springs	47.40	
Yellowstone Park	77.75	1st and 3rd Tuesdays
Salt Lake City	50.40	48.90
Ogden	50.40	48.90
Helena		52.40
Butte		52.40
Spokane		167.40
San Francisco	77.90	
Los Angeles	77.90	
Portland	68.05	
Tacoma	68.05	
Seattle	68.05	

Tickets on sale daily are good to return until October 31, 1909. Those sold on first and third Tuesdays (Homeseekers' rates) return limit 25 days. ‡Second Class.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
NW1071

Full information on application to ticket agents of Chicago lines or to
N. M. Breeze
General Agent, C. & N. W. Railway
436 Walnut St., Cincinnati, Ohio

A Woman In Business



May not have experience of her own, but by consulting this Trust Company she can command for her own—and with absolute privacy—wide experience and perfect security. Any business want from a checking account to investments.

Columbia Trust Company.

Capital and Surplus $1,200,000.

DEATHS.

CLEMENTS—August 4, at 7:20 p. m., Mary Clements, beloved wife of Gustavus Clements, in her 70th year.
Funeral from the residence, 2406 Garfield avenue, Friday morning at 8:30, and at St. Cecilia church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. John's cemetery.

UNDERTAKERS.

Gran. W. Smith's Son
AL S. SMITH, Proprietor.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
509 West Jefferson Street.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO., Louisville, Ky., June 17, 1909. The Board of Directors has this day declared a cash dividend of 2 per cent. payable August 10, 1909, to stockholders of record July 20, 1909. The stock transfer books will close Tuesday, July 20, 1909, at 3 o'clock p. m., and reopen on Wednesday, August 11, 1909, at 10 o'clock a. m.
J. H. ELLIS, Secretary.

EDUCATIONAL.

Ward Seminary FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN Nashville, Tennessee

45th year. Seminary and Special Courses. Conservatory of Music—Emil Winkler, Director; Signor Campobello, Voice; Fritz Schmitz, Violin. 175 Boarding Pupils. Complete appointments. City advantages. Beautiful campus for outdoor sports. For catalogue address J. D. BLANTON, Pres.

EDUCATIONAL.

American Conservatory Kimball Hall, 239 to 253 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The Leading School of Music and Dramatic Art. Seventy eminent instructors. Unsurpassed course of study. Teacher's Training Department. Public School Music. Elocution, Physical Culture, Modern Languages.
School of Acting—Hart Conway, Director.
Many Free Advantages. 30 Free Scholarships Awarded to Talented Pupils of Limited Means. 54th Series Begins Thursday, Sept. 9. Catalog Free on Application.
JOHN J. HATTSTAEDT, President.

HAMILTON COLLEGE FOR YOUNG WOMEN
Lexington, Ky. 41st Year. Branch of Transylvania University. Select Home School of the Bluegrass Region. 20 in Faculty, from best universities. 4 acres Campus; 5 modern buildings. Certificate to Eastern Colleges. Also standardized Junior College Course. Music, Art, Elocution, Science.
Hubert G. Shearin, Ph.D., President, Box J

Law Department University of Louisville.

Sixty-fourth annual session begins October 4. For catalogues address
W. O. HARRIS, Dean, Louisville, Ky.

Diamonds Will Be Higher

Our present stock was bought before the advance, and will be sold accordingly.

Kendrick's

Write for Jewelry Catalog.

Don't Hide Your Money

and let it lie IDLE as well as UNSAFE. Put it into a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here where it will be earning COMPOUND INTEREST, and you will be free from anxiety about it. You may open an account here with as little as ONE DOLLAR, or as much as you please.

Ky. Title Savings Bank and Trust Co.

Fifth and Court Place.

Open daily until 3 p. m.
Saturdays until 7 p. m.

The want ads. are "at your service" and FOR YOUR SERVICE.

MOTHERS' MEETINGS AT PLAYGROUNDS TO-DAY.

Talks Having To Do With Children At Central Park and Boone Square.

One of a series of "mothers' meetings," which will be held weekly in all the public playgrounds of the city, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock. It is felt that great good may result from these meetings, and it is the desire of Austin G. Johnson, the supervisor of the playgrounds and who has arranged the meetings, that as many mothers as possible attend. A definite subject pertaining to children will be taken up at each weekly meeting and will be generally discussed.

The subject to be handled to-day is "Habits of Children Regarding Eating and Sleeping." This question is of great importance and has been the subject of much discussion. Dr. Philip F. Barbour will speak on this subject at the meeting at Central Park. Prof. Hugh W. Leavell will handle the same subject at Boone Square.

It is the desire of those in charge of the public playground movement that mothers take a keener interest in the movement.

INDIANA PIONEER DIES NEAR SEYMOUR.

Seymour, Ind., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—William Robertson, aged 82 years, a pioneer and former superintendent of public schools, died at his country home.

More than 125,000,000 pounds of rubber are used in the world each year.

SHUTOUT FOR THE PIRATES

Pitcher McIntyre Allows the Pittsburg Batsmen But Four Hits.

REULBACH TAKES ANOTHER.

Washington Wins Two From Cleveland, While Detroit and Boston Split Even.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

Milwaukee ... 5
Indianapolis ... 3
(No other games played.)

National League.

Chicago	8	Philadelphia	4
Boston	3	St. Louis	1
Brooklyn	1	Cincinnati-New York. (Rain.)	
Pittsburg	0		

American League.

Detroit	10-1	Washington	1-6
Boston	3-2	Cleveland	0-2
New York-St. Louis (Rain.)		Philadelphia-Chicago. (Rain.)	

Southern League.

Birmingham	6	Nashville	10
Montgomery	2	Atlanta	3
New Orleans	6	Mobile	4
Little Rock	0	Memphis	1

Bluegrass League.

Richmond	1	Lexington	7
Paris	0	Frankfort	2

Central League.

South Bend	3	Zanesville	4
Grand Rapids	1	Terre Haute	2
Wheeling	3	Dayton	6
Evansville	1	Ft. Wayne	2

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Minneap.	60	48	.556	St. Paul	52	53	.495
Milwaukee	59	50	.541	Kas. City	49	54	.476
Louisville	56	52	.519	Toledo	50	56	.472
Columbus	54	54	.500	Indianapolis	48	61	.440

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	65	26	.714	Philadelphia	41	51	.446
Chicago	61	30	.670	St. Louis	38	51	.427
New York	52	35	.598	Brooklyn	34	58	.370
Cincinnati	46	46	.500	Boston	26	66	.283

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	61	37	.622	Chicago	47	48	.495
Philadel.	58	38	.604	New York	44	51	.463
Boston	57	44	.564	St. Louis	41	53	.363
Cleveland	51	46	.526	Washington	28	70	.286

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Atlanta	58	35	.624	Mobile	51	46	.526
Nashville	57	36	.613	Little Rock	42	54	.438
N. Orleans	51	45	.531	Birmingham	39	57	.406
Montgom'y	51	46	.526	Memphis	34	64	.347

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Winchester	51	30	.630	Paris	39	37	.513
Richmond	51	32	.614	Lexington	31	50	.383
Frankfort	42	38	.525	Shelbyville	27	54	.333

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Zanesville	53	32	.624	Gr. Rapids	48	43	.527
Wheeling	52	35	.598	Terre Haute	41	48	.461
Ft. Wayne	49	41	.544	Evansville	35	54	.393
South Bend	49	42	.538	Dayton	30	56	.349

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at KANSAS CITY.
INDIANAPOLIS at MILWAUKEE.
TOLEDO at MINNEAPOLIS.
COLUMBUS at ST. PAUL.

National League.

BOSTON at CHICAGO.
BROOKLYN at PITTSBURG.
NEW YORK at CINCINNATI.
PHILADELPHIA at ST. LOUIS.

American League.

CHICAGO at PHILADELPHIA.
ST. LOUIS at NEW YORK.
DETROIT at BOSTON.
CLEVELAND at WASHINGTON.

Southern League.

LITTLE ROCK at MOBILE.
MEMPHIS at NEW ORLEANS.
ATLANTA at BIRMINGHAM.
NASHVILLE at MONTGOMERY.

Bluegrass League.

RICHMOND at SHELBYVILLE.
FRANKFORT at PARIS.
LEXINGTON at WINCHESTER.

Central League.

WHEELING at EVANSVILLE.
ZANESVILE at TERRE HAUTE.
GRAND RAPIDS at SOUTH BEND.
FT. WAYNE at DAYTON.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 1.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 4.—St. Louis' young pitchers were batted hard in spots to-day and Philadelphia won 4 to 1. Corridon was practically invincible in the pinches. Raleigh, the California recruit, had one bad inning. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Phila.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Byrne 3b	4	3	0	2	Grant 3b	4	0	2	1
Ellis lf	4	0	1	1	Bates cf	4	2	0	0
Phelps c	4	0	7	2	Titus rf	4	2	1	0
Konetchy 1b	3	0	10	1	Magee lf	3	2	1	0
Evans rf	3	0	3	0	Br'sfield 1b	3	2	12	1
D'hanty 2b	4	3	0	2	Knabe 2b	4	0	1	9
Shaw cf	3	1	3	0	Doolan ss	4	1	2	8
Charles ss	4	0	2	2	Dooin c	3	0	6	0
Harmon p	1	1	0	0	Corridon p	3	0	2	0
Raleigh p	2	0	1	2					
*Murphy	1	0	0	0	Totals	32	9	27	14
Totals	33	8	27	12					

*Batted for Raleigh in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	4

Errors—Charles, Raleigh. Two-base Hit—Magee. Sacrifice Hits—Grant, Dooin, Magee, Bransfield. Double Plays—Knabe, Doolan and Bransfield; Knabe, Bransfield and Grant. Stolen Bases—Titus, Byrne. Bases on Balls—Off Harmon 1, off Corridon 3. Struck Out—By Harmon 1, by Raleigh 2, by Corridon 6. Hits—Off Harmon 4 in 4 innings, off Raleigh 5 in 5 innings. Left on Bases—St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 6. Time of Game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpire—Emslie.

* * *

Chicago 8, Boston 3.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Reulbach won his twelfth consecutive game by beating Boston 8 to 3 to-day. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b	5	2	1	6	Thomas lf	3	2	3	0
Sheckard lf	4	0	2	0	Becker rf	3	1	1	0
Stanley rf	3	0	0	0	Coffey ss	4	1	1	2
*Zim'man	1	1	0	0	Beaumont cf	4	2	3	1
Kane rf	0	0	1	0	Shean 2b	4	0	1	0
Chance 1b	2	1	15	2	Stem 1b	4	0	8	3
St'nfeldt 3b	4	1	2	3	Sweeney 3b	4	0	1	0
Hofman cf	4	1	2	0	Smith c	4	1	4	3
Tinker ss	4	2	2	4	Tuckey p	2	0	2	2
Archer c	2	2	2	2	Ferguson p	0	0	0	0
Reulbach p	2	1	0	2					
Totals	31	11	27	17	Totals	32	7	24	11

*Batted for Stanley in seventh.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Chicago	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	*	8
Boston	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3

Errors—Reulbach, Becker, Coffey, Sweeney 2. Two-base Hits—Evers, Smith, Chance. Home Run—Archer. Hits—Off Tuckey 10 in 7 innings, off Ferguson 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice Hits—Becker, Archer 2, Chance, Tuckey, Reulbach. Stolen Base—Beaumont. Double Play—Beaumont and Smith. Left on Bases—Chicago 5, Boston 5. Bases on Balls—Off Reulbach 1, off Tuckey 2. Struck Out—By Reulbach 2, by Tuckey 1, by Ferguson 1. Time of Game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Kane and Klem.

* * *

Brooklyn 1, Pittsburg 0.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 4.—Pittsburg could secure but four scattered singles from McIntyre to-day and Brooklyn won by a score of 1 to 0. Willis pitched a good game. Score:

Pittsb.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Clarke lf	3	1	1	0	Burch cf.-lf.	3	1	2	0
Storke 3b	3	0	1	2	McElveen lf.-cf.	4	0	2	0
Leach cf	3	0	0	0	Lennox 3b	4	0	0	1
Ab'tic'o ss	4	1	0	3	Alperman 2b	4	1	2	0
Miller 2b	4	2	3	4	Lumley rf	3	1	0	0
Abstein 1b	3	0	12	1	Hummel 1b	4	0	13	0
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	McMillan ss	3	1	2	6
Wilson rf	3	0	6	0	Bergen c	3	0	6	1
Gibson c	2	0	4	1	McIntyre p	3	1	0	4
Willis p	2	0	0	0					
†Barbeau	1	0	0	0	Totals	31	5	27	12
Phillippe p	0	0	0	0					
Totals	29	4	27	11					

*Batted for Abstein in ninth.
†Batted for Willis in eighth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Errors— Leach, Alperman, McMillan. Hits—Off Willis 4 in 8 innings, off Phillippe 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice Hits—Storke, Leach, Burch and Lumley. Stolen Bases—Miller, Burch. Double Play—Lennox, McMillan and Hummel. Bases on Balls—Off McIntyre 2. First on Errors—Pittsburg 2, Brooklyn 1. Struck Out—By McIntyre 3, by Willis 4. Wild Pitch—Willis. Time of Game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpire—O'Day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 10—1. Boston 3—2.

Boston, Aug. 4.—Detroit and Boston broke even in a double-header before more than 25,000 spectators to-day, the visitors winning the first game, 10 to 3, and the home team getting the second contest, 2 to 1. Detroit batted hard in the first game, securing eighteen hits and knocking two pitchers out of the box. The second game was a pitchers' battle, Boston winning by bunching hits in the fourth inning. Karger was very effective with the bases occupied. Manager Lake and Lord were put off the field in the first game for disputing a decision. Scores:

Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McIntyre lf	5	0	2	0	Niles lf	4	0	2	0
Bush ss	5	3	1	1	Lord 3b	4	1	2	5
Crawford cf	5	3	6	0	Gardner 3b	0	0	0	0
Cobb rf	5	3	0	0	Speaker cf	4	0	1	2
Rossman 1b	5	2	14	0	Gessler rf	4	4	2	0
Mori'ty 3b	4	0	0	0	Wagner ss	4	0	4	6
O'Leary 2b	5	3	3	5	Stahl 1b	4	2	8	0
Stanage c	4	3	1	1	French 2b	4	0	2	4
Speer p	4	1	0	2	Carrigan c	3	1	5	2
					Madden c	1	0	1	0
Totals	42	18	27	9	Schlitzer p	0	0	0	1
					*Donahue	1	0	0	0
					Wolter p	2	0	0	0
					Nourse p	0	0	0	0
					Totals	34	8	27	20

*Batted for Schlitzer in second.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Detroit	1	1	1	0	1	4	0	2	0	10
Boston	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3

Errors—Stanage, Niles, Lord, Wolter. Two-base Hits—Crawford, Cobb 2, O'Leary, Stahl, Speer, Bush. Hits—Off Schlitzer 4 in 2 innings; off Wolter 14 in 6 innings. Stolen Bases—Lord, Gessler, Cobb 2, Bush 2. Double Plays—Lord, French and Stahl; O'Leary and Rossman. Left on Bases—Detroit 10; Boston 5. Base on Balls—Off Schlitzer 2; off Speer 1; off Wolter 2; off Nourse 1. Base on Errors—Detroit 1. Struck Out—By Schlitzer 1; by Speer 1; by Wolter 1; by Nourse 1. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Connolly and Egan.

SECOND GAME.

Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McIntyre lf	4	1	1	0	Niles 3b	2	0	1	1
Bush ss	4	0	1	4	Hooper lf	4	0	2	0
Crawford cf	2	0	3	0	Speaker cf	3	1	1	0
Cobb rf	4	1	3	0	Gessler rf	3	1	0	0
Rossman 1b	4	2	6	0	Wagner ss	3	0	4	3
Mori'ty 3b	4	1	1	2	Stahl 1b	3	0	10	1
O'Leary 2b	4	1	2	0	French 2b	2	0	3	5
Stanage c	4	1	6	0	Carrigan c	3	1	6	2
Donovan p	2	0	1	1	Karger p	3	0	0	2
*Mullin	1	0	0	0					
Totals	33	7	24	7	Totals	25	3	27	14

*Batted for Donovan in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Detroit	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Boston	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	*	2

Errors—Niles 3, Karger. Two-base Hits—Carrigan, Speaker, Gessler. Sacrifice Fly—Niles. Sacrifice Hits—Karger, Crawford, Donovan. Stolen Bases—Speaker, Wagner. Left on Bases—Detroit 8; Boston 4. Base on Balls—Off Donovan 2; off Karger 1. Base on Errors—Detroit 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—Niles. Struck Out—By Donovan 6; by Karger 3. Time—One hour and twenty-seven minutes. Umpires—Egan and Connolly.

* * *

Washington 1—6, Cleveland 0—2.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Washington won both games of to-day's double-header from Cleveland, 1 to 0 and 6 to 2. Delehanty's fly, which Flick lost in the sun, went for two bases and resulted in the run that won the first game. Hughes lasted one inning of the second game, but Oberlin was a puzzle thereafter, while Booles was hit timely and was given poor support. Scores:

W'sh'ton.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cleveland.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Browne rf	4	1	1	0	Goode rf	3	1	0	0
Milan lf	3	0	2	0	Stovall 1b	4	0	13	1
Unglaub 1b	4	0	8	1	Flick cf	3	1	3	0
Deleh'ty 2b	4	2	1	3	Lajoie 2b	4	0	0	6
Lelivelt cf	3	1	0	0	Hinchman lf	4	1	2	1
Conroy 3b	3	1	3	0	Clarke c	4	1	1	1
McBride ss	3	1	1	4	Perring 3b	3	0	1	4
Street c	2	0	10	1	Ball ss	2	0	2	6
Johnon p	3	0	1	1	Joss p	3	0	2	1
Totals	29	6	27	10	Totals	30	4	24	20

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	*	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Error—Ball. Two-base Hits—Goode, Delehanty. Sacrifice Hit—Milan. Stolen Bases—Goode, Ball. Base on Balls—Off Johnson 2; off Joss 1. First Base on Errors—Washington 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Johnson 2. Struck Out—By Johnson 8; by Joss 1. Wild Pitch—Johnson. Time—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpires—Kerin and Evans.

SECOND GAME.

W'sh'ton.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cleveland.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Browne rf	4	1	2	0	Goode rf	3	1	0	0
Milan lf	3	2	2	0	Stovall 1b	3	0	10	0
Unglaub 1b	4	2	11	1	Flick cf	4	2	1	0
Deleh'ty 2b	3	1	3	4	Lajoie 2b	4	2	2	6
Lelivelt cf	3	0	4	0	Hinchman lf	3	0	1	0
Conroy 3b	3	1	1	1	Clarke c	4	1	2	0
McBride ss	4	1	2	2	Perring 3b	3	0	2	2
Street c	4	0	2	1	Ball ss	4	0	6	5
Hughes p	0	0	0	1	Booles p	2	0	0	4
Oberlin p	3	1	0	1	Sitton p	0	0	0	0
					*Bradley	1	1	0	0
Totals	31	9	27	11	†Easterly	1	0	0	0
					Totals	32	7	24	11

*Batted for Booles in eighth.
†Batted for Sitton in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Washington	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	*	6
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2

Errors—Delehanty, Flick, Lajoie, Clarke. Two-base Hits—Lajoie, Browne. Three-base Hit—Delehanty. Hits—Off Booles 9 in 7 innings; off Hughes 2 in 1 inning. Sacrifice Hit—Stovall. Stolen Bases—Browne, Milan, Unglaub, Delehanty, Lelivelt, Conroy. Double Plays—Conroy, Delehanty and Unglaub; Ball and Lajoie; Ball and Stovall. Base on Balls—Off Oberlin 2; off Booles 3; off Sitton 1. First Base on Errors—Washington 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Oberlin. Struck Out—By Oberlin 2; by Booles 1. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Evans and Kerin.

BLUEGRASS LEAGUE.

Lexington 7, Frankfort 2.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The Lexington Colts turned the tables on Frankfort here to-day, winning by a score of 7 to 2. The visiting batters hit McDowell almost at will, while "Happy" Doyle had the local sluggers on his staff at all stages of the game. Chapman's one-handed catch of a long fly off Angemeier's bat in the first inning was one of the features of the game, and the swift work of Allison on third for Frankfort and Harper's game at first were also features. Reggy, Lexington's new shortstop, did the best hitting of the day, making four hits out of four times up. Errors by the Frankfort fielders at critical stages also helped in the scoring. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Lexington	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	7	10	0
Frankfort	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	9	4

Batteries—Doyle and Downing; McDowell and Yantz. Two-base Hits—Kaiser, Reggy, Viox, Angemeier. Left on Bases—Lexington, 9; Frankfort, 5. Sacrifice Hits—Chapman, Robbins, 2. Struck Out—By McDowell, 1. Base on Balls—Off Doyle, 1; off McDowell, 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Chapman, Kaisel. Passed Ball—Yantz. Time of Game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Hanley and Retsch.

* * *

Richmond 1, Paris 0.

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—In a record-breaking game for time for this city, and perhaps the league, the Pioneers took Paris into camp this afternoon by a score of 1 to 0, in a game lasting only fifty-five minutes. The visitors, on two occasions, with no outs, had a runner on third, but the masterly pitching of Creager, with sharp fielding behind him, cut off the runs. Barnes, for the visitors, also pitched superb ball, only allowing four hits, one of which came after Maloney had reached first on Maxey's error, when two were down, causing Maloney to score. Snappy and fast work of both teams was the feature. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	*	1	4	1
Paris	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2

Batteries—Creager and Dawson; Barnes and Elgin. Struck Out—By Creager 6; by Barnes 4. Base on Balls—Off Barnes 1. Sacrifice Hits—Hanagan, Baird. Stolen Bases—Scott, Baird, Maloney. Two-base Hit—Ochs. Three-base Hit—Dugger. Left on Bases—Paris 6; Richmond 5. Time—Fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Piepho.

OPENING GAME AT KANSAS CITY

Colonels Expect To Win Majority of Games From the Blues.

ALL THE PLAYERS CONFIDENT.

Owner Grayson Trying To Buy Two Heavy Hitters To Strengthen the Local Team.

BREWERS BEAT THE HOOSIERS.

LOUISVILLE baseball enthusiasts are taking considerable interest in the present trip of the Colonels. Peitz's men begin a series of four games at Kansas City this afternoon and the local followers of the sport believe that these contests will be bitterly fought, but that Louisville will win three out of the four.

Hogg will probably do the pitching for the Louisville team in the opening game to-day. He is undoubtedly one of the best twirlers in the American Association and if he could control his temper he would win a majority of the games in which he officiates for the Louisville club. He has been effective against Kansas City and before the Colonels left Tuesday night he requested that he be allowed to work in two games against the Blues.

Before they started on the trip all of the local players appeared to be enthusiastic regarding the outcome of their swing through the Western circuit. They claimed they would make a much better showing on this trip than on the last journey.

The race in the Association is still very close among at least Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Louisville and several consecutive victories would put the Colonels near the top. Every man on the team believes that he belongs to what will prove to be the pennant winner and this confidence will go a long way toward producing victories. Peitz's men believe they constitute a stronger team than that of either Minneapolis or Milwaukee and they think that the three defeats which the Millers administered to them at Eclipse Park were due mainly to the luck of baseball. At any rate, they have gone into the West expecting to play good ball and they will try hard to win every game. This is about all the local fans could expect.

In the meantime, William Grayson, Jr., the owner of the club, declares that he will strengthen the team with hitters as soon as possible. He did not accompany the players on this trip, but remained here to make some improvements at Eclipse Park and to try to close deals for two players for whom he is negotiating. These men are of big league class and while their names have not been given out, it is certain that Barney Dreyfuss, owner of the Pittsburg club, gave Mr. Grayson the necessary information. Mr. Dreyfuss is a baseball fan and he has the records of most of the players in the country on the end of his tongue. During his stay here while he was attending the funeral of the late Harry C. Pulliam, Mr. Dreyfuss was informed by the new owner of the Louisville club that he was ready to spend any reasonable amount for new men who would strengthen the locals. Mr. Dreyfuss not only told Mr. Grayson that he would assist him in every way possible, but he gave him the names of the two players for whom the local magnate is now negotiating. Just when these deals will be consummated no one can say, but the fact that the new owner is really trying to strengthen his team will be pleasing to the local rooters.

* * *

Milwaukee 5, Indianapolis 3.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 4.—The Milwaukee team had little trouble winning to-day, beating Indianapolis by a score of 5 to 3. Dougherty was invincible outside of the sixth inning, when a home run by Carr over the left field fence scored three runs. Dougherty's support was brilliant, a catch by Barry and the short field playing of Jimmy Barrett being the features. Score:

Milw'kee	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Strunk cf	4	0	2	0	Chadb'ne lf	4	2	4	0
Barry lf	3	1	2	0	Hayden rf	5	0	0	0
McGann 1b	4	1	10	0	Smith cf	2	1	4	0
Randall rf	3	2	3	0	Carr 1b	4	1	10	1
Clark 3b	3	0	0	1	Burke 3b	4	1	0	0
Barrett ss	3	1	2	3	Howley c	3	0	2	1
McC'm'k 2b	2	0	3	0	Williams 2b	4	0	0	3
Warner c	3	0	4	0	Hopke ss	4	0	3	3
Dough'ty p	2	2	1	1	Graham p	4	2	1	3
Totals	27	7	27	5	Totals	34	7	24	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Milwaukee	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	*	5
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3

Errors—Barrett, Smith, Williams. Two-base Hit—Dougherty. Home Runs—Barrett, Carr. Sacrifice Hits—Strunk, Barry, Clark, Randall. Stolen Bases—Strunk, McCormick, Randall, Burke. Double Play—Barrett and McGann. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 3, Indianapolis 8. Bases on Balls—Off Dougherty 4, off Graham 2. Struck Out—By Dougherty 4, by Graham 1. Time of Game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Owens and Sullivan.

STANLEY FOR KANSAS CITY?

Manager Shay, of Tebeau's Team, Expects To Win Majority of Games From Colonels.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The Blues will begin a long series of twenty-one games here to-morrow, opening with Louisville, and upon this long stay at home much depends. If the Blues can win a majority of the games played here they stand an excellent chance to land in the first division. A run of hard luck, however, will put them back.

Manager Shay said to-night that he expected to win a majority of the games from the Colonels. "We had tough luck in Louisville," said Shay, "but we hope to have things break for us this time."

It was given out to-night that Gus Hetling would be traded inside of the next week. He will probably go to Chicago, and in return Tebeau will receive a good sum of money and Joe Stanley. This will mean that Love will be taken out of the outfield and placed on third.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Nashville 10, Atlanta 3.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 4.—Nashville was strong at the bat to-day and defeated Atlanta 10 to 3. The grounds were marshy from rain, causing East to slip as he threw to catch a runner at second in the seventh inning. The throw gave Atlanta the opportunity to score and but for it, there might have been a shut-out. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Nashville	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	*	10	15	1
Atlanta	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	7	1

Struck Out—By Duggan, 4; by Rogers, 0. Base on Balls—Off Duggan, 2; off Rogers, 6. Sacrifice Hits—Bay, Wiseman, Newton. Two-base Hits—Wiseman, Seabaugh, Noyes, Barr. Double Plays—Newton to Smith; Walkers to Smith to Walkers. Time—One hour and thirty seven minutes. Umpire—Carpenter.

* * *

Birmingham 6, Montgomery 2.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 4.—Birmingham stopped the winning streak of Montgomery this afternoon by playing an exceptionally good game. Dickson's steady pitching, fast base-running by Birmingham aided them in running up a score. Guese, for Montgomery, was wild, and allowed eleven hits. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Birmingham	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	6	11	6
Montgomery	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	6	1

Sacrifice Hits—Ellam 2; Raftis, Henline. Stolen Bases—Kerwin, Yancey 2, Henline, Raftis, Daley. Wild Pitches—Guese. Hit by Pitcher—Raftis. Left on Bases—Montgomery 5; Birmingham 6. Bases on Balls—Off Guese 2; off Dickson 4. Struck Out—By Guese 4; by Dickson 2. Time of Game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Rudderham and O'Brien.

* * *

Mobile 4, Memphs 1.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 4.—Mobile won the fourth game of the Memphis series this afternoon by playing errorless ball and hitting the ball with men on bases. Bittroff held Memphis without a run until the ninth inning, when he weakend and three hits and a sacrifice fly-out by Wagner gave the visitors their lone tally. Mobile winding up the winning with a double play. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Mobile	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	*	4	6	0
Memphis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	4

Stolen Bases—Watson, McCay, Thornton, Babb. Sacrifice Hits—McCay, Wagner. Bases on Balls—Off Dick 7; off Bittroff 3. Struck Out—By Dick 3; by Bittroff 6. Double Play—Sentell to Rhoton to Sabrie. Passed Ball—Ludwig. Left on Bases—Mobile 7; Memphis 7. Time of Game—Two hours. Umpire—Fitzsimmons.

* * *

New Orleans 6, Little Rock 0.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 4.—The Little Rock team was beaten the fourth consecutive time in the closing game of the series here to-day, Hess pitching great ball and having the visitors at his mercy throughout. A series of errors by Berry, Perry and Sentz, coupled with three safe hits, netted five runs for New Orleans in the first inning and the result was never in doubt. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5
New Orleans	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	*	6	9	1

Two-base Hit—Collins. Sacrifice Hits—Collins, Welmer. Double Plays—Rohe to Dexter; Buchannan to Collins to Carey. Struck Out—By Hess 2; by Buchanan 2. Base on Balls—Off Hess 1; off Buchanan 1. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Moran and Pfenninger.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 4.—Chattanooga and Columbus played a double-header here to-day, resulting in an even break. Chattanooga lost the first by the score of 7 to 2, mainly by reason of errors. The second was won by Dobbs' men by timely hitting and good base running. In each game the losing team secured the majority of hits. Scores:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Chattanooga	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	5
Columbus	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	*	7	7	0

Batteries—McKenzie, Meek and Rule; Hixon and Coveney. Time—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpires—Westervelt and Thompson.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
Chattanooga	0	0	0	0	1	1	*	2	3	0
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2

Batteries—Baskette and Meek; Hixon and Coveney. Time—One hour and ten minutes. Umpires — Westervelt and Thompson.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 4.—Savannah won both games of to-day's double-header, Columbia playing the second under protest. The first game was a pitchers' battle, but the second was uninteresting. It was called to allow the visitors to catch a train. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Savannah	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	1	3	1

Batteries—Wagner and Kahlkoff; Demaree and Petit. Time of Game—One hour and twenty-seven minutes. Umpire—Gifford.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Savannah	0	0	3	3	0	1	*	7	10	0

Batteries—Evans, Kahlkoff and Colby; Murray and Lauzon. Time of Game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpire—Gifford.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 4.—To-day's game was called at the end of the seventh inning to allow Augusta to catch a train, with the score tied. Baker muffed a fly in left field that allowed Henn to score the run that tied the game in the fifth inning. Both Redfern and Griffin, who relieved Hannafin, were effective. McMahon was benched in the third for shying a bat at Umpire Van Syckle and giving the latter a stout shove when he called McMahon out on strikes with two out and two on bases, retiring the side. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
Augusta	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	7	2
Knoxville	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	7	2

Batteries—Hannafin, Griffin and Carson; Redfern and Massing. Time—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpire—Van Syckle.

Jacksonville, Fla., Aug. 4.—In a close, sharp and brilliant contest, the locals this afternoon took the last of the series from Macon. Both Lee and Clark were effective, but the locals hit opportunely. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Macon	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	1
Jacksonville	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	7	2

Batteries—Clark and Robinson; Lee and Roth. Umpire—Collins. Time—One hour and twenty minutes.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 4.—Sample and Bemis both worked well, the former being found for eight hits, which he kept scattered throughout the game. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	1
Zanesville	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	4	7	1

Batteries—Bemis and Zimran; Sample and Smith.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 4.—Fisher's triple, following Magee's double and Jewell's single sent two runs across the plate in the seventh and Wheeling took the game, 3 to 1. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Wheeling	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	5	1
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	9	2

Batteries—Covington and Cady; Wolfe, Philips and Stratton.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 4.—Lindsay struck out ten men to-day, the locals winning 3 to 1. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
South Bend	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	*	3	4	1
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	6	3

Batteries—Lindsay and Wells; Hagerman and Clark.

Dayton, O., Aug. 4.—Miller was wild to-day and was hit hard, the locals winning easily. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Fort Wayne	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	1
Dayton	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	*	6	9	0

Batteries—Miller and Heckinger and Clark; Yingling and Pearce.

Local Team Goes To Hardinsburg.

The Bender team will leave Friday morning for Hardinsburg, where they will play a team of that place. The Benders have just entered the City League, and they intend to make a strong fight for the pennant. Although they lost their first game, they are confident of landing at the top. This is the first they have lost since reorganizing, and they are sure of taking both Friday and Saturday's games. Those who will take the trip are: Gude, W. Schreck, C. Schreck, R. Wyatt, A. Wyatt, Scott, Duncan, Turner, Weiss, Franck and E. Augustus, who will manage the team.

Black Cats Now Called Fairmounts.

The New Albany Black Cats have secured Fairmount Park for the rest of the season and hereafter will be known as the Fairmounts. This team was organized four years ago as youngsters under 14 years old, but they are now able to hold their own with first-class teams. In the four seasons they have made a wonderful record, winning 86 out of 113 games played and have never been shut out. This season they have won 12 out of 15 games played.

Strikes Out Fourteen Men.

Morganfield, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Morganfield easily defeated Providence by a score of 7 to 1. The feature of the game was the pitching of Hancock, for Morganfield, who struck out fourteen men and allowed only five scattered hits, and held the visitors safe at all stages of the game. Batteries—Morganfield, Hancock and Griggs; Providence, Martin Woods and Wesley. Hits—Morganfield 13; Providence 5.

Eastern League Results.

At Baltimore—First game, Rochester, 12; Baltimore, 4. Second game, Rochester, 2; Baltimore, 1.

At Providence—Providence 2; Toronto 1 (ten innings).

Jersey City-Montreal game postponed; rain.

Newark-Buffalo game postponed; rain.

Texas League Results.

At Oklahoma City—Oklahoma City 5; Waco 2.

At Dallas—Dallas 3; San Antonio 1.

At Fort Worth—Fort Worth 2; Houston 1.

At Shreveport—Shreveport 7; Galveston 2.

CENTER SHOT IN HANDICAP

Beats Good Field At Six Furlongs and Breaks Track Record.

FIVE FAVORITES ARE FIRST.

Lady Sybil Has No Trouble In Winning the Ontario Handicap For Two-Year-Olds.

YOURELL IS REINSTATED.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The luck of the talent still continues at the Windsor track, five out of the seven choice getting home in front, while the other winners came from the ranks of well-played outsiders, and the twenty-three books that cut in had a bad day.

Jockey Howard and an apprentice boy named Davis carried off the riding honors. Each rode two winners. The course, in spite of the early morning shower, was fast, and another track record was shattered when Center Shot, in the handicap, the fourth on the card, in a hard drive outgamed Colloquy in the closing strides and incidentally took off two-fifths of a second from the track record.

The talent started off in the first race by taking Lotta Creed at a liberal price, and she rewarded the confidence by romping home an easy winner from Mae Henly, the pacemaker. Herman was the "good thing" in the race, but the best that he could do was to finish third.

Any price was good enough against the chances of Arionette, and 4 to 5 was the prevailing price. Arionette romped home with ease, while Injury, well played by the Texas contingent, took the place, and Darrington had no contention for third honors.

The feature of the day's racing was the Ontario Handicap for 2-year-old fillies, at five furlongs. The event went to the Valley Farm Stable, which had Lady Sybil and English Esther as starters. The entry opened as the favorite, and received heavy support, while Turf Star, with an impost of 126 pounds, was the second choice in the betting. The field was away to a fair start, with Scruples in front. At the first turn Lady Sybil assumed the lead and went under the wire a winner by a good margin; Patsalaga lasted long enough to save the place from the fast-coming Turf Star, which finished third.

The handicap at six furlongs brought together the best sprinters at the track, of which Center Shot and Colloquy were the choices, while Cal Milam's entry, Ada Meade and Merrick, was well fancied by the sharpshooters. Colloquy took the lead at the start, and carried the field along at a merry clip, and at the turn for home had the majority of the field behind her dizzy. Center Shot, reserved the first part, shot out of the bunch, and at the sixteenth pole caught the pacemaker, and racing her into defeat, drew away steadily in the closing strides, winning by a length. Merrick, coming with a belated rattle, finished strong, but the best he could do was to finish third.

The last race furnished one of the most exciting finishes of the day, when Pedro, the favorite, and Lanigan came down the stretch head and head, the former getting the decision by a short margin.

The Canadian Racing Commission, at an adjourned meeting this morning, restored Jack Sheehan and Mike Daly to favor, and also granted a license to Marty Yourell. The latter will ride for John Ferris. Summaries:

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; 2-year-olds; selling:
Lotta Creed, 106 (Howard), 4 to 1 ... 1
Mae Henley, 110 (Warren), 5 to 1 ... 2
Merman, 110 (Burns), 7 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:07 3-5. Whim, Judge Walton, Fearnaught II., Clem Beachey, Hallock, Metzie, Inferno Queen and Kyrat also ran.

Second Race—3-year-olds and up; selling; purse $400; six furlongs:
Arionatte, 102 (Davis), 7 to 10 ... 1
Injury, 104 (Burns), 7 to 1 ... 2
Dareington, 115 (Dreier), 15 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:12 4-5. Ida May, Cloisteress, Cahlice, Mrs. Sewell, Irrigator, Sabado, Work and Play and Dorothy Webb also ran.

Third Race—Ontario Handicap; $1,200 added; 2-year-olds; five furlongs:
Lady Sybil, 108 (Howard), 3 to 2 ... 1
Patasalaga, 108 (Troxler), 10 to 1 ... 2
Turf Star, 126 (Kennedy), 2 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:00 3-5. Eva Tanguay, Scruples, English Esther, Polly Lee and Front Row also ran.

Fourth Race—3-year-olds and up; handicap; purse 500; six furlongs:
Center Shot, 113 (Burns), 12 to 5 ... 1
Colloquy, 113 (Lee), 5 to 2 ... 2
Merrick, 102 (Kennedy), 16 to 5 ... 3
Time, 1:12 1-5. (New record.) Ada Meade, Uncle Jimmy Gray, Charley Eastman, Sewell, Sig. Hasty Agnes and Emperor William also ran.

Fifth Race—3-year-olds and up; selling; purse $400; one and one-sixteenth miles:
County Clerk, 106 (Davis), 4 to 1 ... 1
Booma, 101 (Howard), 5 to 1 ... 2
Belle Scott, 106 (Kennedy), 4 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:47. Desperado, Floreal, Fair Messenger, Oriental Queen, Sniff, Gilvedear, Lady Baldur, Sister Phyllis, Solon Shingle and Elgin also ran.

Sixth Race—3-year-olds and up; selling; four furlongs; purse $400:
Youthful, 109 (Harty), 4 to 1 ... 1
Minot, 109 (Herbert), 5 to 1 ... 2
Johnny Blake, 109 (Troxler), 7 to 2 ... 3
Time, 1:13 2-5. Protagonist, Many Colors, Merry Gift, General Lee, Serenade, Firebug, St. Clair, Flarney and Annotation also ran.

Seventh Race—3-year-olds and up; selling; purse $400; one and one-eighth miles:
Pedro, 102 (Reid), 2 to 3 ... 1
Lanigan, 104 (Flynn), 12 to 1 ... 2
Procia, 95 (Brannon), 7 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:53 1-5. Lillie Turner, Arrowswift, Maid Militant, Warner Griswell, Lawyer Miller, San Primo, Imboden and Pink Linen also ran.

WINDSOR ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; selling; 2-year-olds:

Emmy Lou	98	Inflection	102
Daisy Garth	103	Gallant Pirate	106
Banives	107	Laveno	107
Kid	108	Galvesca	109

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; selling; 3-year-olds and up:

Minnie Bright	93	Loyal Maid	98
Serenade	98	Brown Tony	98
Cath'e Caldwell	98	Pills	98
Sinfran	100	Croydon	101
Wausau	106	Youthful	106

THIRD RACE—One mile; 3-year-olds and up:

Grania	91	Alice Mack	91
Alice	91	Capewell	93
Tom Hayward	93	John A.	96
Meadow	96	W. A. Leach	96
Hyperion II.	102	Martin Doyle	105
Vox Populi	105	Old Honesty	105
First Premium	105	Tourenne	110
Hanbridge	110		

FOURTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; selling; 3-year-olds and up:

Lady Milnor	93	Beatrice K.	109
Gen. Marchmont	100	Plume	93
Hazlet	103	Silverin	103
Billy Bodemer	105	Selwik	103
Confessor	109	Boserrian	106

FIFTH RACE—One and three-sixteenth miles; selling; 3-year-olds and up:

Malediction	97	Red Huzzar	99
Montclair	101	Flora Riley	104
Giles	107	Reidmore	109

SIXTH RACE—One mile; 3-year-olds and up (maiden jockeys):

Ball Hazard	89	Lucky Ford	89
Mary Lutz	92	Gwendolyn F.	97
Mary Candlemas	98	The Thorn	99
Hands Around	102	Little Minnie	102
Snowball	103	Pellgroso	103
Kildare	105	Harry Richeson	105
Dredger	107	Toddy Hodge	107

SEVENTH RACE—One mile; selling; 3-year-olds and up (maiden jockeys):

Anne McGee	92	Occidental	92
Red Shawl	92	Eustachia	108
Wineberry	94	Ceremonious	97
Col. Zeb	97	Rebel Queen	97
Banrida	102	Grande Dame	102
Elder	104	Uncle Toby	107
Posing	108	Huerfano	110

Carolina Association Games.

At Anderson—Winston-Salem 2; Anderson 0.

At Charlotte—Spartanburg 7; Charlotte 1.

At Greenville—Greenville 1; Greensboro 0 (16 innings).

FAVORITE IN FEATURE RACE

Hill Top, At Short Price, Easily Wins Mohawk Stakes.

THE FIRST DISQUALIFICATION.

Sir John Johnson Finishes First, But Is Set Back and Victory Goes To Jack Atkin.

S. F. HYMEN SECURES PRETEND.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Hill Top, at 1 to 3, easily won the Mohawk Selling Stake, one mile, the feature of the card here to-day. High Range cut out the pace to the stretch, where the favorite moved up, and won easily by half a length.

The first disqualification of the meeting occurred in the fifth event, a handicap at seven furlongs. Sir John Johnson, who finished first, repeatedly interfered with Jack Atkin, the favorite, and was disqualified. The placing was Jack Atkin first; Apache second, and Prince Ahmed third.

S. F. Hymen bid up Pretend, winner of the first race, to $3,000, and secured him. It was an advance of $1,800 over his entered selling price. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs; $600 added:
Pretend, 106 (Dugan), 9 to 5 ... 1
Madeline L., 99 (McCahey), 10 to 1 ... 2
Pulka, 104 (Goldstein), 50 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:14. Amyl, Zephyr, St. Dunstan, Moltke and Evening Song also ran.

Second Race—Steeplechase; selling; $400 added; two and a half miles:
Pagan Boy, 150 (McAfee), 3 to 5 ... 1
Fincastle, 142 (Wilson), 6 to 1 ... 2
Student King, 131 (Hughes), 8 to 1 ... 3
Time, 5:29. O. K. also ran.

Third Race—Handicap; mile and an eighth; $600 added:
Moquette, 109 (Page), 7 to 5 ... 1
Pins and Needles, 95 (McCahey), 9 to 5 ... 2
Arcite, 124 (Powers), 13 to 5 ... 3
Time 1:52 4-5. Only three starters.

Fourth Race—One mile; the Mohawk; for 3-year-olds; value $1,200.
Hill Top, 101 (McCahey), 1 to 3 ... 1
High Range, 101 (Hinchcliff), 12 to 1 ... 2
Quantico, 106 (Goldstein), 10 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:39 1-5. Homecrest and Sententious also ran.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs; handicap; all ages; purse; $500 added:
Jack Atkin, 135 (Powers), 7 to 5 ... 1
Apache, 101 (Page), 8 to 1 ... 2
Prince Ahmed, 119 (Taplin), 5 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:24 4-5. Berry Maid, Dorante, Alfred Noble, The Squire, Fort Johnson and Domund also ran. Sir John Johnson finished first, but was disqualified for fouling.

Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; for 2-year-olds; $450 added:
Ethel Lebrune, 109 (Scoville), 7 to 5 ... 1
Sorel, 109 (Goldstein), 6 to 1 ... 2
Dominica, 109 (Page), 3 to 1 ... 3
Time, 1:07. Fulfill, Top Notch, Herpes, Old Rose, Queen's Song, Pocket and Shepherd's Song also ran.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Fillies; for 2-year-olds; selling; five and one-half furlongs:

May Florence	108	Madeline L.	99
Placide	107	Responseful	94
Cellaret	106	Palo Chiqueto	94
Indian Maid	105	Lucetta	94
Fiofield	99	Helen Carroll	94
Gimp	99		

SECOND RACE — Steeplechase handican; for four-year-olds and up; about two miles:

Thistledale	170	Ballacalla	147
Reginald	157	Selectus	133
Steven Lane	150	Rampant	130
Byzantine	149		

THIRD RACE—For 3-year-olds and up; selling; one mile:

Tony Faust	108	G. W. Burt	101
Hans	105	Thomas Calhoun	99
Sir Cleges	103	Hurlock	99
Verbatim	102	Right Guard	97
Judge Ermentrout	101	Eschau	94
		May River	94

FOURTH RACE — The Alabama of $5,000; for 3-year-old fillies; one and one-eighth miles:

Maskette	124	Lady Bedford	116
Miss Kearney	116	Gliding Belle	111

FIFTH RACE — Handicap; for 3-year-olds; six furlongs:

Mary Davis	122	Twilight Queen	100
Rose Queen	120	Geo. W. Lebolt	95
Tim Pippin	115	Jolly	94
Pocomoke	100	Stolypin	89
Dr. Barkley	97		

SIXTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and up; nonwinners in 1909; selling; one mile:

Fontainebleu	112	Rye	103
Laily	110	Mugwump	103
Dark Night	108	Miss Catesby	101
Rosimiro	106	Comedienne	101
Acrobat	106	Sanguine	101
Deburgo	106	Turley	100
Robert Cooper	105	J. H. Reed	97
Mombasa	105	Ruble	97
Yorkville Beau	103	Blackford	90
Imitator	103		

SEVENTH RACE—For maiden 2-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs:

Mazarin	110	Capt. Swanson	110
Baron Dieska	110	Diction	110
Voltaire	110	Ten Paces	110
Lord Baltimore	110	Eddie Dugan	110
Candleberry	110	Marigot	107
Herkimer	110	German Silver	107

Vanderbilt's Horse a Winner.

Paris, Aug. 4.—The Prix de Villers at Deauville to-day was won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Messidor III.

Mr. Vanderbilt's Bat's Delight ran fourth in the Prix de Honfleur.

Race For Emperor William Trophy.

Cowes, Aug. 4.—The yacht racing here to-day in connection with the Cowes regatta showed some interesting events. The principal race was that for Emperor William trophy, in which there were ten starters. It was won by the German schooner Susanna on time allowance; although the Germania finished first. The Cicely was second and the Susanna third. In the twenty-three-metre class the White Heather defeated the Shamrock.

Victory For College Athletics.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 4.—College athletics won a victory to-day when the House by a viva voce vote overwhelmingly defeated a bill to prohibit not only football, but also all intercollegiate baseball games by teams representing State institutions. The penalty for violation was loss of State financial support.

Mt. Sterling Beats Cynthiana.

Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The Mt. Sterling baseball club won from the local team at Riverside Park this afternoon by a score of 6 to 1. Batteries—Mt. Sterling, Chenault and Gay; Cynthiana, Linville and Maffett. Hits—Mt. Sterling, 12; Cynthiana, 6. Struck Out—By Chenault, 9; by Linville, 8. The feature was a home run by Brown, of the visitors, in the first inning, scoring a man ahead of him. Mt. Sterling will play here again to-morrow.



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MUCH INTEREST IN COMING BOUT

Fight Fans Talk of Contest Between Jeffries and Johnson.

BIG NEGRO IS THE CHAMPION.

Jim Coffroth Trying To Get Stanley Ketchel and Billy Papke To Meet In Finish Fight.

LEWIS ALSO AFTER A TITLE.

SOME of the writers who have been claiming that James J. Jeffries would never meet Jack Johnson in a championship battle are beginning to feel now that the big fellow will make an effort to regain the title. There has been an impression among sporting men that as long as Jeffries decided to come back into the ring and fight that he would still retain the heavyweight championship. This is not correct for the simple reason that in 1905 Jeffries publicly announced his retirement and at Reno, Nev., when he refereed the contest between Jack Root and Marvin Hart, declared that he would retire from the ring for all time and turn over the title to the winner of the contest.

This battle was won by Hart, who was later defeated by Tommy Burns. That is where the chubby Canadian became the heavyweight champion. It might also be well to announce that when Tommy Burns defeated Gunner Moir in England he became the heavyweight champion of that country for the reason that Moir had previously claimed the title. It may be that there have been few heavyweights in England since the time of Charlie Mitchell, but nevertheless Moir and others had the right to claim the title and defend it. The same has been done in years gone by and therefore Burns became champion of England, and when Johnson defeated Burns he became the undisputed heavyweight champion of the world and has the right to claim the championship of England in the bargain if he so desires, which would leave Sam Langford with no title at the present time.

Getting back to Jeffries it can be stated with all confidence that the big fellow has made up his mind to fight Johnson and will be ready to enter into a match after his trip to Europe, which will include a stay at Carlsbad, where he will take the baths. On his return it will only take about three months for him to get into condition and that will bring it to about January. Jeff has already posted a forfeit of $5,000 in New York.

* * *

Dr. E. R. Cooke, physical director of the University of Minnesota, had occasion to take Jeffries' measurements when he was in that city, and he found the retired champion to be in fairly good condition and not fat and flabby as some of the writers would make out. Jeffries' weight was 233 pounds, and his chest measurement 45 inches with expansion. His waist was 38 inches, which shows that he is not very much off form at the present time. Jeffries will fight about 220, so he has not a great deal of flesh to take off. It will be good news to the boxing fans to know that he is in much better condition than generally supposed, for they look upon Jeffries as the one man at the present time who can defeat Johnson for the championship.

* * *

Jim Coffroth, the San Francisco promoter, will not be satisfied until he brings Stanley Ketchel and Billy Papke together in a finish contest. Jim is endeavoring to bring the two rivals together some time in September and, failing in that, make it October, as he realizes that it will be a great contest if arranged to a finish. Ketchel has been taking life easy the last few weeks and Papke is doing likewise, showing at a theater in Chicago. Papke makes the claim that he was robbed of the recent battle at San Francisco and that he feels certain that he can defeat Ketchel in another trial, and possibly a longer contest, but nevertheless the followers of the game who have seen the two men in action will have to be convinced to the contrary before they will agree that Papke has anything on Ketchel, and the best way to settle it is to arrange a finish contest.

* * *

Harry Lewis, who has been after welter-weight championship for some time, but who is taking life easy in Philadelphia during the summer months, has bobbed up again and is out after new scalps. Harry met Tommy Crawford at Williamsport, Pa., the other night and put him to sleep in two rounds. Crawford was considered a pretty tough customer around Philadelphia and the easy manner in which Lewis defeated him shows that the clever Hebrew is in form again and will prove a dangerous opponent for Jimmy Gardner, who now claims the welter-weight title. A contest between Lewis and Gardner or Lewis and Jimmy Clabby at 142 pounds will be worth watching. Lewis has been giving away weight of late and announced that if Billy Papke will make 152 pounds for him he will meet the Illinois boy and give him a side bet in addition.

* * *

There is some chance of Packy McFarland and Ray Bronson, the Indianapolis lightweight, being matched in a twenty-round battle at New Orleans some time in September. The West Side Athletic club of New Orleans has already matched Hugo Kelly, of Chicago, and Frank Klaus, of Pittsburg, for the latter part of September and they want a strong card for the early part. Packy is thinking seriously of going over to England and if he can arrange matters satisfactorily will take on Bronson first and then make for the other side of the Atlantic. Bronson has proven himself a hard proposition for several clever lightweights and he has an idea that he can hold his own and possibly put one over on the Chicago lad. He has already agreed to terms with the New Orleans club and it is now up to Packy McFarland to say whether the battle will be put on. If it is arranged it will be a great contest for the Southerners and should prove one of the best cards ever put on in the Crescent City.



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PACIFIC COAST MEN SCORE EASY VICTORIES.

Lake Forest, Ill., Aug. 4.—The Pacific Coast triumphed over the South in the finals of the preliminary national tennis doubles to-day at the Onwensia Club, M. F. McLoughlin and George Janes, champions of the Pacific Coast, winning an easy victory over Wylie C. Grant and Theodore Roosevelt Pell, titleholders of the South. The score was 5-7, 6-2, 6-3 and 6-3.

The eliminating of Grant and Pell from the finals by the Californians entitled McLoughlin and Janes to compete against H. H. Hackett and F. B. Alexander, national titleholders, for the championship of America, the match to be played August 17 at Newport.

The defeat of the Southern champions, who are that in name only, inasmuch as both Pell and Grant are New Englanders, was a foregone conclusion in the minds of many critics who witnessed the play in the semi-finals yesterday. The coast champions fairly played Pell and Grant off their feet with the exception of the first set, when the young Californians seemed unable to get into action.

The work of McLoughlin and Janes was a revelation in regard to speed, their returns going back over the net as though the ball had been shot from a cannon. The service of these players also was little short of phenomenal, especially that of McLoughlin. Grant appeared to be the weak member of his team and the Californians took advantage of his comparative slowness and kept him busy much of the time.

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MORE MONEY.

House Agrees To Urgent Deficiency Report.

"UNCLE JOE" AND VICE PRESIDENT GET AUTOS.

BILL CARRIES $666,000 MORE THAN ORIGINAL.

CUSTOMS COURT OBJECTIONS.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Carrying an aggregate appropriation of $1,100,000, or $666,000 more than originally reported, the conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was adopted by the House to-day. Bitter opposition was directed against the provisions of the bill respecting the e tl-nate of a customs court and providing for the purchase of automobiles for the Vice President and the Speaker, but all attempts to send the report back to the conferees for amendment were defeated. The bill, as passed, made no provision for the payment of salaries of Judges and officers of the court.

Adjournment was taken at 4:30 p. m. until noon to-morrow.

* * *

Macon Objects.

When the House met to-day the conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was presented. The intention was to have the report receive immediate attention, but it was frustrated by Mr. Macon, of Arkansas.

Still occupying the role of objector, Mr. Macon refused unanimous consent to a motion by Mr. Payne that the rule requiring conference reports to be printed in the record should be suspended in the interests of the deficiency bill. All appeals to the Arkansas member to consent were in vain.

Incensed at this turn of affairs, Mr. Hughes, of West Virginia, declared that the business of the House should not be delayed "simply to humor some whim of Mr. Macon's."

"I don't appreciate any such gratuity as that," said Mr. Macon, more obdurate than ever.

But the Republican leaders were not to be defeated in their programme of putting the deficiency bill through to-day, and after being in session seven minutes, forced a recess for half an hour in order that the Committee on Rules might bring a resolution covering the case.

When the thirty minutes were up, Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, promptly was recognized to offer a rule which would render the Payne motion effective. The rule was put through with a whoop, the Democrats generally refusing to support the objections of the Arkansas member.

The conference report on the urgent deficiency bill then was presented by Chairman Tawney and immediately taken up.

* *

Tawney Explains.

Explaining the provisions of the report, Mr. Tawney said that as the Customs Court could not be put in operation for several months no appropriation had been made for the salaries for the Judges. He added that under the law a recess appointment could not be made. Contending that the bill had taken away the jurisdiction from the Federal Courts in Custom Courts, Mr. Mann predicted that the Judges would be appointed at once "at ten thousand per each," instead of $7,000, as had been suggested.

Mr. Tawney, however, denied that such would be the case.

An agreement was then reached to discuss the report for two hours, at the end of which time the vote would be taken.

Speeches in disapproval of the Customs Court were made by Messrs. Sisson (Mississippi), Bennett (New York) and Underwood (Alabama).

* * *

More Objection To Autos.

Mr. Garrett opposed the provision for automobiles for the Vice President and the Speaker. He said that any ordinary Justice of the Peace does more actual work than the Vice President. In bringing the debate to a close, Mr. Tawney declared that the Senators and members owed it to the dignity of their respective bodies to place their presiding officers at least on an equality with the secretary to the President in the matter of governmental conveyances.

The bill was about to pass when Mr. Clark (Missouri) moved to recommit the report, with instructions to strike out the provision for automobiles, and forced a rollcall on the motion. The automobile advocates were in the majority and voted down the motion—109 to 122.

The report was then adopted, but not until Mr. Clark again had forced a record vote.

Frank Green Is the Winner.

Oil City, Pa., Aug. 4.—With more than $20,000 in the pools, Frank Green, who took the first heat in the 2:18 pace on Tuesday, a race that was unfinished that day, defeated the favorite in the fifth and sixth heats of that event to-day. Summaries:

2:18 pace; unfinished from Tuesday: Frank Green won the first, fifth and sixth heats and the race; Charmwood second; Maggie C. third. Best time, 2:13¼.

2:21 trot; purse $400: Moline won the third, fourth and fifth heats and the race; Wilful Parole second; Joe Moore third. Best time, 2:16¼.

2:22 trot; purse $400: Darena Dale won in straight heats; Sir Thomas Lipton second; Peter Dorsey third. Best time, 2:40¼ (all heats).

2:14 pace; purse $400: Merry Widow won in straight heats; Veslen second; Willie W. third. Best time, 2:12¼.

Harrodsburg's Easy Victory.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Harrodsburg shut out Lawrenceburg here this afternoon which makes six straight games Harrodsburg has won in the Central Kentucky League. The home team has defeated every club in the league. They go to Frankfort to-morrow and play Lawrenceburg Friday. There was not an error made by Harrodsburg in the game this afternoon. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Harrodsburg	4	2	0	0	0	4	0	3	*	13	12	0
Lawrenceburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8

Batteries—Chatham and Taylor; Satterwhite and Young. First Base on Balls Off Satterwhite 1. Left on Bases—Harrodsburg 3; Lawrenceburg 2. Two-base Hits—Rosser, Taylor. Struck Out—By Chatham 8; by Satterwhite 4. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpire—Stagg.

West Baden Beats French Lick.

West Baden, Ind., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—West Baden defeated French Lick to-day in a well-played game by a score of 4 to 1. Sanford had the visitors at his mercy at all times, allowing only two men to reach third base, one of them scoring on an error. Batteries—West Baden, Sanford and Coleman; French Lick, Miller and "Rat" Johnson. Umpire—Jackson.

New Pitcher For Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 4.—The addition of a new pitcher for the National League club of this city was announced to-day by President Hermann on the purchase of Samuel Smith, of Chicago, now with the Montreal club of the Eastern League.

Virginia League Games.

At Portsmouth—Portsmouth 1; Richmond 5. Second game: Portsmouth 1; Richmond 2.

At Lynchburg—Lynchburg 3; Danville 2.

At Roanoke—Roanoke 0; Norfolk 1.

Want Sunday Ball In Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 4.—In the Senate to-day a bill was introduced to give gulf coast towns the right to sanction Sunday baseball. This includes Mobile.

ELECTION VOID; CHARGES UPHELD

(Continued From First Page.)

except to cast his vote, and that he should protect with an impartial hand the lives of all persons, irrespective of their political faith.

* * *

Conduct of Police Denounced.

On the day of registration and the day of the election, the police force was not only active in political affairs, but in some instances its members were guilty of outrageous conduct.

After reviewing testimony introduced at the trial that the police intimidated voters, Judge Parker said:

* * *

Police Partisans.

This record leaves no doubt that on election and registration days, the police force was assigned more with an eye to their duties as partisans than as officers of the peace, and while it may be that they were not expected to break out into acts of violence, nor to become intoxicated, it is to be regretted that there was some intoxication among them, and acts of insult and violence that cannot be condoned.

It is noticeable that no policeman has been held responsible by the city authorities for any act done by them in violation of law, and contrary to their sworn duty on registration or election day. From the testimony given by Mayor Waddy and the other members of the Police Commission, it would seem that no proceeding is to be taken against a police officer unless official notice is given of misconduct on his part. The rule is a strange one, and if adhered to, is likely to result in demoralization of this force.

* * *

Proof of Fraudulent Registration.

It is unnecessary to discuss in detail the evidence of bribery and illegal registration. As against the 6,826 votes cast acted as Democratic judge on the day of election at that precinct. He doesn't remember anything about Eades on registration day; yet someone on registration day was undoubtedly permitted to register in his name, although Mr. Ahern, the judge, was well acquainted with the man.

* * *

Would Take a Volume.

It would require a volume to give all the cases where illegal registration is charged. In this opinion it will not be attempted. As said before, it is patent upon the face of the papers that many were allowed to register without any claim whatever to that right. The race-track precinct comes forward with a registered vote of 700, two and one-third times as many as are allotted by law to one precinct, and in answer to the suggestion that improper registration can be corrected by striking the names improperly there from the book, in the race-track precinct only one, Noah Miller, was stricken out. This man was registered as a colored Democrat, the real Noah Miller, who claimed a residence in the county, not having registered at all.

* * *

Purpose of Election Certificates.

The proof of the purchase of registration certificates, principally by policemen, and sometimes, by Democratic workers, is overwhelming. H. H. Barnes, a man of high standing, describes the condition at the race track precinct. He says that Overly, Cropper and Tincher, policemen, who were, and they, and some few gentlemen whom he did not know, were making every effort to get their men in; men he never had seen before; that they registered boys from 16 to 18 years of age, and that he suggested to a gentleman who had formerly been on his side, when he saw men buying certificates, that he would not do it so openly. He says they would call off boys from 16 to 18 years of age and right in their sight buy their certificates, and this, he claims, to have seen from twenty-five to forty times. Barnes further states that he went into Mr. O'Neil's office in the afternoon to telephone home, and that there he saw two gentlemen, one of them a policeman, sitting counting these certificates, which he could safely say numbered from one hundred to a hundred and fifty; that he saw

Jurist Who Decided Lexington Contest Cases.



JUDGE WATTS PARKER.

for the two candidates, and about the same number estimated by the County Judge as being in the entire territory, the registration books of the city show a registered vote of 8,623. The count of this registered vote may not be exactly correct, but this is within a few votes of it. If this vote as registered is correct, it shows that about one-fourth of the voting population of Lexington remained away from the polls. This is not to be believed. Party spirit ran high in this election, and if there were no other evidence in the case the registration books, and the vote cast at the election, would be proof conclusive that the registration had been fraudulent.

* * *

Cases Cited.

Aside from this, there is ample evidence of illegal registration. It is not only shown that many persons were illegally registered, but that this illegal registration was done pursuant to a skillfully devised and systematic plan. Boarding-houses, barbershops, lodging-houses, livery stables and many other such places were selected as suitable from which to register illegal votes. A vacant house from which some family had recently moved frequently had one or more representatives on the registration books. In one case a negro woman testified that a boy of about 12, whom she exhibited, bore the name of the person registered as a voter from her number; in at least one case, a person who had been killed was registered as a voter. In the Yellmantown precinct a man is registered as W. Edes, 611 West Third street, as a white Democrat, and by the supplemental registration William Eades, 611 West Third street, is also registered as a white Democrat. Thomas Ahern, the Democratic judge of the Yellmantown precinct, testifies that he knew William Eades, went to school with him, and that he, Ahern, money in Tincher's hands when he bought certificates, the amount being two or three dollars at a time.

Upon the whole case should the election be declared valid as voicing the will of the people, or should the court hold that from the numberless irregularities and frauds perpetrated, it should be declared void? Perhaps no one more fully than the judge of this court recognizes the right of the people to do as they please with that which is their own. The source of all power, and with the right to govern themselves as they please, their will as expressed at the polls, should be obeyed. They commit errors, but when they discover their error they will always finally correct it. The action of the people expressed by their votes should not only be respected by courts of justice, but no court should ever dare annul it. Where, however, from the evidence it appears that the certified returns do not express the will of the people and the court is satisfied that in procuring these returns, the rights of the people have been trampled upon and disregarded, a court should set aside, no matter at what cost, the result thus procured.

In the election in question the voting precincts were laid off by a Democratic court; the election officers to conduct the election were selected by a Democratic commission; the police force on duty on registration and election days were Democrats and ardent Democratic workers. So organized, the Democrats cannot complain if they be held to a strict accountability. Repeated violations of the law, such as looking at ballots after they were stamped, and marking the ballots improperly before they were voted, appear to have occurred. In the Irishtown precinct, one of the candidates, armed with his weapon exposed as he carried it started towards the election booth with the avowed purpose of taking the sheriff out, unless the polls were opened, and this, as he puts it, was fifteen or twenty minutes after 6.

The right of the citizen to vote is guaranteed by the Constitution, and with this right is the right of security in going to and being at the voting place. From the arguments made by defendant's counsel, and especially from their cross-examination of witnesses, it would appear that they entertained the idea that before the voter has any relief he must have shown that he exhausted every means in his power to vote, and failing in this, that he has a right to complain. This is not the law. To each citizen the State owes the right to cast his vote in safety and free from threat, intimidation, or abuse of any man. In return for his support of the State, in time of peace, and its defense in time of war, he should be given the right to express in security his wishes at the voting place. Elections and registrations can be fairly conducted. If officers of election would try to do their duty frauds upon a large scale would be impossible. Instructed to uphold the law, it does not appear that any policeman or detective has ever made even the feeblest effort to bring to justice an offender in this election. One of the members of the detective department was the manager of the Democratic campaign. He could surely ascertain whether offenses had been committed either by members of the police department or other persons, and if they had been committed to take such action as his duty required at his hands.

In the opinion of this court, to uphold this election would be to offer a premium for official misconduct, and this will not be done.

Wherefore, it is adjudged, that the election held in the city of Lexington, Kentucky, on the 5th day of November, 1907, at which election W. R. Milward, Sr., and John Skain were candidates for Mayor, be, and the same is, declared to be void.

Lexington's Mayor Ousted By Judge Parker's Decision.



JOHN W. SKAIN.

STOCK TRADER OVERCOME BY THE HEAT YESTERDAY.

John E. Flynn Falls To Sidewalk On Fifth Street—Condition Considered Serious.

John E. Flynn, a stock trader, 50 years of age, was overcome by heat at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon while walking past the entrance of Congress alley, near the Kentucky Title building on Fifth street. He was picked up unconscious by passersby and carried to the office of Dr. Charles I. Groves, in the courthouse. There Dr. W. B. Smock attended him.

Mr. Flynn was walking toward Sixth street, when he fell on his face. The Central station patrol wagon was called and the victim was removed to his home in Summit Park, just beyond the city limits. Dr. Frank Morris was called to attend him, and it was stated that his condition is critical.

As a member of the Woodmen of the World, and doing work about the Bourbon stockyards for the last several years, Mr. Flynn was well known in business circles in that branch of commerce. He has a wife and three children.

AT THE THEATERS.

Bill At Avenue.

A feature that is winning much favor at the Avenue this week is the turn of Arthur Browning, whose soft-shoe dancing is as good as any ever seen on a local stage. He is forced to respond to several encores at every performance. Second in favor is the turn of the Zat Zams, two natives of Mexico, in which the male member stands the female against a board and very adroitly sticks a number of sharp knives around her form so close as to cause the audience to wince every time he throws one. It is a novelty and is well worth seeing.

For next week, Manager Shriner announces a bill that is composed of "Dainty" June Roberts and company in a fantasy entitled "The Doll Maker's Dream," which is said to have scored quite a hit everywhere it has been presented. She is followed by Al Summers and Tops, Topsy and Tops with the usual assortment of high-class motion pictures.

To-morrow night will be given over to the amateurs.

* * *

At the Hopkins.

Hopkins' patrons are finding lots of pleasing things on the bill this week. Klindt Brothers, who are pronounced types of circusdom, are appearing in a comedy acrobatic act. There are two of these performers, whose capers, while doing thrilling stunts, convulse audiences with laughter.

Jack Davis is another fun-maker. His specialty is essaying the role of a shiftless "darky," in which he gets off several catchy songs. Possessing a voice of unusual quality, Miss Ollie Westerman is giving a repertoire of popular song selections. The illustrated song by Harry Browne is another attractive feature.

A new series of moving pictures will be shown this afternoon.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended August 4:

Stations.	Tem.	Pre.	Stations.	Tem.	Pre.
Abilene	100	.01	Marquette	74	1.04
Amarillo	94	.16	Memphis	92	.00
Atlanta	80	.88	Montgomery	92	.00
Cairo	90	.00	Nashville	90	.32
Cincinnati	82	.88	New Orleans	84	.06
Charlotte	78	T	New York	68	.76
Chattanooga	84	T	North Platte	86	.00
Chicago	86	.02	Oklahoma	98	.00
Corp. Ch'ti	88	.00	Omaha	90	.00
Davenport	90	.00	Palestine	96	.00
Dodge	92	.01	Pittsburg	82	.00
El Paso	92	.00	San Antonio	96	.00
Fort Smith	98	.00	Shreveport	96	.00
Galveston	88	.00	St. Louis	90	.00
Indianapolis	84	.02	St. Paul	86	.00
Jacksonville	86	.64	Vicksburg	90	.00
Kansas City	88	.54	Washington	78	.04
Little Rock	92	.00	Yel. Park	82	T

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Ky., Aug. 4, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.13	30.03
Temperature	73	84
Dewpoint	69	67
Relative humidity	87	58
Wind velocity	3	3
State of weather	Cloudy	Clear

TEMPERATURES AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Ky., Aug. 4, 1909.

Maximum temperature	88
Minimum temperature	73
Mean temperature	80
Normal temperature	78
Departure for day	+2
Departure for month	0
Departure since March 1	—31
Prevailing winds	NW
Mean barometer	30.08
Mean relative humidity	72
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	T
Normal precipitation	.19
Departure for day	—.19
Departure for month	—.46
Departure since March 1	+4.01

HOURLY READINGS.

6 a. m.	72	2 p. m.	86
7 a. m.	73	3 p. m.	87
8 a. m.	77	4 p. m.	85
9 a. m.	80	5 p. m.	88
10 a. m.	82	6 p. m.	86
11 a. m.	82	7 p. m.	85
12 noon	84	8 p. m.	83
1 p. m.	85		

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river continues to fall at this point. The stages last night were: 3 feet 4 inches on the falls, 5 feet 6 inches in the canal and 10 feet 3 inches below the locks. Business on the wharf was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton, at 4 p. m. ....Indiana, Capt. Maurer, for Cincinnati, at 5 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, from and to Cincinnati.....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton.....Tell City, Capt. Anderson, from and to Evansville.....Clermond, Capt. Green, from and to Leavenworth.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Louisville and Evansville Packet Company has chartered the steamer Harley from the Cumberland River Packet Company for an indefinite period. The boat will be run between Louisville and Stephenport and will make three trips a week. The Harley has been running in the Cumberland River trade until the low water forced her to lay up. She is a sternwheeler 160 feet long and 30 feet wide. The boat arrived at New Albany Tuesday afternoon and the work of repairing her was started immediately. She will start in her trade about the latter part of next week.....The Tell City arrived and departed on time yesterday with good freight consignments and big passenger lists both ways.....The Indiana will be the packet for the Queen City to-day. She leaves from the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m. for Cincinnati and all intermediate points.....Richard Hardesty, third clerk of the steamer City of Cincinnati, has resumed his duties on his boat. Mr. Hardesty has been off attending the funeral of his father, who died last week.....There is a rumor afloat that the steamer Bob Rhea, owned by Capt. W. W. Parminter, will enter a trade out of Louisville. Capt. Parminter is in Louisville awaiting the arrival of his boat, which is expected this afternoon. The Bob Rhea ran in the Cumberland River trade, but as the river is very low she was forced to suspend navigation.....The steamer G. W. Hill, which is being constructed at Howard's shipyards for Capt. Hill, of St. Louis, will be finished within a month. The boat will run out of St. Louis. The Lee Line wharfboat, which is also on the ways, is rapidly being completed.....The Clermond brought in a big cargo of freight from the lower bends yesterday.....The cut-rate excursion to Cincinnati will be given as usual Saturday and the fine sidewheel steamer Indiana will be the boat to carry the excursionists. The Indiana is a big, commodious steamer and is capable of carrying a large crowd. Capt. C. C. Fuller expects a banner crowd to make the trip.....The Park City is due to arrive to-day from Camp Nelson. She returns to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Capt. C. V. Williams is her agent.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

W. S. Mathews & Sons to American Piano Player Co., 140 feet, southwest cor. of Twenty-sixth and Courtenay, $40,000.

John Hodgins to S. W. Smith, lot in Albemarle subdivision; $1.

Chas. Scrieber to J. S. Moreman, 57 acres; $1.

Jos. Rudolph to Major Taylor, tract in county; $1.

Maria Gernert to L. J. Kammerer, 9 lots in Gernert's subdivision; $1.

Louise Braitling to Mary Mann, 26 feet, north side Laurel Court; $1.

Caldwell estate to J. C. Weikel, 35 feet, south side Baroness, east of Clay; $1.

Same to Chas. Weikel, 35 feet, south side Baroness, east of Clay; $1.

Same to J. M. Weikel, 35 feet, south side Baroness, east of Clay; $1.

G. R. Hunt, Jr., to M. M. Sale, lot in Highland Park; $1.

Fred Weikel to Louise Hafner, 33 feet, southwest side Hilliard, northwest of Slaughter; $1.

J. S. Moreman to Chas. Schreiber, 50 feet, east side Twenty-sixth, south of Portland; $1.

Nort B. O'Connell to E. J. O'Connell, 35 feet, north side Greenwood, east of Thirty-fourth; $1.

C. W. Grove to J. E. Tuell, 33 feet, east side Twenty-sixth, north of St. Xavier; $1.

Ter. McClosky to J. L. Isaacs, 29 feet, south side Magazine, east of Twenty-eighth; $1.

J. W. Hafner to Fred Weikel, 22 feet, east side Twenty-sixth, south of Congress; $1.

Retta E. Kuipers to Clara A. Ewing, 30 feet, north side Broadway, west of Twenty-fourth; $1.

Geo. Schaefer to J. T. Fletcher, 25 feet, east side Preston, south of Lampton; $1.

J. E. Dawkins to Marg. O'Connor, lot in Dawkins subdivision; $1.

John Rohrman, Jr., to H. M. Brennan, 20 feet, northeast cor. of Seventh and Davies; $1.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Lack of rain caused an appreciable falling in the rivers to-day, and the enforced idleness is becoming tiresome to rivermen. The stage to-night at Davis Island dam was 12.1 feet in the pool and 9.3 below the dam. At Freeport there was a stage of 1 foot. The packet Columbia, Capt. William Lloyd, was in and out to-day from Morgantown. The excursion steamer Sunshine carried members of St. Mark's Episcopal church to Rochester and return on their annual outing.

Wheeling, Aug. 4.—River 3.7 feet and falling. Clear and warm. Departed: Indian, Matamoras, 11:30 a. m.; Royal, Clarington, 3:30 p. m.

Point Pleasant, Aug. 4.—River 5.2, and rising. Clear.

Cincinnati, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio River was 9.6 feet, and falling. Showers and warmer. Arrivals to-day were: Greenland, from Charleston; Courier, from Maysville; Chilo, from Chilo; Indiana, from Louisville. Departures: Greenland, for Pomeroy; Courier, for Maysville; Chilo, for Chilo; Indiana, for Louisville. The J. O. Cole and Crownhill are due to-morrow with tows of logs from the Big Guyandotte River.

Madison, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—River 9.8 feet, and falling. Steamer Columbia up, returning at 6 p. m. with 700 excursionists from Louisville, under auspices Daughters of America. Weather hot.

Paducah, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Gauge reads 8.5 feet, and falling. Clear and hot. Arrived: Dick Fowler, from Cairo; Joe Fowler, from Evansville; Bob Dudley, from Clarksville, Tenn.; Mary Anderson, from Caseyville, with a tow of coal. Departed: Dick Fowler, for Cairo; Chattanooga, for Chattanooga; Bob Dudley, for Nashville; Joe Fowler, for Evansville; Clyde, for Waterloo, Ala.; Mary Anderson, for Caseyville with empties.

Cairo, Aug. 4.—Arrived: Ferd Herold, Memphis, 1:30 a. m.; Clyde, Upper Mississippi, 6 a. m.; Robert Dodds, Upper Ohio, 7 a. m.; Stacker Lee, St. Louis, 11 a. m. Departed: Ferd Herold, St. Louis, 2 a. m.; Clyde, Upper Ohio, 6 a. m.; Stacker Lee, Memphis, 4 p. m. Stage, 20.1, and falling. Fair and warm.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—Arrived: Spread Eagle, Alton; Bald Eagle, Grafton. Departed: City of Saltillo, Tennessee River; St. Paul, St. Paul; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Bald Eagle, Peoria. Stage, 14.2, and falling.

Memphis, Aug. 4.—[Special.]—River here 17.7 on the gauge, a fall of 1.3 in 24 hours. Arrivals to-day were James Lee, from Friars Point; City of St. Joseph, from O. K. Landing; Harry Lee, from Ashport, and Sadie Lee, from Vicksburg. Departed: James Lee, at 5 p. m., to Friars Point; Henry Lee, at 5 p. m., to Ashport.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Aug. 4.—Sailed: Steamers Mauretania, Liverpool; Oceanic, Southampton; Oceania, Naples; President Grant, Hamburg; Lituania, Libau.

Queenstown, Aug. 4.—Sailed: Steamer Carmania, New York.

Southampton, Aug. 4.—Sailed: Steamer Adriatic, New York via Cherbourg and Wilhelm, New York.

Barcelona, July 29.—Arrived: Steamer Queenstown; steamer Prince Friedrich Gallia, New York, for Marseilles.

New York, Aug. 4.—Arrived: Steamer Teutonic, Southampton.

Not always, but ALMOST always, a want ad. will get it for you.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows:

Edwin Beck and Emma Wohlschlegel.

Edgar P. Teague and Marguerite E. Knauer.

Oscar Hillenbrand and Isabella Burwinke.

Jacob Andy Schneider and Maud M. Miller.

George Arthur Blumenberg and Ethel M. Hancock.

Tom J. Perryman and Minnie Arthur.

George Philip Gagle and Eva Quillman.

James C. Willis and Gertrude Dillehay.

Aud Lampton and Janet Bradley.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—One building lot, 40x237 feet, west side of Pope place, near Broadway, price $25 per front foot; easy terms. Call Union Station Dining-room.

FOR SALE—FARMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Ideal farm of 1,000 acres Red River land, near Ogden, Little River county, Ark.; located in new levee district and will be protected from overflow before another year; 300 acres in cultivation, balance hay meadows and fine woods pastures that will winter 500 head of stock; residence, barn store, seven tenant houses; good fences and deep well, affording abundance of soft water; all for $15,000. Will also sell growing crop, farm implements and stock, consisting of eleven mules, cattle and hogs, all at a bargain. Also 160-acre Red River farm above overflow; 120 acres in cultivation; will grow anything, $3,000; residence, small barn and ample tenant houses; located on Texas and Pacific railroad, twenty-six miles south of Shreveport, La.; price $6,000. Address W. R. CAVETT, Box 312, Shreveport, La.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—25 10x12 TENTS, WITH POLES AND ROPES, AT $6; 10,000 FT. ¾ NEW RUBBER GARDEN HOSE, IN 50-FT. LENGTHS, WITH NOZZLE AND COUPLINGS, AT $3. LOUIS P. HYMAN & CO., 529 E. MARKET.

FOR SALE—60,000 feet three-quarter rubber garden hose in 50-foot lengths, complete with coupling and nozzle, $2.50. LOUIS P. HYMAN, 529 E. Market.

FOR SALE—One young Jersey cow; fresh; heifer calf, 3 weeks old; cow is gentle; milk rich. 538 Longfield ave., Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—1 Hale tourist car; 1 illusion show, cheap, at JOCKEY CLUB, Fourth and Central aves. Ask for Harry Carr.

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones.

FOR SALE—Two first-class delivery wagons. ECLIPSE STABLE, 218-220 W. Green.

FOR SALE—A nice depot wagon and family horse; cheap. 206 Guthrie st.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By
FIDELITY TRUST CO.,
Members Real Estate Association.
119 S. Fifth St.

RESIDENCES—NEW NUMBERS.

1902	Second st., 8 rooms and all conveniences; per month	$32 50
1601	Corner Rosewood and Von Borries, in Highlands; 5 rooms, natural gas and all conveniences; per month	30 00
1136	Fourth, 12 rooms, furnace and all conveniences; stable; per month	75 00
1312	First st., just south of Ormsby, 7 rooms, furnace and all conveniences; per month	37 50
1218	Third, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	60 00
416	W. Chestnut, 10 rooms and all conveniences; per month	75 00
125	E. Caldwell, 6 rooms and all conveniences; per month	30 00
1320	First, 8 rooms, stable, all conveniences; per month	40 00
948	S. First, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	40 00
1817	Ferndale, in Highlands, 8 rooms and all conveniences; per mo.	35 00
2218	W. Main, 6 rooms; per month	17 00

APARTMENTS.

1005	Third, 6 rooms and all conveniences; per month	35 00
732-4	Sixth st., 2 modern apartments, 6 rooms each; per mo.	18 00

BUSINESS HOUSES.

207	Sixth, 2-story stores; per month for both, $65; or separately	35 00

FOR RENT—
HOUSES, COTTAGES, FLATS and ROOMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. VERY LARGE LIST.
BRUNER,
243 FIFTH ST.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—A 5-room apartment, with bath and all modern conveniences, in the southern part of city. Moderate rental. Possession given at once. Apply by Cumberland telephone, South 1331—Y.

FOR RENT—Upper apartment of 5 rooms, fine locality; building up to date; 1328 Floyd, bet. Ormsby and Woodbine; Key at 1332 Floyd or inquire at 131 S. Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—Apartment, 125 Ormsby, east of First; 5 rooms, bath, blinds, screens, water, separate entrance; beautiful surroundings. Phone 1084 South.

FOR RENT—Flat; 5 rooms, bath, stove, gas; 134 Vernon ave. Phone 3421. SPURRIER, 116 W. Jefferson.

FOR RENT—Three-room, furnished flat, private residence; references. 1304 Highland ave.

FOR RENT—Flat, 5 or 7 rooms, hot and cold water; heat and light fur. 643 3d.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — Furnished rooms, with board; steam heat, electric lights, bath, porter service, etc.; $1 per day; $4.50 per week. THE NEW FARMERS' HOME HOTEL CO., 416-420 E. Market.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; electric lights, bath, both telephones and janitor service. Home phone 388. 720 W. Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Cool, pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, bath, electric lights, both phones and janitor service. Home phone 388. 720 W. Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, excellent location; references exchanged. 920 First st.

FOR RENT—Furn. rooms for housekeeping; gas for cooking. 812 W. Broadway.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 725 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. Also two elegant rooms on main floor for offices or studio. For further information apply on premises or telephone South 1308.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Good, middle-aged, responsible, white or colored woman to take care of all youngsters and make herself generally useful. We live on a 12-acre place within five minutes' walk of East Market-street car line, and offer a worthy woman a good home at reasonable compensation. Tel. E. 900.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS. All good of womankind get places with best citizens free of charge at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. Open 9 till 4. Come ready to work, city, country, abroad. Patrons suited.

WANTED—Experienced woman to take charge of suit-altering room in large store of neighboring city. Call for Mr. A. N. COLLINS, Seelbach Hotel, Thursday, 10 a. m. till 1 p. m.

WANTED—Bookkeeper-stenographer, $50; also $40; stenographer, $50, also $30; Smith operator, $40. Register free. Ferriell, 447 W. Jeff.

WANTED — Competent stenographer; lady; good position for one experienced. Address O 185, this office.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Honest, sober salesmen to represent us permanently; excellent opening; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly; reference. NORTH JERSEY NURSERIES, Newark, N. J.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Paperbox plant; excellent opportunity for moderate investment. Call at 605 W. Market st.

AMUSEMENTS.

FALLS CITY CHAUTAUQUA
GLENWOOD PARK.

TO-DAY—Lincoln McConnell, the new Sam Jones, 8 p. m.; Shubert Male Quartette; Gertrude Canfield; Moving Pictures.

FRIDAY—Ralph Bingham, "Fun and Funnier;" Shubert Quartette; Miss Canfield; Dr. Schaeffer; Moving Pictures.

25 Cents all Day.
Take the Big Red Car.

Riverview Park

Joe Clark's Celebrated Colored Jubilee Singers.

Continuous Free Minstrel Show.

4—FREE VAUDEVILLE ACTS—4

FREE FIREWORKS Tuesday and Friday

FONTAINE FERRY
"The Park Beautiful." Free Gate.
JEWELL'S MANIKINS,
A Real Vaudeville Novelty.
4—OTHER STAR ACTS—4
(Reserved Seats at Humler & Nolan's)
Free Concerts By GREGG'S BAND LUCILLE ALBERTI.

Swimming Pool
Athletic Club—Kentucky Street, One Block West of Fifth.
FILTERED WATER
Three Sessions Daily.
Admission 10 cents. Swimming 25 cents.

AVENUE ALWAYS COOL AND COMFORTABLE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND THE BEST MOTION PICTURES.
4 Shows Daily—1 to 3, 3 to 5, 7 to 9, 9 to 11. Admission 10c; Gallery 5c; Children 5c.

HOPKINS — AS COOL AS A PAVILION.
1 to 5; 7 to 11 p. m. 10c—BEST SEATS—10c.
VAUDEVILLE
MOVING PICTURES —AND— ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—SHORTHAND or bookkeeping taught by the best course in Louisville; nothing college-like, nothing school-like; everything business-like; later improved systems; personal instruction of professionals to select and refined students; during the day and Mon., Wed., Fri. nights. Time to complete, eight to twelve weeks. Terms for either course, cash plan, $37.50; installment plan, $40, payable $15 at start, $12.50 in thirty days, $12.50 in sixty days. For particulars call or write to-day.
W. H. TRUMAN,
Expert Business Instructor,
300 S. Fourth ave., Home phone 8860.
Over Regal Shoe Store.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work. All good citizen employers invited to be pleased with reliable help. The better classes, with references, register at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. Established fifty years. The only square office.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; few weeks completes; practical experience from start; careful instructors; tools given; diplomas granted; wages Saturdays; positions waiting; wonderful demand for graduates; write for catalogue. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Experienced man to tack up advertising signs; cigarettes and booze barred; long engagement for reliable, steady man, not afraid of work. C. W. BUNCE, Jeffersonville, Ind.

WANTED—Stock clerk and storekeeper for large manufacturing plant. None but experienced men need apply. State age, experience and salary. Address D 200, this office.

WANTED—Experienced steel die and copper plate engraver. Steady job and an excellent opportunity for establishing a business of your own. Box 175, Evansville, Ind.

WANTED—Sept. 1 for lumber company, Texas, bookkeeper, $100; also invoice clerk, $65; give age and experience. Address AMERICAN OPPORTUNITY CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED—A boy not over 16 years old to learn drafting in an architectural iron works. Apply, in writing, S 178, this office.

WANTED—A driver who is willing to work; sober, honest and industrious. Apply PAT RAGEN, Floyd and Pearl.

WANTED—Stick candy makers; good, steady position. NATIONAL CANDY CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—Stenographer; good manufacturing business; $40 at start. Register free. Ferriell, 447 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—A good white man as clerk in restaurant. FRED DEPPEN, 410 Seventh st.

WANTED—Four neat-appearing men. 623 Fifth st., 8 and 9 a. m.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Real estate. If you have a piece of property you wish to sell quick, list it with us. We have the buyers who are willing to pay a reasonable price. Make your price right and we will sell it inside of thirty days. THE JAS. H. BUTTON CO., 427 W. Jefferson st. Both phones 1608.

WANTED—To buy furniture, feathers, carpets, stoves, etc. W. SMITH, 103 E. Mkt. Phones, Home 6077, Cum. M. 241-Y.

WANTED—To buy a package-delivery business. Address V V 98, care Times.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED employed people and others upon their own names without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments. Offices in 66 principal cities. Save yourself money by getting my terms first. D. H. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
Low Rates—Easy Payments.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson, second floor.

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st.

Babies' Milk Fund Association.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PURE MILK STATIONS.

The Babies' Milk Fund Association announces that the following stations are open daily for the distribution of pure milk:

Station A.—Neighborhood House, 428 S. First st., 12 to 1.

Station B.—Wesley House, 809 E. Main st., 3 to 4.

Station C.—Boone Square, 1903 Duncan st., 2 to 3 p. m.

Station D.—Thirteenth and Maple sts., public school, 11 to 12.

Mothers of babies 5 years of age and under, wishing special milk for their babies, are invited to consult with the visiting nurses at the above hours.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Connecting rooms; front has alcove; nicely furnished; 2d floor; good table; private family; reference required. Telephone S. 2124—A. 1107 First st.

BOARDING—Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent table board; transients solicited. MRS. E. B. HUME, 821 S. Third.

BOARDING—Rooms for couple or 2 gentlemen. 825 Second. Home phone 7818.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST OR STOLEN—From one of Tabb Transfer wagons, one red tarpaulin, folded and in a burlap sack, Monday afternoon at Fifteenth and Rowan, or bet. Thirteenth and Lexington and Hancock and Main and the Monon Depot, Fourteenth and Main. Reward.

LOST—Dog, female black and tan, named Bessie, name of D. Edgar Wasson on collar; return to A. P. ROLLING, 2015 Second st., and receive $10 reward.

LOST—One pair solid gold invisible glasses in security mounting. LATTA OPTICAL CO., reward.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

75c to Cincinnati
$1.00 ROUND TRIP
—on—
Steamer Indiana
Saturday, August 7, at 5 p. m.

Good returning August 8 or 9. Secure tickets in advance on wharfboat, foot of Third street.

Both Phones 141.

$5.00 ROUND TRIP TO EVANSVILLE

Meals and Berths Included.
Steamer Tarascon Mondays and Fridays.
Str. Tell City Wednesdays and Saturdays.
3 DAYS' VACATION TRIP FOR $5.00.
Beautiful scenery, music and dancing. Telephone M. J. CONNELLY, General Passenger Agent. Both phones 827, and reserve berths.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 410 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 256.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S. Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.

This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:20am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:10am	a* 3:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	xa* 5:00pm	xa*11:45am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:20pm	* 8:00am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:00am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:35am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:30pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:25am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:05pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:50am
Atlanta and Jacksonville	* 8:15am	* 8:15pm
Lebanon and Richmond	* 7:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 7:25am	xa 6:40pm
Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 2:00pm	xa†11:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 8:20am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 8:25am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

Frankfort and Lexington	xa8:10pm	xa10:20am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:20pm	10:30am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:25am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	9:45am

From First and Water-Street Station.

Frankfort Accommodation	† 4:30pm	† 9:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:15pm	* 8:11am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	* 6:05pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:35 a. m. trains to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Atlanta and Bristol, and on the 8:15 a. m. train to Atlanta and Jacksonville.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY—Terminal Station, Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth. Weekday schedule, effective July 11, 1909. (For Sunday and Holiday schedules see folders.)

JEFFERSONTOWN DIVISION — Cars for Jeffersontown leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:12 a. m. daily, and thereafter leave Terminal Station 6:03 and 7:03 a. m. and eighteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:18 and 9:18 p. m. Last car Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 5:53 a. m., 7 a. m., 7:33 a. m., 8 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 9:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only.

SALT RIVER DIVISION—Cars leave for Orell at 4:40 and 5:10 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Extra car (daily except Sunday) leaves at 5:20 p. m. Last car leaves for Orell at 9:03 p. m. daily except Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville at 5:35 and 6:07 a. m. daily except Sunday and holidays and forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m. daily except Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12 midnight.

OKOLONA DIVISION—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m. daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m. daily and on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:05 p. m. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m. daily and on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m.

FERN CREEK DIVISION—Cars for Fern Creek leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:05 a. m. daily and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 5:50 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:50 p. m. On Sundays and holidays last car leaves at 10:50 p. m. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:30 p. m. Cars leave Fern Creek at 5:45 a. m. and forty-five minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:45 p. m. On Sundays and the holidays last car leaves Fern Creek at 11:45 p. m. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12:25.

PROSPECT DIVISION—Cars leave Terminal Station for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and eight minutes after the hour thereafter until 10:08 p. m. Last car outbound leaves at 11:08 p. m. on Monday, Thursday and Saturday. An additional line leaves at eight minutes after the half hour for Harrods Creek, making a half-hour line up to that point up to 9:08 p. m. On Sunday this half-hour line runs through to Prospect. Cars leave Prospect at 6:20 a. m. and four minutes before each hour thereafter until 10:56 p. m., except Monday, Thursday and Saturday, when last car leaves at 11:56 p. m. Half-hour line leaves Harrods Creek at 6:28 a. m. and thereafter on the hour until 10 p. m. Last car at 11 p. m. except Monday, Thursday and Saturday, when it leaves Harrods Creek at 12 o'clock midnight.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office, 124 Fourth avenue.

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed:

ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

9:20 a. m. daily, St. Louis Special, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Princeton, Centralia, Evansville, St. Louis and way stations.

4:30 p. m. daily, "Evansville Limited," Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville, West Baden and French Lick.

10:10 p. m. daily, "St. Louis Limited," Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, Evansville and St. Louis.

8 a. m. daily, Evansville Accommodation, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and Evansville.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 5:55 p. m. and 7:10 a. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive at 12:28 p. m. and 6:50 p. m.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth-avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

7:40 a. m. daily, "Florida Limited," Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida.

4:20 p. m. daily, Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

8 p. m. daily, "Florida Special," Danville, Lexington, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville and Atlanta. Through sleeper to Chattanooga, Asheville and Atlanta.

Trains from Lexington, Danville and local stations arrive at 10:20 a. m., 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive at 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION CO.—In effect June 1, 1909.

THE HOOSIER LIMITEDS leave Louisville for Jeffersonville, Watson Junction, Sellersburg, Scottsburg, Crothersville, Seymour, Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m. and 1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS leave Louisville for Seymour and all intermediate points at 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 a. m. and 12:30, 2:30, 5:20, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

Cars make direct connections at Seymour with cars of the I. C. and S. T. Company for Indianapolis and all intermediate points, also with trains of the B. and O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and information see agents and official time-table folders in all cars. Depot, Third street, between Green and Walnut.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and River. City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market. Effective December 1, 1908.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:30am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	7:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:55pm
Central City Accommodation	4:45pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:45pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through cars Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

EAST.

Lv. Versailles	7:30am	12:20pm
Lv. Nicholasville	8:23am	1:08pm
Lv. Richmond	9:30am	2:00pm
Lv. Irvine	10:30am	3:05pm
Ar. Beattyville	11:20am	4:00pm

WEST.

Ar. Versailles	10:10am	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	9:25am	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	8:25am	3:45pm
Lv. Irvine	7:20am	2:40pm
Lv. Beattyville	6:00am	1:20pm

All trains daily except Sunday. Dec. 8, 1908.

LEXINGTON AND EASTERN RAILWAY—In effect August 1, 1908.

Trains leave Lexington for Winchester, Beattyville Junction, O. and K. Junction, Jackson and way points daily at 7:15 a. m. and 2:25 p. m. Returning leave Jackson at 6:10 a. m. and 2:20 p. m. Sunday only, leave Jackson at 7 a. m. Connections at Mt. Sterling with C. and O., Campton Junction with Mountain Central Railway, Beattyville Junction with L. and A. Railway, O. and K. Junction and O. and K. Railway.

LOUISVILLE AND EASTERN R. R.—(Pewee Valley Line)—In effect May 5, 1909. Half-hour service 6 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. as far east as Pewee Valley; hourly thereafter until 12:30 midnight. For [illegible] and Lagrange, hourly from 6:00 a. m. to 11:30 p. m. Limited trains arrive Louisville 7:57 a. m. and leave at 5:15 p. m.

Wintersmith's Tonic will tone you up.

COMPROMISE

Offered Burley Society By Scott Growers.

CANTRILL REPRESENTS MEMBERS OF ORGANIZATION.

EQUITY PRESIDENT SAYS NOT HIS MOVE.

IN THE INTEREST OF HARMONY

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The Hon. J. Campbell Cantrill returned to-night from Winchester, where he went with a delegation of Scott county farmers to present a proposition for compromise to the Burley Tobacco Society. No decision was reached at the meeting today.

Concerning his effort to reach an understanding with the Burley people, Mr. Cantrill said: "A delegation of Scott county farmers asked me to go over to Winchester to meet a subcommittee from the district board and try to reach an understanding in regard to the pool for 1909 so that both sides to the controversy might work in harmony. This delegation asked the district board that they concede in the contract that the money for the 1909 crop should be collected from the buyers and paid out to the farmers by the county boards of control and that the maximum charge for prizing, warehouseing, storing, insuring and grading the crop should be set out in the contract that the growers are to be asked to sign; that it should be put in the contract; that the Burley Tobacco Society is a branch of the American Society of Equity and that the $1 canvasser's fee per hogshead should be paid to the local unions of the American Society of Equity in counties where the local unions of that society pool the crop.

"This proposition was from these farmers, all of whom are members of the Burley Tobacco Society, and until recently my opponents in this proposition. It was not from me. I was merely their spokesman. They wanted, for the sake of harmony, to have the proposition presented, and I consented to do it.

"We left Winchester at 5 o'clock this evening with the understanding that the subcommittee would take up the matter with the district board and give us an answer later, but up to midnight, tonight we had received no reply."

The Burley Tobacco Society was represented by Messrs. Ferguson, of Scott county; Shanklin, of Mason; Thompson, of Franklin; Mann, of Kenton, and Craig, of Gallatin.

RANKS OF STRIKERS GROW AT STOCKHOLM

BUT MANY HESITATE TO JOIN MOVEMENT OPENLY.

GOVERNMENT TAKES PRECAUTIONS AGAINST RIOTS.

NO STREET CARS RUNNING.

Stockholm, Aug. 4.—The labor conflict in Sweden shows signs this morning of becoming more acute. While the ranks of the strikers are considerably swelled, the general strike called for to-day has not become entirely effective. Many organizations, although sympathizing with the strikers, hesitate to join them actively.

The employes of the street car lines and the cab drivers stopped work this morning and neither cabs nor street cars are available. The fact that the troops are protecting the gas works and the electric lighting plant has incensed the workmen, whose leaders threaten to call out all the men unless the soldiers are withdrawn. The printers' union held a meeting this morning, but resolved to postpone for the present any decision in the matter of going on strike.

A corps of workmen, some thousand strong, is being organized with the object of maintaining order and the people generally, bankers, merchants, etc., are arming themselves for self-protection. The gunshops of the city are practically denuded of revolvers and small arms. All tourists have left Stockholm, and the number of visitors now in the city is smaller than at this season for many years past.

Although the railroad men have decided not to strike, the Government is taking the precaution to guard the tracks with troops, fearing attempts to blow up bridges or injure the permanent way. Quantities of dynamite are reported to have mysteriously disappeared recently from the Government stores.

The leaders of the strikers say that the end of the week will see a notable spread of the movement; that the railroad, postal, telegraph and telephone employes and the printers will by that time have joined in the strike.

This afternoon guards were posted in the market places and the railroad stations. All milk supplies have been cut off, and thousands of babies are suffering from lack of nourishment and the change from cow's milk to canned milk.

The streets of Stockholm are filled with idlers who promenade back and forth chaffing the volunteer street cleaners, many of whom belong to the better classes. All the saloons are closed to-day and only the best restaurants are permitted to remain open, and even here it is possible to get wine only with a solid meal.

All the ferries have stopped running and there is little communication between Stockholm and the suburbs reached by water routes. This fact will result in a further diminution of food supplies. For the present all is quiet in the city, but trouble is expected when the stocks of food begin to run low.

The grave diggers employed in the Northern cemetery struck to-day. Those in the Southern cemetery are still working, but are expected to join the strike movement later.

The strike is by no means general in the provincial towns and industrial centers of Sweden. In most places the street cars are running and the city employes are at work as usual. No disturbances have been reported. The strikers total about 45,000 men, of whom 8,000 are at Malmo. The loading of ships at Gothenburg, where 10,000 men are on strike, is being done by the troops.

BY DIRECT VOTE

ALABAMA HOUSE FAVORS ELECTION OF U. S. SENATORS.

Bill Providing For a Prohibition Constitutional Amendment Comes Up.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 4.—The House passed a resolution favoring the election of Senators by direct vote.

A resolution was adopted for the appropriation of $50,000 to push the prosecution of cases in which the State is trying to secure lower freight rates in the United States courts. A bill was introduced to erect monuments at Selma to the late United States Senators John T. Morgan and E. W. Pettus. The prohibition bill was not discussed.

The bill for a prohibition amendment to the Constitution came up in the House to-day. It provides for an election on this amendment on the first Monday after the expiration of three months after the present session ends. The bill forever prohibits the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of alcoholic and malt liquors and other intoxicating liquors and beverages, with the exception that alcohol may be sold for medical, scientific and mechanical purposes, and wine for sacramental purposes, under such regulations as the Legislature may prescribe.

It declares that nothing in the Constitution of Alabama shall be construed to prevent the Legislature under the police power from designating the places where such liquors may not be stored or kept. The amendment becomes effective on affirmation.

"PA" MULLER ARRIVES HERE FROM CINCINNATI

Just In Time To See the Gaiety "Tube" Get Its Newest Lease On Life.

Michael Muller, attorney for Rudolph Hynicka, "Boss" Cox and other Queen City Republicans promoting the Gaiety Theater, is in town with headquarters at The Seelbach. Mayor Grinstead is expected to sign the latest Gaiety building code ordinance to-day and Mr. Muller has reached Louisville just in time to see the playhouse get its newest lease on life. Ever so often the Councilmen and Aldermen get busy and legalize the 100-foot lobby of the "tube" theater and just every so often "Pa" Muller pays Louisville a visit to be on hand for the good work at the finish.

Mr. Muller sauntered down to the city hall to say "Howdy" to his Republican friends yesterday at about noon. Edwin B. Green, chairman of the Board of Public Safety, who knows a thing or two about "tube" ordinances, feigned surprise when told last night that Mr. Muller was in town. Mr. Green said it was news to him and that if Mr. Muller had been at the city hall he had not seen him. It is not known whether Mr. Muller called on the Mayor relative to the ordinance which Mr. Grinstead is expected to sign to-day.

LINCOLN PENNY

MAKES ITS FIRST APPEARANCE IN LOUISVILLE.

Reaches Here In Small Cotton Sack Carried By Local Collector of Coins.

The first of the new Lincoln cents reached Louisville yesterday. The local banks haven't them, but a local anonymous coin collector has. He had a small cotton bag filled with them last night. He stated that he had sent to the Treasury Department and secured 100 of the new coins. He thinks that perhaps the pennies will be recalled before they are put in circulation in the West.

His apprehension is due, he said, to the criticism that was being raised in New York and Washington, where the coins have already been put in circulation, that the pennies are inartistic, do not stack well and are too thick to be used in the various kinds of penny slot machines.

The new coin bears the profile bust of Lincoln and the motto "In God We Trust," the date "1909," and the word "Libery" on the face. On the reverse are the words "One Cent," at the word "E Pluribus Unum," and "United States of America" in the lower center between two classic design leaves. At the extreme lower edge are the initials "V. D. B.," so minutely engraved that they cannot be made out without the aid of a magnifying glass. The letters on the new coin are engraved in a style known to tyopgraphists as modern Gothic, much used on monuments and bronze designs in recent years, and considered by exponents of the "Art Nouveau" as being more artistic than the black-face Roman of the Indian pennies, though not a standard type face.

FEDERATED DEMOCRATIC CLUBS HOLD MEETING.

Ticket Named At Convention Indorsed and Five New Delegates Are Taken In.

A rousing meeting of the Federated Democratic Clubs of Louisville was held in the rooms of the South End Democratic Club, on Brook street, near Breckenridge, last night. Delegates from a large majority of local clubs affiliated with the organization were in attendance and unanimously indorsed the ticket named at the Democratic convention.

Delegates from five new Democratic clubs in various parts of the city presented their credentials and were taken in as new members and their organizations acknowledged. They represented the following clubs which have just been affiliated:

South End Fourth and Fifth Wards Democratic Club, North End Fourth and Fifth Wards Democratic Club, South End Sixth and Seventh Wards Democratic Club, South End Eighth and Ninth Wards Democratic Club and the South End Eleventh and Twelfth Wards Democratic Club.

To-night at 8 o'clock in the German Security Bank Building, at Preston and Market streets, the North End Fourth and Fifth Wards Democratic Club will assemble its members in a meeting. Joseph M. Huffaker, candidate for reelection as Commonwealth's Attorney, will deliver a speech.

KENTUCKY COAL NOT TO ADVANCE IN PRICE NOW.

Consumption Too Small For Operators To Consider Any Increases For Some Time.

The price of domestic coal at all mines in Western Kentucky was discussed from various angles at a meeting of members of the Western Kentucky Coal Operators' Association held here at The Seelbach yesterday morning. The conference was presided over by George Atkinson and a representative gathering of operators from Western Kentucky took part in the discussion.

A prominent member of the organization said last night that the meeting was not called for any special purpose. The operators, on account of a steady falling off in the consumption of coal during the past two months and the gradual decrease of prices, desired to discuss the conditions with a view to bringing about a change for the better and the meeting was the result.

The first meeting was held Tuesday afternoon, when the subject was introduced. It was the general opinion of the operators present that no increase of prices could be declared. The adjournment came at the final meeting yesterday without any definite action having been taken.

SMOKE INSPECTOR GOES AFTER ICE FACTORIES.

Takes Out Warrants Against Three Charging Violation of Ordinance—Will Prosecute the Cases.

T. J. McCann, city smoke inspector, yesterday afternoon took out warrants for three men, who, he alleges, are responsible for concerns which have recently violated the smoke ordinance.

He secured two warrants for Charles W. Inman, president of the Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage Company, 241 East Main street. One warrant charges a violation at the plant on the south side of Main street, between Campbell and Wenzel, and the other for alleged violations at the ice plant on Seventh street, between Grayson and Walnut streets.

Warrants were taken out for H. E. Lewman, secretary and treasurer of the Union Ice Cream Company, 448 South Eighth street, and for John Meyer, president of the Independent Ice and Coal Company.

LONE WOMAN

Attacked In Her Cabin By Negro.

TROOPS CALLED OUT AT BOWLING GREEN.

MRS. CHARLES STEINBERG SLASHED IN THE FACE.

PRISONER WELL GUARDED.

Bowling Green, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Jim Sewart, a negro, is in jail here charged with assaulting Mrs. Charles Steinberg, who lives on the farm of Deputy Sheriff Tom Holeman, two miles from the city on the Morgantown pike. It was planned to-night to take the prisoner to Louisville, but a crowd of several hundred people surrounded the jail, and while many were curiosity-seekers, there were some determined men who would have done the prisoner violence and no move was made.

* * *

Soldiers Called Out.

At 11 o'clock County Judge Drake acquainted the Governor with the situation and the latter directed the local company to guard the prisoner until daybreak and then escort him to the train to be conveyed to Louisville. Fifty men under Capt. Ragsdale quickly formed, and at midnight all was secure.

* * *

Brutal Assault.

The assault occurred at 9 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Steinberg, who is the wife of a tenant on Holeman's place, was in her cabin preparing vegetables for her husband's dinner when a negro grasped her. She struggled to free herself from him, when he drew a knife and cut her on the right side of the face, slitting her jaw from the mouth to the ear. He also stabbed her in the neck and attempted to assault her.

As soon as the negro left, Mrs. Steinberg seized her infant child and ran to the pike screaming. Mr. William Voelker, a neighbor, who was passing, heard the screams and rushed to her assistance. She was barely able to tell him of the assault and of the description of the negro, when she swooned. Voelker sent a young boy named Kissler to the nearest telephone to notify the authorities and a doctor. He summoned Jailer Nat Curd, who was in the adjoining field, and together they carried Mrs. Steinberg home and stopped the flow of blood.

* * *

Quick Arrest.

When the news reached the city, Chief Dillard sent his men out and in a little while Officer Bardmaker arrested Jim Stewart, a negro answering the description given by Mrs. Steinberg. He was locked in jail and during the afternoon two brothers named Heraldson appeared at the jail and identified Stewart as the man they saw walking out the pike in the direction where the assault occurred. Stewart drove a logging team for a local firm and had been taking timber from the Holeman place, which had made him familiar with the surroundings. He moved here a short while ago from Tennessee.

LEGS GROUND OFF

BENEATH WHEELS OF TRAIN IN NEW ALBANY.

Walter J. Weber May Die As Result of Injuries—Son of Freight Conductor.

Walter J. Weber was ground beneath the wheels of a northbound Monon train for Chicago at Fifteenth and Oak streets, New Albany, last night at 9:30 o'clock. Both legs were crushed and mangled in such a shape that the surgeons and physicians attending him hold out little hope for his recovery. He was removed to the St. Edward's City Hospital in New Albany, where Drs. Easley and Starr amputated his legs above the knees.

Weber is 29 years old. He jumped on the closed vestibule platform of the rear sleeper of the train, intending, it is supposed, to ride a short distance to his home at 1414 Locust street. Just as he gained the bottom of the steps he lost his hold and fell beneath the car. Weber is the son of Peter Weber, a Monon freight conductor, who was notified at the Chicago end of his run of the accident to his son. The father gained much publicity at the time he was baggagemaster on the road. He was shot by Chesley Chambers, the bandit who looted the safe, and was later caught and sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary. This incident is well remembered in and about New Albany.

Until recently young Weber was employed as a brakeman on the Monon. He is unmarried.

ROOSEVELT LAYS CORNERSTONE

MAKES SPEECH AT CEREMONIES AT AFRICAN MISSION CHURCH AND SCHOOL.

Kijabe, British East Africa, Aug. 4.—Theodore Roosevelt and his son Kermit arrived here early this afternoon from Nairobi, and without loss of time the former performed the ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the new mission church and school for white children. In a brief address Mr. Roosevelt said:

"It is the duty of the leading race to help those who are backward to a higher plane of education, and the work of the missionaries in this movement is most important. I am particularly pleased with what you are doing by your schools for the children of the settlers in this country."

Back In Camp.

Naivasha, British East Africa, Aug. 4.—After the cornerstone ceremony at Kijabe, Mr. Roosevelt and his son Kermit came on by train to Naivasha, where they arrived later in the afternoon and at once went into camp.

TAFT TO SPEND THREE HOURS IN MEMPHIS.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 4.—President Taft will be in Memphis for three hours, from 8 to 11 in the morning, on October 2.

This definite announcement came to Secretary of War Dickinson late today in response to a dispatch addressed by Mr. Dickinson to the President, urging that Memphis be included among the cities he will visit this fall.

Touches Match To Gasoline.

After saturating the crevices of a bedstead with gasoline, Mrs. William Leonard, of 533 North Seventeenth street, thoughtlessly applied a lighted match, and the fluid instantly caught fire. The woman was painfully burned about the face and hands and the carpet and drapery in the room became ignited. The fire department was called at 5:30 o'clock and the blaze was extinguished with a loss of $100.

Cop Stops Mad Dog's Career.

Patrolman Sage, of the Second Police district, killed a mad dog yesterday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock on Market street, between Second and Third streets.

The dog, a fox terrier, was chasing a street car, with foam streaming from its mouth, when Patrolman Sage dispatched it with several blows over the head with his mace. The owner of the dog is unknown.

REPUBLICAN CITY AND COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Selects Those From Whom One Election Commissioner Is To Be Named.

The names of Lewis Humphrey, Henry L. Stone, Frank C. Nunemacher, William Heyburn and George Weissinger Smith will be sent to the State Board of Election Commissioners at Frankfort as candidates for the one Republican election commissioner to be named on the local board. The five delegates were named last night at a meeting of the Republican city and county central committee at its headquarters at Fifth and Market streets. The State board will choose one of them.

The Democrats also will submit a list of candidate within the course of the next few weks. The local election board will then be composed of Sheriff Charles A. Scholl, chairman, and the Republican and Democrat selected by the State Board of Election Commissioners.

INTERNAL DISORDERS PUT DOWN IN SPAIN

TRANQUILLITY IS RESTORED GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCES.

MOORS AT MELILLA ATTACK COMMISSARY CONVOY.

GUNBOATS SENT TO MOROCCO.

Madrid, Aug. 4.—The Government today issued an official announcement, saying the crisis in Spain is now at an end and that the country is tranquil from the Bay of Biscay to the Mediterranean. The release of Senor Iglesias, editor of El Progreso, and a certain relaxation of the censorship are considered the best evidences that the danger is past.

The Minister of the Interior has given out a statement in which he says, among other things, that not only the reservists, but volunteers, are flocking to the recruiting stations for service in Morocco.

Several gunboats have been dispatched to Morocco to be used especially in stopping the landing of contraband.

The Government announces that many foreigners have offered their services to the King as simple soldiers in Morocco. The Foreign Office announces that the final negotiations of the Moroccan Commission will not be concluded until the trouble at Melilla has ended.

Small Majority For Government.

London, Aug. 4.—A special dispatch received here from Barcelona says that at a meeting of the city council there yesterday a resolution was submitted denouncing the recent violence and incendiarism. It was adopted by the narrow margin of six votes, 22 for and 16 against it.

All Americans Safe.

Barcelona, Aug. 4.—The American consulate here announces that all Americans in Barcelona or in the affected district during the recent disorders are safe.

Commissary Convoy Attacked.

Melilla, Aug. 4.—The Moors to-day attacked a commissary convoy. The result of the engagement is unknown. Two troop ships arrived to-day.

MUCH INTEREST SHOWN IN LEXINGTON AUTO RACES.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Next Monday will be Automobile day at the Bluegrass Fair at Lexington. The event promises to be the largest day of the fair and is already attracting interest all over the country. Homer George, who will have charge of the races that day, arrived this morning from the East with news of enthusiasm by manufacturers. He brought with him two noted entries and promises of many others.

Lewis Strang, the famous Buick pilot, who has to his credit victories in three great road races and many track events, has entered every race for which he is eligible. He will drive his Cobe Trophy car and has declared he will go out for a new world's record in the fifty-mile race. Strang is coming fresh from a series of victories at Waco, Tex. He will go from here to Indianapolis to get ready for the big races there the following week.

Another noted driver whose entry was brought in to-day is that of Jimmy Ryall, the millionaire sportsman from New York, who drove the big No. 7 car in the Vanderbilt Cup race last fall. He will drive against Strang in every race and is expected from New York this week. He has an enviable track record as well as road record. It is expected that entries will be received from the Stoddard-Dayton, Marion, National, Chalmers-Detroit and other factories.

One of the interesting races of the day will be the ten-mile event for the championship of Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana, in which nonprofessionals will take part. Drivers are expected to enter against local cars from Louisville, Indianapolis, Cincinnati and other cities of the three States. Seven races are on the programme, and they are sure to be highly interesting. The Automobile day will mark the opening of the fair, which runs from August 9 to 14 inclusive.

BOSTON CLUB IS NOT GRANTED A LICENSE.

Boston, Aug. 4.—The application for the annual license of the Boston National League baseball team to play games in this city, which has hitherto been issued on the first day of August, has been returned to the office of Mayor Hibbard with the disapproval of Police Commissioner Stephen O'Meara.

Under the city ordinance the application goes to the police commissioner for his approval, and is then sent to the Mayor. It is intimated that the commissioner withheld his approval on the ground that gambling was allowed during games. A hearing will probably be held. There will be no interference with the playing of games until the matter is finally adjusted.

Approaches Wright's Record.

Chalons-Sur-Marne, France, Aug. 4.—M. Sommer, the aeronaut, using Henry Farman's bi-plane, to-night made a flight of two hours and ten seconds. This lowers all French records except that of Wilbur Wright, the American, who last year flew two hours and nine minutes at Lemans.

THE IMPORTANT THINGS.

[New York Globe.]

A Brooklyn man was assisting his family in packing up preparatory to their departure for the country. His 13-year-old hopeful was filled with the excitement of expectancy.

"Now, Freddy," said the father, "bring your things in here from your room and I'll pack them for you."

Freddy hustled out, made several trips, then sat down, viewing the scene contentedly. After a time his father turned again in that direction. This is what he faced:

One rifle, boy's size.
One baseball and bat.
One fishing rod and tackle.
One pair leather leggings.
One bathing suit.
Three boxes of cartridges.

Freddy was ready for the country. What more did a healthy boy need to pack?

For colds and malaria get Wintersmith's Tonic. Permanent results.

MARGIN AGAIN LANDS A RICH STAKE.

McDonald's Mare the Victor In a $10,000 Race At Kalamazoo, Mich., After Five Heats.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 4.—Margin landed her second $10,000 stake of the seson when she won the feature of to-day's card on a muddy track. She finished first in only two of the heats, but the others were divided and she was best in the summary, the race ending with five heats under the rule. Margin won the first handily, and in the second she beat Marie N. a neck in a hard drive in splendid time for the track. Judge Lee challenged Margin in the stretch and beat her in the third and in the fourth El Victress went away very fast and none could get near her. The fifth saw Judge Lee draw out and win in the last part, just beating El Victress, that had made a break earlier. Margin was an even-money favorite against the field before the race.

It had rained very hard in the morning and racing did not start until 3:35 o'clock, dozens of automobiles being pressed into service to squeeze water out of the track. It improved, but was muddy at the pole, and the time made was surprising.

The 2:11 pace also went through five heats, Walter Hal, the favorite, winning a heat and then being beaten. Star Direct took the second one, but could not repeat, Green Pilot being the fastest. The 2:15 pace was won handily by Walter W., a strong favorite, although King Cole, on whom the driver had been changed, made him hustle in the final heat. Summaries:

2:11 Pace—Purse $1,000:
Green Pilot, b. h., by Greenbacks—Tackey Welch, by Sphinx (Murphy) 2 3 1 1 1
Walter Hal, gr. h., by Walter Direct—Duck, by Brown Hal (Garth) 1 2 3 3 2
Star Direct, ch. h., by George Starr, dam by Red Wilkes (Boone) 5 1 2 4 4
Maconda, b. m. (Albin) 3 5 4 2 3
Billy B., ch. g. (McDonald) ..4 4 5 5 dr
Time, 2:09¼, 2:10¼, 2:08½; 2:09¾, 2:12½.

2:15 Pace—Purse $1,000:
Walter W., b. g., by Little Frank—Irene, by King Milton (Geers) 1 1 1
King Cole, b. h. (Dolige and Snow) 2 3 2
Ora Jackson, b. m. (McMahon)..6 2 3
Maybird, b. m. (Hoffman) 3 6 5
Mike A., blk. g. (Wilson) 7 7 4
Greatest Line, br. m. (Clark)..5 4 dis
Directly Connor, blk. h. (Falls)..4 5 dr
Lady Patch, ch. m. (Shuler)....8 8 dr
Time, 2:10½, 2:10, 2:08.

2:14 Trot—Stake $10,000:
Margin, ro. m., by Time Onward—Alfemeda, by Alfred G. (McDonald) 1 1 2 3 4
Judge Lee, gr. h., by Lee's Pilot -- Semiphoebe, by Simmocolon (Laselle) ... 4 4 1 4 1
El Victress, b. m., by El Benecia—Dolly, by Victory (Rosemire) 6 6 8 1 2
Alice Roosevelt, ch. m. (Murphy) 8 7 3 2 3
Penisa Maid, b. m. (Schutt) 2 3 7 7 7
Marie N., b. m. (Geers).... 7 2 6 5 5
Jack McKerron, b. h. (Shank) 9 10 4 9 6
The Angelus, br. h. (Hodges) 10 9 10 8 8
Bisa, b. m. (Cox) .... 3 8 9 10 dr
Jennie Constantine, b. m. (Grady) .... 5 5 5 6 dr
Time, 2:09¼, 2:08¼, 2:09, 2:09½, 2:12½.

TO ACT QUICKLY.

Sheep Breeders' Aesociation Will Fight "Icabies."

MEETING OF ORGANIZATION SEEMS TO BE A CERTAINTY.

QUARANTINE OF STATE MEANS LOSS OF MANY MILLIONS.

PROGRAMME OF CAMPAIGN.

Determined efforts likely will be made by the members of the Kentucky Sheep Breeders' Association to prevent a quarantine being declared against the State of Kentucky by the Government officials at Washington on account of the prevalence of a disease called scabies among the sheep of this State. Yesterday Secretary J. W. Newman, of the Kentucky State Fair, requested Gov. Augustus E. Willson in a telegram to take immediate action and at the same time urged W. T. Chilton, of Campbellsburg, chairman of the Sheep Breeders' Association, to come here to-morrow and arrange for a mass meeting of Kentucky sheep breeders with a view to warding off the impending calamity.

It is the opinion of Secretary Newman that Louisville as a sheep and lamb market, for many years recognized as the largest in the world, will pale into insignificance if county Fiscal Court officials throughout the State remain inactive and allow the quarantine to be declared. There are between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 sheep in the State now, according to his estimate, that will decrease in value to such extent that the financial loss will prove one of enormous size.

* * *

Must Take Quick Action.

When Mr. Chilton arrives here to-morrow a date for a big mass meeting of the breeders likely will be set. A notice will then be sent out to men all over the State whose interests are threatened asking them to hurry here and lend their strength to the movement to offset the step the authorities at Washington are about to take. Dr. J. N. McCormack, of the Kentucky State Board of Health, probably will be here to-morrow from Bowling Green, in which event he will confer with Mr. Newman and Secretary Chilton.

Mr. Newman believes that it will be a very easy matter for the breeders and owners to prevent the quarantine. The diseased sheep can all be taken out of the herds and cured of the disease by dipping in a solution of sulphur. The expense attached to this operation is said to be very slight, and for that reason the breeders and owners will be advised to act quickly in order to escape a much heavier expense and large losses when the quarantine is declared.

AGED MAN

HURLED MANY FEET WHEN AUTO STRIKES WAGON.

Benjamin Brentlinger, Truck Farmer, Suffers Serious Injuries and May Not Recover.

While driving a load of produce to Louisville yesterday morning at about 6 o'clock, Benjamin Brentlinger, a truck farmer, 70 years of age, living near Fern Creek, was struck by a large touring car being run by a woman. The wagon was completely demolished and Brentlinger suffered serious injuries. The automobile, it is said, though sustaining a wrecked hood, continued on its way without checking its speed.

The accident occurred on the Bardstown road, near Bashford Manor, and at the entrance to the Long place, three and a half miles beyond the city limits.

It is said that just previous to the accident, Jacob Limper, a driver for the Lexington-street brewery, was forced to turn his team into a ditch to prevent a collision with the car.

Brentlinger was hurled about thirty-five feet from the seat of his wagon and was picked up by Limper, who witnessed the accident. The aged man was carried to Kaiser's blacksmith shop, where Dr. H. P. Stivers, of Fern Creek, was called to attend him. An examination showed that he sustained a fracture of the left forearm and severe cuts over the left eye.

After his injuries were dressed he was placed on an interurban car and taken to Fern Creek, and later to his home. Dr. Stivers thinks he will recover unless complications set in, although the patient's age is against him.

None of those who witnessed the accident noticed the number of the car, but describe it as a large drab-colored touring car. Its occupants are said to have been two women and a small boy. The driver is said to have driven the car at a rapid rate of speed.

County Patrolmen Schaffer and Renfro are making efforts to ascertain the identity of the woman chauffeur.

Mother of Judge Viers Dies.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Mrs. Susan Viers died of a complication of diseases in her 92nd year. She is survived by a son, County Judge Cyrus Viers. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock from St. James Catholic church.

Nunnelleys Get An Even Break.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The J. R. Nunnelley, Jr., club, of Louisville, and the Durham Bottling Works team, of this city, crossed bats here today, playing a double-header. The score of the morning game was 2 to 1 in favor of the Durhamites. The afternoon score was 5 to 2 in favor of the Nunnellies.

Northeastern Arkansas League.

At Jonesboro—Jonesboro 2; Newport 20.
At Paragould—Paragould 2; Marianna 3.

BIG SLUMP IN COTTON MARKET

HIGH PRICES OF MONDAY DECLINE SEVENTY-FIVE POINTS.

NET LOSS FOR DAY FROM TWENTY TO THIRTY-SEVEN.

REACTION TOWARD THE CLOSE

New York, Aug. 4.—General liquidation occurred in the cotton market today, the downward movement which started yesterday, continuing with October contracts, selling at 11.92c and January at 12.02c during the early afternoon. These prices represented a net loss for the day of from 20 to 37 points and a decline of from 70 to 75 points from the high prices reached immediately after the publication of the Government crop report on Monday.

There appeared to be no changes in the general character of crop news to account for this decline, but large operators seemed to consider that the crop situation had been sufficiently discounted or that the market could not absorb the approaching new crop movement above the 12½-cent level, and the selling by these persons evidently forced liquidation by scattering longs.

Several points of the losses scored were recovered on covering operations, with the market closing steady at a net decline of 12 to 18 points, the closing bid on October being 12.12c, and on January 12.18c.

VETERINARIANS

STILL BUSY APPLYING THE TUBERCULIN TEST.

Opposition On Part of Dairymen Is Dying Out and Many Welcome Inspection.

Health officials representing the United States Government, the city of Louisville and the State of Kentucky were active all day yesterday applying the tuberculin test to dairly cattle in and around Louisville and across the river in Indiana. When the day came to a close reports on the work were received by Dr. Frank T. Eisenman, State Veterinarian. Dr. J. C. Burneson, the United States Government expert, who went to Utica, Ind., a few days ago to apply the test to dairy cows, ran out of his supply of tuberculin and was compelled to send here for more.

When Dr. Burneson crossed the river the early part of this week the announcement was made that he would return within a day or so, but it now seems that he has enough work on hand to keep him busy until Saturday. He left Louisville with 100 doses of tuberculin in his possession, and his request for another supply was granted yesterday, when the authorities here sent him enough of the material to test fifty cows.

A careful inspection of two herds of milch cows out on the Preston-street road was made yesterday by Dr. Frank T. Eisenman and his associates. At the place of A. Bower the test was applied to twelve cows. At George Meier's dairy establishment nine cows were tested.

Dr. Eisenman was asked yesterday by Dr. J. M. Purdy, of the Shelbyville Old Masons' Home, to forward him a supply of tuberculin with which to test a herd of fifty dairy cattle. Dr. Purdy informed Dr. Eisenman that it has been the custom to test these cows every year, and that the work will be done this year as soon as the tuberculin is received. His request will be granted.

It was announced yesterday that Dr. B. W. Smock, county health officer, has under consideration a plan whereby the health authorities may be able to continue their work with dairy cattle after the original inspection is completed. It is Dr. Smock's idea to inaugurate a system of tests from time to time at the various stockyards in and around Louisville and other places where dairy cattle are sold to milkmen, thus protecting them against the possibility of adding a diseased animal to their herds. If this plan can be carried out it doubtless will prove of great benefit.

THREE BOYS HURL ROCKS AND ARE LANDED IN JAIL.

Fred Dotson, Amiel Clark and Mirvel Turner, aged 18, 17 and 16 years, respectively, were caught last night near Sixteenth and Jefferson streets, and charged with throwing rocks at passing street cars, pedestrians and residences in the neighborhood of the Western cemetery. S. Applegate, living at Sixteenth and Jefferson streets, complained to the police of the Fourth district last night, that a gang of boys had bombarded his home while members of the family sat on the veranda, and that the shower of boulders caused his family much apprehension. Patrolmen Kelley and Schmidt were detailed in plain clothes to make an investigation. The arrest of the boys, whose names are mentioned, resulted. Several pockets full of large round pebbles of convenient-throwing size, were retained as evidence against the boys.

NEGRO RETURNS TO HIS THREE REGULAR MEALS.

C. M. Bishop, a trusty at the county jail, has returned to the institution, after having been on three "French leave" vacations this summer. The negro had taken advantage of the liberty given him as a trusty to make his escape, only to return to regular feeding hours, after he tired of chasing about.

He escaped last time by jumping the rear fence about two weks ago, and reported for duty again yesterday afternoon, informing Jailer Monroe that he had spent a pleasant week with his friends. Bishop is serving a year's jail sentence for stealing property from a railroad.

HEAVY DAMAGE

Done To Wheat, Oats and Tobacco

BY THE WET WEATHER IN KENTUCKY.

CORN CROP THE LARGEST IN RECENT YEARS.

TOBACCO YIELD REDUCED.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture James W. Rankin to-day got out the report of crop conditions in the State up to the first day of August. The report says that the wet weather has greatly damaged wheat, oats and tobacco. The corn crop is especially large this year. The report is as follows:

Owing to the continued wet weather farming interests of the State have been greatly damaged, and should it continue to rain as it has during the first part of the season crops of all kinds will be damaged very much.

* * *

Wheat.

Conditions are very bad at the present time, there being so much rain it has caused a great portion to sprout in the stack or shock, causing the quality to be very poor. The average will be about ten bushels per acre, selling at from $1.15 to $1.50 per bushel.

* * *

Corn.

There seems to have been one of the largest corn crops planted that we have had in many years, with conditions fairly good, owing to so much rain retarding the cultivation to some extent. Some fields not being ploughed more than once, but with rain at the right time this will make a fair yield but of a poor quality, being light chaffy. Corn is now selling higher than was ever known before—prices ranging from 80c to $1.00 a bushel.

* * *

Oats.

Oats have suffered greatly from the continued wet weather, causing them to fall down and a great many not being harvested on that account. The average yield of the oats being about twenty bushels to the acre. Prices ranging from 40c to 75c per bushel.

* * *

Tobacco.

There was a large acreage of dark tobacco planted, but a large portion has been destroyed by heavy rains and storms in many counties of the dark district and showing at the present time not more than 75 per cent. of a crop with the prospects bad for this—on account of the quality being bad the yield will be cut in half.

The Burley tobacco crop is the largest that has ever been planted in the district. Reports of this month show that the crop will be cut far below an average, on account of so much rain, causing many acres to be abandoned entirely, and others not to make more than a half a crop or less, and what is saved will be light and not yield more than seven or eight hundred pounds per acre.

* * *

Rye.

Reports show a very small crop of rye harvested, making a yield of about nine bushels per acre on an average, and selling from 80c to $1.00 per bushel.

* * *

Barley.

There is very little barley raised in the State, but reports show that what there is raised is doing nicely.

* * *

Hemp.

Hemp is doing well—prices good, seeling at 6c to 7c per pound.

* * *

Potatoes.

There is one of the largest acreages of potatoes ever planted in the State, and the yield is and will be about 100 to 150 bushels to the acre—selling from 60c to $1.50 per bushel.

* * *

Fruits.

The reports on apples varies very much—some show a very large crop while others show a very small one. So on average we might say that there will be a small yield of apples—prices being very high is another reason why we should think the crop will be short.

Peaches are not doing what they should, being full of worms—have fallen off, cutting the crop shorter than it would have been had they been sound. Prices very high, selling from $2.00 to $2.50 per bushel. There is a very small crop of all other fruit in the State.

* * *

Livestock.

Horses seem to be holding their own, but the price seems to be lower in some sections of the State than in many years, selling in some counties from $40 to $60 a head.

There is a smaller number of mules than at this time last year, and the price seems to be waning to some extent, for what reason is not known, for the reports show a decrease in number, which would usually mean higher prices—reports showing that they are selling from $60 to $125 a head.

Cattle are holding their own in number and are selling at very good prices—ranging from 3½c to 5c per pound.

Sheep are doing well and selling at fair prices—prices ranging from 4½c to 6c per pound. The number being about the same as at this time last year, which shows that the sheep industry in the State is holding its own, and we believe it to be one of the most profitable industries in the State, and advise more people to raise sheep and thereby clear their land of weeds and at the same time improve the soil and give each man who raises them a nice profit on money invested.

At the present price of hogs it seems that they would be commanding more attention than any other industry on the farm, but according to reports the number, as compared with the past two years, have greatly decreased for some reason which we are not able to give, except for cholera in some sections in the State, which might make some people afraid to try to raise them. With this exception and scabbies on sheep, which is causing considerable comment at the present time, the condition of all livestock is fine.

Poultry is higher than for many years—selling at an average price of 12c per pound, and eggs have been and are still very high and scarce—selling at an average of about 16c per dozen.

* * *

Clover and Alfalfa.

Clover in fine condition with price good—selling from $10 to $12 per ton.

Alfalfa is doing well, and the interest in this crop is increasing each year, and we hope to see every farmer growing a nice crop of it on his farm, for beyond the shadow of a doubt there is more feed value in one crop of alfalfa than in the same amount of any other hay grown. One dairyman said when he fed his cows on alfalfa he never gave them anything else while it lasted, and would get more milk while feeding it than on any other one feed, and we think this sufficient for any man who wishes to grow this valuable crop.

Injured When Leaving Automobile.

Capt. Irwin Dugan, of Dugan & Long, insurance agents, 210 Norton building, suffered an accident in alighting from an automobile at First and Breckinridge streets Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. He missed his footing and fell to the ground, severely spraining his back and wrenching his left arm. He was carried into Fisher's drugstore, at First and Breckinridge streets, and later conveyed to his home, 101 East Kentucky street, in a carriage. Although not seriously injured, he will be compelled to keep to his bed for some time.

Earthquakes In Portugal.

Lisbon, Aug. 4.—Earth shocks are being felt daily in the Ribateje region, where the populace is greatly frightened and camping in the fields.

Financial and Commercial

MONETARY.

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 4.—In the New York market call money ruled at 1¾ per cent. Time loans were strong, 4 per cent. being quoted for six months. In the local market the borrowing demand was only fair, with rates unchanged at 5 to 6 per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at par to 25 cents premium, with sales at 15 cents premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$2,021,932
Balance	340,337

There was a fairly good movement in local securities, with prices ruling strong. Columbia Trust scored the sharpest advance, selling at the Stock Exchange at 132 and closing at 132½ bid, against 128¼ bid yesterday. Northern Texas Electric common sold up to 51, an advance for the day of two points. West Penn common sold at an advance of ⅛. Portland common was bid up ½ and Louisville Traction common ¼. Louisville Heating preferred and Bourbon Stockyards were in good demand. There was a good demand for bonds. The outside list was steady.

At the Stock Exchange:

City Sewer 4s were 103 bid and 103½ asked, $1,000 each way.

Memphis Street Railway 5s were 100 bid for $3,000.

Rochester Railway and Light 5s, at the morning session, were 99⅝ bid for any part of $10,000, 99¾ bid for $3,000, $1,000 offered at 99⅞ and $3,000 offered at 100, and at the afternoon session were 99⅞ bid for $10,000.

Southern National Bank was 140 bid for ten shares.

Columbia Trust, at the morning session, opened at 128 bid for 25 shares and was bid up to 130, when ten were offered at 132 and sold, and then 132 was bid for thirty more and ten were offered at 135, and at the afternoon session was 132½ bid for thirty shares. The close yesterday was 128¼ bid.

Fidelity Trust was ten shares offered at 365 and 348½ bid for three.

Bourbon Stock Yards was 96¾ bid, an advance of ¼, fifty shares wanted, and twenty offered at 100.

Louisville Gas was twenty-five shares offered at 98, 97 bid for twenty-five and twenty-five offered at 97¾.

Louisville Heating preferred was 87½ bid for fifty shares, ten offered at 88½ and 87¾ bid for twenty, an advance of ¾.

Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was 71 bid for twenty-five shares and twenty-five offered at 73.

Seelbach Realty common was 100 bid for ten shares.

Grand Rapids common was 94 bid for fifty shares and ten offered at 100. The last previous bid was 93½.

Louisville Traction common was 96¾ bid for thirty shares, and advance of ¼, and twenty offered at 97¼.

Portland common was 82½ bid for 175 shares, ten offered at 83½ and 82¾ bid for ten, the latter bid ½ higher than yesterday.

Northern Texas Electric common, at the morning session, was 49 bid for 150 shares, fifty shares sold at 50½ and 50 bid for twenty-five and ten offered at 52½, and at the afternoon session was fifty shares sold at 51, fifty more offered at 51, and 50⅛ bid for fifty, and after the close fifty-four shares sold at 51.

Seattle Electric preferred was 104 bid and 107½ asked, ten shares each way.

Tri-City preferred was 90 bid for ten shares and fifty offered at 90¼.

West Penn common was fifty shares sold at 46¾, an advance of ⅛, and 46½ bid for fifty shares, ten offered at 46¾ and 46⅝ bid for twenty.

West Penn preferred was twenty shares sold at 80¼, and 80⅛ bid for twenty shares.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 20⅝ to 21, the preferred at 69⅝ to 70 and the 4s at 84⅛ to 84½.

Kansas City Railway and Light common was quoted in Chicago at 48 to 50, with a sale at 49.

Toledo closed in New York at 9 to 9½.

United Railways Investment common closed 35 to 37½ and the preferred at 54 to 55¾.

American Tobacco closed at 465 to 475. Standard Oil at 700 to 701, Subway at 20½ to 21 and Giroux at 9⅞ to 10.

New Orleans common was quoted in New Orleans at 19⅞ to 20¼, the preferred at 48⅝ to 49 and the 4s at 84¼ to 85½.

American Cities common was 46½ to 47 and the preferred 94¾ to 95¼.

Stock Exchange Sales.

MORNING SESSION.

$1,000 Springfield Railway and Light 5s.. 97¾
10 shares Columbia Trust 132
10 shares West Penn Rys. pref.......... 80¼
20 shares West Penn Rys. common.. 46¾
30 shares West Penn Rys. common.. 46¾
10 shares West Penn Rys. preferred.. 80¼
50 shares Northern Texas Elec. com... 50½

AFTERNOON SESSION.

50 shares Northern Texas Elec. com. 51
54 shares Northern Texas Elec. com. 51

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bank Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	138¾	140
Citizens' National Bank	220	225
First National Bank	...	125
German Bank	355	400
German Insurance Bank	355	400
German Security Bank	173	174
Louisville National Banking Co.	142¾	144½
National Bank of Commerce	180	185
National Bank of Kentucky	189¾	193
Second National (New Albany)	152	...
Southern National Bank	140	...
Stockyards Bank	180	...
Third National Bank	128	130½
Union National Bank	225½	228

Trust Company Stocks.

Columbia Trust Co.	132¼	135
Fidelity Trust Co.	348	365
Louisville Trust Co.	156½	161
United States Trust Co.	106	...

Street Railway Bonds.

Birmingham Ry., L. and P. 4½s.	91⅛	92½
Chattanooga Rys. Co. 5s	97¾	98⅝
Dallas Electric 5s	92	95
E. St. Louis and Suburban 5s	99⅝	100
Houston Electric 5s	...	95
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	94¾	95½
Louisville Railway 5s	108	108¾
Louisville Ry. 2d mor. 4½s	99¾	100¼
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	100	...
Nashville Railway and Light 5s.	102	102¾
Nashville Ry. and Light Rfg. 5s.	92	92½
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	97½	98
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s.	84¼	85¼
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	90
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	90
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	99⅞	100
Savannah Electric 5s	83	84½
Seattle Electric 5s	...	106
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s..	97¾	...
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s.	102	102½
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s.	95½	98
West Penn Railway 5s	100	...

Railroad and Miscellaneous Bonds.

Fayette Home Telephone 5s	80	...
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	110¼	...
Louisville Home Telephone 5s..	66¾	67½
Peoria Light 5s	91	92½
Chattanooga Gas Co first 5s	93	94½

City of Louisville Bonds.

City 4s, 1910	100	100¼
City 5s, old L., 1911	102	102⅝
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	102¾	103½
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1928	102¾	103½
City 4s, Sewers, 1947	103	103½
City 4s, refunding, 1937	103	104
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	95	95¾
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	95	95¾
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	95	95¾
City 3s, Sewers and Parks, 1941..	82	87

Industrial and Miscellaneous Stocks.

B. F. Avery & Sons com	96	100
Do 6 per cent. preferred	96	100
Bourbon Stockyards	96½	100
Columbia Gas and Electric	26½	27⅛
Denver Gas and Electric	135	...
Fayette Home Telephone	41	...
Federal Chemical com	50	52½
Do preferred	...	100¼
Houghton Co. Elec. Light com..	16	16½
Do preferred	22¾	23¾
Kentucky Wagon Works	127	135
Louisville Bridge stock	145	...
Louisville Gas stock	97	97¾
Louisville Heating com	53	55¼
Do preferred	87¾	88½
Louisville Home Telephone	24	30
Louisville Title Co.	103½	105¼
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com..	71	73
Do preferred	125	130
Michigan Light com	81½	...
Do preferred	98	99¾
New Galt House com	...	116
Do preferred	...	70
Pacific Coast Power	...	101
Rehm-Zeiher preferred	100	101
Seelbach Realty com	100	...
Do preferred	100	...
Turner, Day & Woolworth com..	...	104
Do preferred	117	123

Street Railway Stocks.

American Cities Ry. and Lt. com	46	47
Do preferred	94½	...
Chattanooga Rys. com	40	...
Do preferred	80	81
Col., Dela. and Marion Ry. Co..	...	34
Dallas Electric com	16	20
Do preferred	42	50
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	...	43
Do preferred	...	79½
Grand Rapids com	94	...
Do preferred	82½	83½
Lex. and Interurban Rys. Co.	6	7¼
Louisville Traction com	96¾	97¼
Do preferred	115½	116½
Nashville Ry. and Light com	...	40
Do preferred	81	83
New Albany Street Ry. pref	85	...
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	19	19¾
Do preferred	48¾	49¼
Norfolk Railway and Light Co...	...	17
Northern Texas Electric com	50½	51
Do preferred	92¼	94

	Bid.	Asked.
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	...	20
Do preferred	80	85
Portland Ry. and Light com.	82¾	83½
Do preferred	88½	89¼
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	88½	...
Savannah Electric com.	12	14
Do preferred	40	45
Seattle Electric com.	104	107
Do preferred	104	107½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	57½	58
Do preferred	...	86¼
Toledo Railways and Light	9	10
Tri-City Ry. and Light com.	27	28¼
Do preferred	90	90½
United Railways Invest. com.	27½	3[illegible]
Do preferred	55	56
Wash., Alex. and Mt Vernon Ry.	44	47¼
West Penn Rys. com.	46⅝	46¾
Do preferred	80⅞	80½

†Less than $1,000 bond or ten shares stock. ‡Ex-dividend.
Interest is to be added to all bond quotations.

News comes from Marion, O., that George Whysall, general manager, was yesterday appointed receiver of the Columbus, Delaware and Marion Traction Company by Judge Young after a hearing on a petition filed by Newton J. Catrow. A petition for a receiver was also filed at Columbus and a question of jurisdiction has arisen. Newton J. Catrow is treasurer of the company and is also president of the First National Bank of Miamisburg, O. The purpose of the petition, it is stated, is to secure the payment of a collateral note for $372,381.81, dated June 1, 1907, and due September 1, 1907, signed by the Columbus, Delaware and Marion Railway Company, executed to the company's president, John G. Webb, and by him made over to Catrow.

It is claimed that John G. Webb is not now financially responsible and that the only collateral security the plaintiff has for the payment of his loans is that consisting of 1.4 lines of railroads, its cars and equipment. The property is subject to a mortgage of $2,500,000 to secure an issue of bonds of that amount. It is also claimed in the petition that the interest on the bonds since Catrow became the holder of the note has been paid from the capital of the company and not from the earnings, and that the $23,000 interest on the bonds, due August 1, has not been paid, and that the company has no means of paying it.

The receivership is sought for the reason that the only equity Catrow may have in the properties of the company would be that remaining after the payment of the bonds is made. He claims that he has no recourse to law because any execution upon a judgment would not be satisfied without proceedings in a court of equity. He also believes that the company is solvent and seeks to prevent any action at law which would tend to impair the good will or stop the business of the company. It is understood that the assets of the company are in excess of the liabilities and it is desired that these assets be disposed of under proper court jurisdiction.

Toledo Railways and Light gross earnings for the fourth week of July were $43,583, an increase of $3,963, and for the month of July $145,873, an increase of $21,147.

Union Pacific's income in June after expenses and taxes was $3,501,289, an increase of $541,677. For the twelve months ended June 30 the total operating revenue was $78,750,461, an increase of $2,711,236; operating income after expenses and taxes was $38,234,814, an increase of $6,234,608.

Southern Pacific's June total operating revenue was $10,397,488, an increase of $1,133,893; June operating income after expenses and taxes was $3,381,596, an increase of $343,763; twelve months' total operating revenue was $120,521,908, a decrease of $2,750,514; operating income after expenses and taxes was $40,937,533, an increase of $6,275,156.

Controller of the Currency Murray has issued a circular advising banks that an unusual supply of $1 silver certificates has been prepared and will be issued by the Treasury Department in exchange for silver certificates of larger denominations to meet the fall demand for small bills.

Alfred Mestre & Co. have issued a circular on the American Car and Foundry Company, of New York, reviewing its earning capacity and development since organization. It points out that the company now has an annual capacity of 125,000 freight cars, 1,500 passenger cars, 350,000 tons of wheels, 800,000 tons of forgings and about 300,000 tons of bar iron. Analyzing the gross and net profits from year to year it concludes that the success of the concern has been attained very largely by efficient business methods and the adoption of a policy of selling goods at competitive figures. Referring to the common stock's market prospects, it says: "If, as seems quite logical, the profits of the company in the year 1910 far exceed those of 1907, the dividend paying power of the company will have so far increased as to justify a much higher rate than that paid in 1908. In such a case, the common stock should sell far above present prices and ultimately reach a permanent plane as a first-class dividend paying industrial security."

A Chicago dispatch says: "The National Wool Warehouse and Storage Company has acquired for $16,258 a strip of land adjoining its warehouse now being erected here. With the construction of a building on this site the company will have sufficient capacity to store the entire clip of wool of the United States in a normal season. An effort is being made to create in Chicago a speculative market for wool on the same lines as business is conducted on the Chicago Board of Trade. Wool interests believe that an attempt will be made to wrest the wool trade from New England."

The Illinois Traction Company reports for June:

	1909.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$341,192	$16,921
Operating expenses and tax	210,765	22,507
Net earnings	$130,427	*$5,586
From January 1 to June 30:		
Gross earnings	$2,054,217	$140,700
Operating expenses and tax	1,218,121	79,528
Net earnings	$836,096	$61,172

*Decrease.

St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of ½ of 1 per cent. on the common stock, payable September 1, and the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the preferred, payable October 1.

The report of the Philadelphia Company and affiliated corporations, of Pittsburg, for the six months ended June 30 has been sent to stockholders. The statement is of net earnings, expenses and net income of natural gas, artificial gas, electric light, street railway, bridge and incline companies. It compares with the corresponding period of last year as follows:

	1909.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$8,952,383	$331,484
Expenses and taxes	4,751,634	*310,009
Net earnings	$4,200,749	$642,343
Other income	132,576	15,302
Total income	$4,333,325	$657,645
Fixed charges, rentals	2,292,780	59,137
Balance	$2,040,545	$598,508
Preferred dividend	150,000	....
Surplus	$1,890,545	$598,508
Proportion due to other owners of common stock of affiliated corps	2,044	*15
Final surplus	$1,888,500	$598,523

*Decrease.

During July, 1909, thirty-seven applications to organize national banks were made. Of the applications pending thirty-three were approved and six rejected. In the same month twenty-eight banks with a total capitalization of $1,295,000 were authorized to begin business, of which number twenty, with a capital of $520,000 had an individual capital of less than $50,000 and eight with a capital of $775,000 had an individual capital of $50,000 or over.

July's incorporations in the Eastern States involving one million dollars and over amounted to $106,496,000, according to the Journal of Commerce. This is the smallest total since March, when it represented only $50,250,000. However, the returns show an increase over those of July last year of $21,194,750, the figures in that month having been $85,301,250. The output of new concerns in June was $212,575,000, which was the heaviest total since January, 1907. The grand total of all companies incorporated with a capitalization of $1,000,000 and over, including other States than those of the East, amounted to $179,631,000, against $290,111,500 in June and $116,041,250 in July last year. The aggregate of $1,000,000 concerns incorporated in the Eastern States for the first seven months of 1909 footed up $830,444,100, against $734,937,250 in 1908 and $1,125,340,000 in 1907. The figures covering twelve months for a series of years follow:

1908......$1,251,197,250 1905......1,024,187,211
1907......1,450,915,000 1904......1,103,242,200

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

American Tobacco declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. and 7½ per cent. extra on the common stock payable September 1 to stock of record August 14.

Mr. Harriman will leave for America on September 4.

Time for deposits in connection with Great Western reorganization plan extended to August 20.

Further advance in steel billets anticipated before end of month.

Growing inquiry for steel rails.

Pittsburg reports business active and improving in all departments.

Supreme Court in Brooklyn reserve decision on action by consolidated brokers against big stock exchange.

Demand for money improving in the West.

Forty-three roads for third week June show average gross increase of 5.55 per cent.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by Marvin H. Lewis & Co.)

(10 to 10:25 a. m.)
Allis-Chalmers 5s.
$20,000 .... 86¼
A. T. and T. conv. 4s.
$40,000 .... 106½
C., R. I. and P. R.R.4s.
$41,000 .... 81¼
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$43,000 .... 83¾
$2,000 .... 83½
N. and W. con. 4s.
$45,000 .... 101¼
Nor. Pacific prior 4s.
$10,000 .... 102⅜
Northern Pacific 3s.
$15,000 .... 74⅜
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$10,000 102
$50,000 .... 102⅜
Reading 4s.
$7,000 .... 100¾
Sou. Pacific conv. 4s.
$35,000 .... 105¼
Un. Pacific conv. 4s.
$24,000 115
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$7,000 .... 106¼
$5,000 .... 106⅛
Wabash ex. 4s.
$20,000 77
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$6,000 .... 95¾
(10:25 to 11:45 a. m.)
Allis-Chalmers 5s.
$1,000 .... 86½
Am. Agr. Chem. 5s.
$2,000 103
A. T. and T. conv. 4s.
$20,000 .... 106⅜
American Tobacco 4s.
$25,000 .... 80⅜
Armour 4½s. ctfs.
$1,000 .... 94⅜
B. and O. 4s.
$4,000 .... 100⅜
Bethlehem Steel 5s.
$5,000 .... 89⅞
$1,000 90
B. R. T. 4s.
$20,000 .... 87⅛
Central Leather 5s.
$5,000 .... 100¼
C. and O. ref. 5s. ctfs.
$1,000 .... 101¼
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$50,000 .... 98¼
C., R. I. and P. R.R.4s.
$6,000 .... 81¼
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
$6,000 .... 92¼
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$68,000 .... 83⅜
$38,000 .... 83⅝
$20,000 .... 83⅜
Japanese 4½s, new.
$5,000 .... 93¼
Kan. City Sou. 5s. ctfs.
$10,000 .... 100⅞
Japanese 4½s.
$5,000 .... 94½
L. C. and M. S. 4s. 1931
$1,000 .... 94⅞
Mer. Marine 4½s.
$10,000 71
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.
$5,000 .... 87⅛
New York Central 3½s.
$15,000 .... 92¼
N. Y. City 4½s, new.
$5,000 .... 112¼
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, rcts
$15,000 .... 101¼
N. Y., N. H. and H. 6s.
$2,000 .... 128½
N. and W. con. 4s.
$2,000 .... 101⅜
$10,000 .... 101⅜
Northern Pacific 3s.
$2,000 .... 74⅜
Penn. 4s, 1928.
$1,000 101
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 102¼
Penn. 3½s, 1915.
$5,000 .... 97⅝
St. L.-S. W. 1st 4s.
$2,000 95
Sou. Pacific 4s.
$30,000 .... 98⅛
Southern Railway 4s.
$4,000 .... 83⅜
Un. Pacific 1st 4s.
$2,000 103
Un. Pacific ref. 4s.
$25,000 .... 99⅛
U. S. R. and I. 5s.
$1,000 .... 90⅛
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$2,000 .... 106⅛
Wabash ex. 4s.
$1,000 77
West. Md. 1st 4s.
$1,000 .... 86¼
(11:45 a. m. to 12:45 p. m.)
American Tobacco 6s.
$5,000 .... 111⅜
A. T. and T. conv. 4s.
$5,000 .... 106¼
Armour 4½s.
$5,000 .... 94⅜
Atchison gen. 4s.
$2,000 .... 100⅞
Atch. S. L. 4s. ct.
$15,000 .... 94⅜
B. and O. 3½s.
$15,000 94
C., R. I. and P. R.R.4s.
$15,000 .... 99⅝
Colorado Industrial 5s.
$10,000 84
$5,000 .... 84⅛
Col. Midland 1st 4s.
$6,000 85
$2,000 .... 85½
Col. and Sou. 4½s.
$7,000 .... 99⅞
D. and H. conv. 4s.
$5,000 106
Erie 4s, conv., A.
$5,000 87
Erie conv. 4s, B.
$15,000 .... 78⅛
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$15,000 .... 83¼
$1,000 .... 83⅛
$19,000 .... 83⅜
$83,000 .... 83½
$87,000 .... 83⅝
$68,000 .... 83⅜
$10,000 .... 83⅜
Missouri Pacific 4s.
$5,000 .... 82⅜
N. and W. con. 4s.
$2,000 .... 101⅜
Penn. 4s, 1948.
$1,000 .... 104⅛
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$1,000 102
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915
$36,000 .... 97⅝
Reading 4s.
$13,000 .... 100⅜
$7,000 .... 100⅜
Seaboard Air Line 4s.
$1,000 89
Sou. Pacific conv. 4s.
$15,000 .... 105⅜
Un. Pacific conv. 4s.
$7,000 115
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$1,000 106
$2,000 .... 106⅛
$13,000 .... 106⅛
Wabash ex. 4s.
$10,000 .... 76⅞
$3,000 .... 76⅝
West Shore 4s.
$10,000 102
(12:45 p. m. to close.)
Allis-Chalmers 5s.
$15,000 .... 86½
Am. Agr. Chem. 5s.
$2,000 .... 102⅞
$5,000 103
Am. Hide and Leath. 6s
$2,000 .... 101⅜
$3,000 .... 101½
A. T. and T. conv. 4s.
$32,000 .... 106¼
American Tobacco 4s.
$17,000 .... 80½
Armour 4½s. ctfs.
$15,000 .... 94⅜
Atchison conv. 4s.
$10,000 .... 118⅜
Atch. S. L. col. tr. 4s.
$66,000 .... 94⅜
B. and O. 3½s.
$5,000 94
B. and O. 4s.
$10,000 .... 100¼
Bethlehem Steel 5s.
$36,000 90
B. R. T. 4s.
$15,000 .... 87⅜
$5,000 .... 87⅜
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$2,000 .... 98⅜
C., R. I. and P. R.R.4s
$10,000 .... 81⅛
C., R. I. and P. Ry. 4s.
$5,000 .... 99⅝
Colorado Industrial 4s.
$5,000 84
Gen. Elec. conv. 3½s.
$2,000 .... 86⅝
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$61,000 .... 83⅜
$34,000 .... 83⅝
$15,000 .... 83½
$57,000 .... 83⅜
$141,000 .... 83⅜
Japanese 4s, new.
$1,000 .... 93⅛
L. S. and M. S. 4s.
$2,000 95
L. and N. unified 4s.
$4,000 .... 100⅛
Mer. Marine 4½s.
$17,000 .... 70⅛
New York Central 4s.
$1,000 .... 95⅛
$1,000 .... 95⅛
N. and W. con. 4s.
$2,000 .... 101⅜
$2,000 .... 101⅜
Northern Pacific 3s.
$5,000 .... 74⅜
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 102⅛
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915.
$29,000 .... 97⅝
$2,000 .... 97½
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$2,000 .... 106⅛
Union Pacific conv. 4s.
$5,000 .... 115¼
$10,000 .... 115⅛

Total sales (par value), $5,976,000.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The near approach of publication of August crop is largely responsible for the comparative inactivity, we think, but once that is out of the way we are looking for a continuation of the broadening speculation noted of late and still believe higher prices are before us.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—St. Paul has shown decided strength, and we think this stock has intrinsically such great merit that the price is still attractive. Reading holds very firm, and there are good points for still higher prices. They seem to be based on expectations of development in Jersey Central, which stock has of late reached a new record and a very high price. The market as a whole has undoubtedly reached a high level of prices, dependent for further advance upon the fulfillment of the brilliant crop prospect. If the harvest is as abundant as predicted we shall probably have in the next month or two an active market and a higher range of prices and as long as the prospect remains undimmed the market is likely to remain very firm.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—Stocks were very irregular all day, showing for much of the time a receding tendency followed by spurts and subsequent recessions, as if long stock was being liquidated by strong interests. We look for irregularity in stocks for some little time at this level, and it would be only natural if prices receded somewhat further. It is apparent that the tariff bill will be passed by the Senate to-morrow and that before night it will be a law on the statute books. Numerous persons have deferred purchases of stocks until they see this before their eyes. Would buy only on drives, confining most of one's purchases to low-priced issues. We consider it good judgment to continue taking profits on all bulges.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Aug. 4.—Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent.; ruling rate 1¾; closing bid 1¾; offered at 1¾. Time loans strong; sixty days 2½ per cent. and ninety days 3 per cent.; six months 3¾@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8510@4.8520 for sixty-day bills and at $4.8670 for demand. Commercial bills $4.84¼@4.84¾. Bar silver 50⅞c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds weak. Railroad bonds irregular.

The stock market has to contend with the growing conservation of stock commission houses, which is voiced in the warnings contained in advices to customers of the high level of the market and the danger of reaction. Each day during which the advancing tendency endures adds to this spirit amongst the professional element and habitual followers of the market. A number of successive days of advancing prices was cited to-day with increasing infrequency as an evidence that reaction was imminent. The professional element acted on this prospect by putting out short sales and attempting to force the reaction. The success of this effort was moderate and was mixed with the rise at various new points. This demonstration of resisting power in the market was accepted as renewed proof of the control held by large financial interests in the course of the market. This control has proved so effective and so formidable that it serves to intimidate the opposing party in the speculation, which is without the leadership of any of the powerful and resourceful personalities which have conducted bear campaigns in the past.

The news continues to indicate enhancing values of securities, and the only question in the speculation is of the technical position and whether prices have had already more advance than they are entitled to.

The immunity of the call loan market from any influence of the shifting tide of the currency movement makes a bulwark for the speculative position and encourages the holding of securities, many of which still pay a materially higher investment return than can be secured in the money market.

The publication of the net earnings for June and of the fiscal year of the Harriman lines was signalized by an advance in the price of Union Pacific to a new record price, although a semblance of authority was given to intimations that no change was intended in the dividend declarations next week. Union Pacific's revenue over expenses and taxes of $38,234,314 for the year takes no account of the income from investments, which amounted to $16,019,692 for the preceding fiscal year, the aggregate implying a safe margin over the $19,548,790 required to pay last year's 10 per cent. dividend. The comparison of railroad earnings has come now to apply to the period last year when the railroads had secured thorough control of their operating expenses to meet the great depreciation in gross earnings.

The net earnings at this time last year in consequence suffered less in comparison with the years before. Smaller changes in June net earnings this year, compared with the last, for that reason have less significance than the changes in that item in preceding months. Such changes already reported include a sprinkling of actual decreases in the net showing. Last year's heavy cut in operating expenses is being made good by restored outlay for the upkeep of railroad properties, the item of operating expenses invariably showing large increases over last year's figures.

The industrial specialties were the favorites in to-day's show of strength. Reports of increasing purchases of equipment by the railroads implied value for stocks in that group. Their advance is corollary, also of the long rise in United States Steel, the market price of which usually bears an approximate ratio to that of companies which use steel in their production. A number of these have now risen to record prices, in emulation of the rise in United States Steel.

The number of stocks touching record prices on this movement is gradually expanding, and now includes quite a list of industrial securities and minor railroads. The coppers had the benefit of a higher price for the metal in London and also of rumors reported from London of a coming merger of the largest companies now concerned in the mining and sale of copper.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $6,002,000. United States 4s registered declined ⅝ per cent. on call.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—Clearings $10,842,829; balances $690,092. Call money 4½@5 per cent. New York exchange 5c discount bid, 5c premium asked.

Cincinnati, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—Bank clearings $4,202,500. New York exchange 10c discount. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Boston, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $29,160,489; in New York $380,389,560. New York funds sold at 5c discount.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—Clearings $46,355,445; balances $2,720,065. New York exchange par. Money 4@4½ per cent. for sixty days.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

Trust funds:	
Gold coin	$851,726,869
Silver dollars	487,325,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,162,000
Silver certificates outstanding	487,325,000
General fund:	
Standard silver dollars in general fund	4,878,920
Current liabilities	98,116,872
Working balance in Treasury offices	37,912,935
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	41,170,492
Subsidiary silver coin	26,578,085
Minor coin	2,410,818
Total balance in general fund	108,611,918

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cl'sg Bid
Allis-Chalmers pf.	1,300	56⅝	56	56¼
Amal. Copper	19,000	85½	85	85
Am'n Agricultural	3,400	48⅛	48½	48¼
Am'n Beet Sugar	8,900	49½	48¾	48½
Am'n Can pref.	1,400	84⅝	84	83½
Am. Car and F'dry	13,800	70⅛	69¼	69⅝
Am'n Cotton Oil	1,500	76	75½	75½
Am. H. and L. pf.	5,700	51	49⅝	50½
Am'n Ice Sec's	3,900	37⅞	36½	37⅛
American Linseed	500	17⅛	16⅞	16½
Am'n Locomotive	14,700	69⅝	67½	68⅝
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	18,300	100	98⅝	99⅝
Do preferred	1,900	116	115¼	115⅜
Am'n Sugar Ref'g	700	131	130¾	130½
Am. Tel. and Tel.	3,600	143⅜	142½	142½
Am. Tobacco pref.	200	101⅝	101⅜	101¾
American Woolen	1,300	39½	37⅞	38
Ana. Mining Co.	3,600	50	49	49⅝
Atchison	18,800	119¼	118⅝	118⅞
Do preferred	1,100	105	104⅛	105
A. C. L.	200	134	133⅛	133½
B. and O.	4,600	119⅝	119⅛	119½
Do preferred	.....	.....	.....	93
Bethlehem Steel	16,000	33⅞	33	32⅝
B. R. T.	4,200	81¼	80¾	80¼
Canadian Pacific	3,800	187½	186¾	187⅛
Central Leather	10,700	37⅛	37	37⅛
Do preferred	500	110	109⅝	109½
Central of N. J.	400	308	308	305 @325
C. and O.	2,600	78⅞	78½	78½
C. and A.	600	67	66⅜	66½
Chicago G. W.	200	2¼	1⅞	2⅜
C. and N. W.	1,200	189¼	188½	189½
C., M. and St. P.	18,800	159½	159	159
C., C., C. and St. L.	400	75⅝	75¼	74½
Colo. Fuel and I.	500	48	47	47
Colo. and Southern	100	55¼	55½	56
Do 1st pref.	100	82	82	81⅝
Do 2d pref.	200	80¼	80¼	80½
Consolidated Gas	14,500	146⅛	142⅝	146½
Corn Products	2,300	25½	24⅞	24⅞
Del. and Hudson	2,100	196⅜	194½	195
D. and R. G.	6,500	51⅛	50½	50⅝
Do preferred	900	86⅛	85⅝	85¾
Distillers' Sec's	3,800	40½	40	40
Erie	14,400	38⅛	37⅞	38
Do 1st pref.	2,300	56	55½	55⅞
Do 2d pref.	900	45¼	44⅞	45½
General Electric	1,900	172	171	171½
Gt. Northern pref.	5,000	154¼	153⅜	153½
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	31,600	81½	78⅝	80⅜
Illinois Central	7,000	156¼	155¼	155⅝
Interboro-Met.	7,700	16⅛	15½	15⅝
Do preferred	16,700	50⅜	49½	49⅞
Int'l Harvester	600	89½	89	88½
Inter. Marine pref.	400	22½	21½	21⅝
Int'l Paper	1,500	17½	17	17
Internat'l Pump	3,400	41⅛	40¼	40⅞
Iowa Central	300	31⅞	31⅛	31½
K. C. Southern	7,000	48½	48	48
Do preferred	100	72½	72½	72⅝
L. and N.	900	146½	146	146
Minn. and St. L.	600	56	56	54 @55½
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	600	144½	143½	143⅝
Missouri Pacific	1,200	76	75½	76½
M., K. and T.	4,700	43⅛	42⅜	42⅞
Do preferred	300	74⅝	74⅛	74½
National Biscuit	300	108	107½	107½
National Lead	8,400	89¾	89⅜	89⅜
Nat'l Ry. of Mexico first pref.	100	52	52	52
N. Y. Central	19,800	141½	140⅝	140⅝
N. Y., O. and W.	2,300	52½	51½	51⅝
N. and W.	1,500	85⅝	95	95
North American	500	85	84⅝	84½
Northern Pacific	5,400	155⅝	155⅛	155⅛
Pacific Mail	900	33	32½	33
Pennsylvania	45,100	142	141¼	141½
People's Gas	11,900	116⅝	116¼	116⅜
P., C., C. and St. L.	600	94½	93⅞	94
Pressed Steel Car	5,000	55⅞	55	55
Pullman Pal. Car	100	190½	189⅞	189
Ry. Steel Spring	6,200	54½	52⅝	52⅝
Reading	168,700	162½	160⅝	162
Republic Steel	3,330	36⅞	35⅝	36½
Do preferred	2,700	107⅝	106⅜	106⅝
Rock Island Co.	8,300	38⅝	37⅜	38⅛
Do preferred	2,300	76½	75⅞	76
St. L. & S F. 2d pf.	600	55	54½	54⅝
St. L. S. W.	5,700	28⅜	27⅞	28½
Do preferred	1,500	67⅛	65⅝	6[illegible]
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	600	85⅞	85½	85¼
Southern Pacific	31,800	135⅞	135	135⅝
Southern Railway	2,600	32½	32⅛	32⅜
Do preferred	600	73	72⅞	7[illegible]
Tennessee Copper	500	38⅞	38½	38½
Texas and Pacific	1,700	36½	35⅝	35⅞
T., St. L. and W.	2,300	52⅛	51⅜	51⅝
Do preferred	2,300	70⅞	70	70
Union Pacific	60,500	202⅝	201½	202¼
Do preferred	1,000	103½	103	103
U. S. C. I. Pipe	400	34½	34½	3[illegible]
Do preferred	300	85	84½	8[illegible]
U. S. Realty	200	83	82⅞	82½
U. S. Rubber	3,900	47⅛	46	47
U. S. Steel	98,700	75⅛	74⅜	74⅞
Do preferred	6,500	129⅛	128⅝	128⅞
Utah Copper	4,900	52	51½	51⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical	4,000	51	51½	50⅝
Wabash	1,300	22¼	22	22
Do preferred	1,400	58½	57½	57½
West'n Maryland	2,100	5⅜	4	5⅛
West'house Elec.	400	86½	85½	85½
Western Union	200	75¼	75¼	75
W. and L. E.	100	6⅛	6⅛	6
Wisconsin Central	100	57⅛	57⅝	57

Total sales for the day, 825,700 shares.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	100⅜	101¼
Do coupon	100⅜	101¼
3s, registered	101	102
Do coupon	101	102
New 4s, registered	116¾	117½
Do coupon	119½	...
Panama 2s, registered	100½	101½
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	100½	101½
District of Columbia 3.65s	108	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Aug. 4.—Money was plentiful and easy on the market to-day in spite of the calls for $7,500,000, and discounts were steady. Trading on the Stock Exchange continued steady, with moderate investment buying at hardening prices among the gilt-edged securities, home rails and foreigners. Paris supported the last mentioned well. Kaffirs eased after early strength, but copper shares attracted attention and Mexican rails were strong and active. American securities were firm at the opening. Later, under the lead of Union Pacific and United States Steel, prices advanced, and at noon were from ¼ lower to ¾ higher than yesterday's New York closing. The market sagged on the receipt of New York advices in the afternoon, and after small business closed easy. Exceptions were Denver and Rio Grande and Chicago Great Western, which were firm and in good demand. Closing quotations: Consols for money 81; do for account 84 1-16; Amalgamated Copper 87⅝; Anaconda 10¼; Atchison 121⅞; do preferred 107½; Baltimore and Ohio 122⅝; Canadian Pacific 192¼; Chesapeake and Ohio 80¼; Chicago Great Western 26; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 163⅝; De Beers 15⅝; Denver and Rio Grande 52¼; do preferred 88½; Erie 38⅝; do first preferred 57⅝; do second do 47; Grand Trunk 24; Illinois Central 159½; Louisville and Nashville 150½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 44⅝; New York Central 144½; Norfolk and Western 98¼; do preferred 91; Ontario and Western 53⅝; Pennsylvania 72⅝; Rand Mines 10¼; Reading 83; Southern Railway 33⅝; do preferred 75; Southern Pacific 139; Union Pacific 208⅝; do preferred 107½; United States Steel 76⅝; do preferred 132¼; Wabash 22½; do preferred 59¼; Spanish 4s 95. Bar silver steady; 23⅛d per ounce. Money ⅝ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1¼@1⅜ per cent.; do for three months' bill 1 7-16@1½ per cent.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was quiet. Exchange on London 20 marks 44 pfgs. for checks. Money 3 per cent. Private rate of discount 2¼ per cent.

Paris, Aug. 4.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm. Three per cent. rentes 98f 10c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 10c for checks.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Aug. 4, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Boots and shoes, cases	262	290	237	314
Agr. imps., lbs.	250	226,120	25,700	90,565
Coffee, lbs.	37,750	23,6.5	37,515	31,230
Drugs, pkgs.	435	1,954	1,817	1,894
Dry goods, notions, etc., pgs.	1,925	3,859	4,507	3,097
Flour, bbls.	445	1,904	1,395	9,131
Furniture, lbs.	43,100	62,075	37,080	143,865
Corn, bu.	16,400	7,100	25,000	6,000
Oats, bu.	4,100	3,600	4,400	2,700
Wheat, bush.	48,150	665	36,550	.....
Hardware, pkgs.	825	3,981	2,717	5,160
Hay, tons	32	.....	90	19
Hides, lbs.	11,555	3,300	23,510	.....
Bacon, lbs.	10,000	53,430	32,110	95,255
Hams, lbs.	.....	5,675	.....	4,540
Lard, lbs.	1,000	94,535	4,555	75,510
Iron, pig, tons	488	22	50	.....
Leather, lbs.	8,827	9,725	.....	32,020
Nail, kegs	660	258	203	620
Cotton-seed oil, bbls.	300	833	200	370
Apples, gr., bbls.	80	183	.....	.....
Onions, bbls.	380	715	180	1,743
Potatoes, bbls.	400	1,794	180	1,081
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	28,370	33,115	33,340	6,580
Soap, lbs.	95,155	29,005	1,820	42,195
Stoves, stove castings, lbs.	27,450	62,135	70,449	129,580
Sugar, bbls.	400	592	400	357
Tob., leaf, hhds.	516	132	289	75
Tob., mfg., lbs.	5,065	153,800	15,125	196,730
Wagon, lbs.	.....	6,560	34,200	80,505
Whisky, bbls.	403	1,233	207	846

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.85; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 28c in 60-lb. tubs, 28½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 29c; 25½c in 30-lb. tubs, 29c in lb. prints.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 17c; full cream long horns 17@17½c; full cream Limburger 16c; cases 15½c; full-cream brick 16c; cases 15½c; domestic Swiss, block 1[illegible]c; wheel 20c; New York creams 17c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14@15c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12@13½c; Mocha 20; Java 25@27c; Green Rios: Fancy 13c; choice 12½c; prime 11½c; good 10c; roasting grades 9½c; Santos 10@12½c; Home Comfort in lb. packages 13c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—American Portland $1.15@1.00 per bbl.; imported Portland $3.00@? per bbl.; Louisville cement 60@85c per bbl.; lime 70@85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.05@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Corn meal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $27 per ton; cracked corn $29 per ton; feed meal $28.50 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $2 per bu.; clover $7 per bushel; orchard grass $1.40 per bushel; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy, $1.70 per bu.; red top, fancy 15@15½c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.25; rape 7@7¾c per lb.; German millet $1.25 per bu.; cane seed $1.10 per bu.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.25@6.50 per bbl.; plain patents $6; straights $5.75; family $5.25; low grades $5; winter patents $7@7.25; winter straights $6@6.25; low grades $5.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel $1.70 for base; steel roofing; corrugated $2.30; V-crimped $2.50 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.35; No. 16 $2.50; No. 18 $2.70; No. 20 $2.70; No. 22 $2.75; No. 24 $2.75; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.85; No. 28 $2.90; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $2.05 base; cut steel nails $2.05 base; plain black wire $1.95 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.30; galvanized $2.65 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Juanita $3.90 keg; Perkins' $4.04½ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.85 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅜x4 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70.5 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $23.75; shorts $24.25; shipstuff $24.75.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 55c for raw and 56c for boiled; 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 56c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 50c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 52c; coal oil, Kentucky test, 10c; Indiana test 10½c; radiant 11½c; star headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 55c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6⅞@7½c per lb.; red 7@7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1¾c; yellow ochre ⅞c.

PROVISIONS — Hams — Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14½@15c; heavy to medium 14¾c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 14c; regular clear sides 14c; breakfast bacon 17½c; sugar-cured shoulders 12c; bellies, light, 15c; heavy 15c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 9¾c; pure lard in tierces 12½c; in tubs 12⅝c; pure leaf lard in tierces 13¾c; in tubs 14c; in firkins 14c. Dried beef 15c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7¼c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; 5-bu. bbl. $1.05@1.10; dairy sale $1.50@2.40 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list of October 1, 1908: Single 90 and 35 per cent. off list; double 90 and 40 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 38c; No. 1 gray 30@32c; No. 1 old white 25@32c; No. 2 old white 20@24c; white duck 35c; old and mixed dark 10@18c; dry chicken feathers 3@3½c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots dry flint 21c; dry salted 19c; green salted 12½c; fresh green 11@11½c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, $3@3.25; No. 2 $2@2.25; sheepskins with wool on 50c@$1; shearings from 5@25c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy $17.50; new No. 1 timothy $14; No. 2 timothy $16.50; No. 3 timothy $14; No. 1 clover mixed $14; No. 2 clover mixed $12.50; No. 1 clover hay $11.50; No. 2 clover hay $10; wheat straw $5.50@6; oats straw $5*; rye straw $7.50.

ROOTS—Dry. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng roots should not be split or strung. Indiana ginseng $6@6.50; Kentucky ginseng $5.50@6, according to size of roots; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.40@1.50; Seneca snake root 35c; Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 5c; lady slippers 15c; mayapple 5½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5c; No. 2 4½c.

WOOL—Easier; dealers are quoting Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 28@30c; Bluegrass grease wool 31@32c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; black wool 24@25c; dead sheep and seedy wool 18@20c; merino 18@20c; tub washed 34@37c. Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less, dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$8 10	No. 3	$4 95
Eagle tablets	7 10	No. 6	4 80
Cut loaf	6 35	No. 7	4 75
Cubes	5 65	No. 8	4 70
XXXX powdered	5 55	No. 9	4 65
Powdered	5 45	No. 10	4 60
No. 2 carton gran.	5 55	No. 12	4 55
Diamond A	5 30	No. 14	4 50
Standard granulated, bags and barrels			5 10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$1 03@1 06
No. 3 red and longberry	1 00@1 02
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 3 white*	76
No. 3 mixed	72
OATS—	
No. 2 white	50½
No. 3 mixed	49½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn and oats are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 12¼c; strict middling 12⅜c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 18½c per lb.

EGGS — Market quiet; case count 16c; candled 18c.

POULTRY—Hens 11½c per lb.; roosters 6c; young chickens 15@15½c; ducks 8c; turkeys 12c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Oranges, late Valencias, California fancy $2.25 box; lemons, Messina, extra fancy $4@4.50 box; California fancy $3.25 box; limes, imported, $1.50; bananas, fancy, average about 65 to 80 lbs. bunch, $1.75@2; 55 to 60 $1.50@1.60 bunch; 40 to 50 lbs. $1.25 bunch; 4 to 6-bunch case $7; 2 to 3-bunch ½ case $3.75; fancy Georgia peaches $2.50 crate; choice $2 crate; California Bartlett pears $2.50 per box; California Tragedy plums $1.75@2 crate; California Burbank plums $1.50@1.75 crate; California Kelsey plums $1.75@2 crate; California red plums $1.50@1.75 crate; apples, early summer $3@4 bbl., $1.25@1.50 bu.; watermelons, 25 to 35 lbs., 22@30c each; 20 to 22 lbs. 15@20c.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, home-grown, $1 per bu.; home-grown cabbage $1 crate; new white potatoes $1.75 bbl., 150-lb. sack $1.60; onions $1.50 bbl., per 150-lb. sack $1; Spanish onions, new, $1.75 box; new Louisiana okra $2.50 hamper; green beans $1 hamper; fancy green cucumbers 25@30c dozen; home-grown radishes 12½c dozen; beets 20c dozen; leeks, bunched 40c dozen; parsley, curly 25c dozen; head lettuce $1.25@1.50 bu.; leaf lettuce, fine 75c bu.; fancy eggplants $1 dozen; green peppers $1.50 crate; kale, fine 75c bbl.; new horseradish $6.50 bbl.; new garlic $1 string; fresh mushrooms 85c lb.; carrots 20c dozen; green onions 25c dozen; turnips $1.75 bag; new corn $1.25@1.50 bbl.; new squash 50c bu.; new peas $1.50 hamper; Michigan celery 25@35c bunch; kohlrabi 25c per dozen; home-grown blackberries $2 crate; dewberries $2@2.25 crate; Rockyford cantaloupes $2@2.75 crate; Rockyford canteloupes, 16 sizes, per basket $1; sweet potatoes, new $2@2.25 bu.

Wholesale dealers' buying prices are:

VEGETABLES—New potatoes $1.25 bbl.; onions 90c bbl.; beans $1.50 bbl.; home-grown tomatoes 50@75c bu.; cabbage 60c bbl.; turnips $1.25 bbl.; corn $1@1.25 bbls.; new apples $1@1.50 bu.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 4.—Leaf tobacco offerings were of the usual volume for a Wednesday, the aggregate at all the warehouses being 135 hogsheads—19 Burley and 116 dark. The Burley was of only fair quality and brought prices ranging from $4 to $16. The dark was of fair quality. Prices on it ranged from $4.10 to $11.75. The market was, if anything, a shade firmer for dark, particularly fired types.

The following is the report to-day on the Louisville market including all warehouses:

	Hhds.
Dark	116
Burley	19
Total	135

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards.)

Louisville, Aug. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 54, for three days 2,043; the market ruled very quiet without any quotable change in values or conditions. A fair demand continued for dry-fed finished butcher cattle; medium and common grassy cattle dull and neglected; feeder and stocker market quiet; bulls steady; canners dull; milch cows unchanged; no heavy cattle here; feeling steady.

Calves—Receipts 223, for three days 558; the market ruled firm; best 6@6½c; some fancy higher; medium 4@5½c; common 2½@4c.

Hogs—Receipts 1,467 head; for the three days this week 4,397. The market was slow in opening, the local demand was light and order buyers claimed that a basis of yesterday's prices was too high, and the trade finally settled down at a decline of 10c all along the line; selected hogs, heavy and medium weights, 165 lbs. and up, selling at $7.75; light shippers, 130 to 165 lbs., $7.55; pigs ranged from $5@5.50 for light pigs to $7.25 for heavy pigs; roughs $6.75 down. The market closed very slow. Grassy, half-fat hogs are almost unsalable. Do not ship that class to market.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 5,126; for three days 15,100; market ruled firm on prime lambs, tops 7@7¼c; seconds 5@5¼c; culls 3@3½c; fat sheep steady; best 4@4¼c; common sheep slow; fair demand for choice stock ewes; common dull.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 17,000, including 2,220 Southerns; market strong to shade higher; yearlings $7.50; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.40@7.50; fair to good $4.40@6.30; Western steers $4.20@6.10; stockers and feeders $3@5.25; Southern steers $3.50@4.75; Southern cows $2.40@4.25; native cows $2.25@4.50; native heifers $3.10@7; bulls $3@4.25; calves $4@7. Hogs—Receipts 6,000; market steady to 5c higher; top $7.80; bulk of sales $7.75@7.80; heavy $7.75@7.80; packers and butchers $7.65@7.80; light $7.45@7.70; pigs $6@7.25. Sheep—Receipts 4,000; market steady; lambs $5.50@7.25; yearlings $4.50@5.25; wethers $4@5; ewes $3.50@4.75; stockers and feeders $2.75@5.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 4,700, including 2,100 Texans; market higher; native shipping and export steers $6.15@7.10; dressed beef and butcher steers $4.25@6.35; steers under 1,000 pounds $4.25@5.80; stockers and feeders $3.25@5; cows and heifers $2.50@6.50; canners $1.75@2.50; bulls $3.50@5; calves $5.25@7.25; Texas and Indian steers $3.50@6.50; cows and heifers $2.40@5. Hogs—Receipts 3,400; market steady; pigs and lights $5.75@7.70; packers $7.50@7.70; butchers and best heavy $7.75@7.87½. Sheep—Receipts 4,500; market higher; native muttons $3.25@4.50; lambs $5.75@7.25; culls and bucks $4.20@4.75; stockers $3.25@4.

New York.

New York, Aug. 4.—Beeves—Receipts 1,433; market more active and firm to 10c higher; steers 4.75@6.85; oxen at $5; bulls $3@5.40; cows $1.35@4.25; exports to-day 2,600 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 2,678; veals firm to 25@50c higher; grassers, buttermilks and Western calves steady; veals $6@9; culls $4@5.50; grassers and buttermilks $3.30@3.50; Western calves $5.75@6. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 4,878; sheep firm; lambs 25c higher; sheep $3@5; culls $2.50; lambs $6@8; culls $4. Hogs—Receipts 4,241; feeling steady; State hogs sold at $8.40.

Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Cattle—Receipts about 14,000; market firm to 10c higher; steers $5.60@7.65; cows and heifers $3.50@6; bulls $3.40@4.85; calves $3@8; stockers and feeders $3.30@5.15. Hogs—Receipts about 16,000; market 10c higher; choice heavy $7.90@8; butchers $7.85@8; light mixed $7.55@7.65; choice light $7.70@7.95; packing $7.35@7.60; pigs $6.50@7.50; bulk of sales $7.50@7.90. Sheep—Receipts about 12,000 head; market steady with lambs 10@15c lower; sheep $3.50@6; lambs $6@7.85; yearlings $4@5.50.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Aug. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 1,000; market steady; fair to good shippers $5.50@6.35; common $2.25@3.75. Hogs—Receipts 2,400; market slow; 10c lower; butchers and shippers $7.90@7.95; common $6.75@7.65. Sheep—Receipts 7,000; market steady; $2@4.50. Lambs—Market strong; 10c higher; $2.75@7.60.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Wheat sold below the dollar mark on the Board of Trade to-day for the first time in several months when December, which was liquidated on the prospects of a big crop in the Northwest dropped to 99⅛c. At the crop in the Northwest, dropped to 99⅛c. At the cline of from ⅛c to ⅜@½c. Corn declined ⅞@1¼c and oats finished weak. Provisions were steady.

There was selling pressure on the wheat market throughout the day. September at the start showed some backbone which perplexed observers for a time until it was discovered that traders who had sold short at Liverpool were covering because fresh arrivals here had proved below standard grade. When this demand had been satisfied the selling pressure made itself felt on this option as on others. The bearishness of the big Northwestern market contributed to the feeling here. Rosy prospects for the crop were recorded in messages. The weather was reported cool and damages inconsequential. Even when prices dropped to an export level the bulls failed to muster courage, although probably 1,000,000 bushels were sold abroad and the cash demand from the seaboard was said to be brisk. The reaction from the bottom was due to profit-taking by shorts.

The story of the corn market was that of wheat over again, with the net losses greater. Liquidation began almost at the opening and it seemed that no sooner had one set of longs got from under their loads than another followed suit. Western houses were sellers of the cash article here. Considerable December and May corn went to exporters against sales for shipment in December and later. The East was said to be in need of corn for feeding purposes and a disposition to buy at the decline was evinced. Light rains in Illinois last night was the only new bearish factor to enter into consideration.

What buying of oats there was to-day was chiefly on resting orders from shorts who had indicated to-day's level as the proper place to secure their profits. Country longs, city longs and speculators generally were all in the same boat as sellers. There were no indications of hedging sales of any importance. Cash oats in the sample market were ½c lower.

The shortage in the hog run West steadied the provisions market. Packers bought some lard and ribs in scattered lots, while there was no particular pressure to sell. Pork closed 2½@12c lower; lard 2½@10c up and ribs 2½c lower to 10c higher.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
Sept.	$1 02⅜	$1 02⅜	$1 00⅝	$1 01
Dec.	1 00⅛	1 00⅜	99⅜	1 00⅛
May	1 03⅛	1 03⅜	1 02⅛	1 02⅝
*CORN—				
Sept.	64¼	64⅜	62⅝	63⅝
Dec.	53⅛	53⅜	51⅞	52⅜
May	54	54	52⅞	53
*OATS—				
Sept.	36⅛	36⅜	35⅜	36⅛
Dec.	37⅜	37⅛	36⅜	36⅞
May	39⅛	39⅛	38⅜	39
PORK—				
Sept.	20 35	20 40	20 35	20 37½
Jan.	16 45	16 45	16 25	16 25
LARD—				
Sept.	11 20	11 25	11 20	11 25
Oct.	11 17½	11 22½	11 17½	11 22½
Nov.	10 85	10 90	10 85	10 90
RIBS—				
Sept.	10 90	10 95	10 87½	10 95
Oct.	10 62½	10 62½	10 55	10 62½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 rye 74@75c; feed or mixing barley 48@53c; fair to choice malting barley 55@60c; No. 1 Southwestern flaxseed $1.38; No. 1 Northwestern flaxseed $1.43½@1.45; timothy seed $3.80; clover $11.50.

Provisions—Mess pork $20.37½@20.40 per bbl.; lard $11.25 per 100 lbs.; short ribs sides, loose, $10.90@11; short clear sides, boxed, $11.50@11.62½.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Total clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 136,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,155,000 bushels, compared with 1,166,000 the corresponding day a year ago.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 241 cars; corn 128; oats 141; hogs 17,000 head.

DAILY MOVEMENT OF PRODUCE.

Receipts—Flour—29,600 bbls.; wheat 511,400 bu.; corn 226,500; oats 176,000; rye 2,500; barley 39,000. Shipments—Flour 35,700 bbls.; wheat 392,500 bu.; corn 95,400; oats 127,800; rye 1,000; barley 6,600.

CARLOT RECEIPTS.

Wheat 349 cars, with 103 of contract grade; corn 140, with 87 of contract grade; oats 129. Total receipts of wheat at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 516 cars, compared with 642 last week and 310 the corresponding day a year ago.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Butter easy; creameries 22@25c; dairies 20@23½c. Eggs steady; receipts 9,266 cases; at mark, cases included, 18½c; firsts 22c; prime firsts 23c. Cheese strong; daisies 15⅛@15⅜c; twins 14¼@14⅜c; young Americas 15⅛@15⅜c; long horns 15⅛@15⅜c. Potatoes firm; choice to fancy 63@65c; fair to good 60@62c. Poultry firm; turkeys 14c; chickens 14c; springs 16c. Veal steady; 50 to 60-lb. wts. 8@8½c; 60 to 85-lb. wts. 9@9½c; 85 to 110-lb. wts. 9½@10c.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—Liverpool opened weak at ⅞ to 1¼ decline, rallied sharply during the middle of the session and closed ¾ higher for September and ½ to ⅝ lower for December and March. The cause of the strength in September was on shorts covering and talk of new crop American winter wheat, according to samples received not being of good enough quality to pass on contract. Continental markets were all lower. The Northwestern markets were again weak and no damage reports were in evidence. As long as the prospects in the Northwest continue as at present we can see nothing on which to look for any permanent advance in values. The market may become oversold, which would cause temporary rallies.—(Bartlett, Patten & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

Chicago.—The selling appeared to be overdone from first to last, but so long as shorts could cover good-sized lines on a declining market it discouraged buyers who are believers in wheat from taking hold. The sharpest action of the day came just at the close, when seaboard reports claimed 100 boatloads sold for export. The first hint came in the shape of heavy buying of futures here by big cash interests which were connected with the export sales. When the volume of the foreign selling was learned a little before the close the biggest short sellers took alarm and bought furiously for a few minutes. Early selling pressure was the result of magnificent weather over the entire Northwest, flattering reports of yields in South Dakota, where harvest has begun, the break in prices in the Northwest markets and apparent abandonment of the bull side by former leaders. Kentucky and Ohio reports were bullish. This class of news was given no consideration, and it took the big export business of the day to change the temper of the trade and give the closing rally. Many good observers are of the opinion that this strength will be only temporary and that selling pressure will return, especially if conditions for the Northwest crop continue favorable as at present.—(Logan & Bryan to W. L. Lyons & Co.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter nominal; futures quiet; September 8s 4¼d; December 7s 10¼d; March 7s 10⅜d. Corn—Spot, new American mixed (via Galveston) steady; 6s 5½d. Futures quiet; September 5s 4½d; October 5s 4⅜d.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 4.—There was a further sharp break in the cotton market to-day under continued bear pressure and general liquidation, and while there was some improvement during the late trading with the closing steady, last prices showed a net loss of 12@18 points. The market opened steady at an advance of 5 points to a decline of 1 point, but while there was some buying on better cables than expected, and the weather map showing no important changes, offerings were very heavy and leading local operators renewed their aggressive selling of the previous day. Prices soon eased off in consequence, stop-loss orders were caught and during the midst of the day selling became general in spite of the detailed weather report from Texas, showing no precipitation of consequence and extremely high temperatures at many stations. This report caused a bulge to a net advance of about 8@11 points during the middle of the morning, but stimulated little demand aside from covering by room shorts, and the low point of the day was reached during the afternoon, when October contracts sold at 11.92c, and January at 12.01c, with the general list showing a net loss of 29@37 points and of about 68 to 75 points as compared with the high prices reached after the publication of the Government report on Monday. Covering caused a rally of several points later, but trading was less active on the rally than it had been on the decline, and sentiment was evidently much unsettled, with January closing at 12.18c bid. Crop news shows improvement, except, possibly, from some sections of the Eastern belt, and sellers supposed to be actuated either by local speculative conditions or by expectations that the approaching new-crop movement cannot be absorbed at present prices. There is talk of cheaper new-crop offerings from the South, and Southern spot markets officially reported early were unchanged to ⅛c lower.

Receipts at the ports to-day 522 bales, against 649 last week and 3,986 last year. For the week 18,000 bales, against 14,447 last week and 21,983 last year. To-day's receipts at New Orleans 202 bales, against 415 last year.

Futures opened and closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
August	12.25*	12.34	12.14	12.10
September	12.23	12.33	12.04	12.10
October	12.30	12.37	11.92	12.12
November	12.30*	12.10	12.10	12.13
December	12.32	12.43	12.01	12.19
January	12.31	12.42	12.01	12.18
February	.....	.....	.....	12.18
March	12.33	12.43	12.03	12.19
April	.....	.....	.....	12.19
May	12.34	12.39	12.11	12.22
June	12.44*	.....	.....	.....

*Asked.

New Orleans, Aug. 4.—Spot cotton quiet at ⅛c lower. Sales on the spot 100 bales. Quotations: Low ordinary 8 5-16c, nominal; ordinary 9¼c, nominal; good ordinary 10 11-16c; low middling 11 9-16c; middling 12⅛c; good middling 12½c; middling fair 12⅞c; fair 11⅛c, nominal. Receipts 202 bales; stock 62,426.

Futures opened steady, 1 point up to 1 point down, which was a very poor response to the course of prices in the Liverpool market. After the first call some large orders to buy were filled and prices spurted upward 10 points in a few minutes. At this level short selling struck the market in tremendous volume, and it continued from the middle of the morning until after the noon hour. Under it prices crumbled away in a sensational manner, the more active months falling 46 to 49 points to a level 35 to 37 points below yesterday's closing. The selling was generally called manipulative in character, as crop news continued very bad, especially from Texas and Oklahoma. Later in the day shorts commenced to take profits and prices recovered to some extent, the market closing steady at a net decline of 15 to 16 points. Futures closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening Bid.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
August	12.13	.....	.....	12.0[illegible]
September	12.27	12.37	12.28	12.1[illegible]
October	12.23	12.35	11.87	[illegible]
November	12.21	12.11	12.11	[illegible]
December	12.24*	12.35	11.80	12.0[illegible]
January	12.28	12.39	11.90	[illegible]
February	12.31	.....	.....	†[illegible]
March	12.42	12.52	12.14	12.[illegible]5

*Asked. †Nominal.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—Spot cotton dull; prices 12 points lower; American middling fair 7.22d; good middling 6.86d; middling 6.68d; low middling 6.50d; good ordinary 6.24d; ordinary 5.80d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 200 were for speculation and export and included 5,400 American. Receipts 5,000 bales, all American. Futures opened easier and closed steady.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼c; net receipts 58 bales; gross receipts 76; shipments 233; stock 16,126.

Memphis, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 12c; net and gross receipts 27 bales; shipments 344; sales 12; stock 18,549.

Savannah, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼c; net and gross receipts 30 bales; sales 13; stock 16,866.

Galveston, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅝c; net and gross receipts 217 bales; stock 1,369.

Boston, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 12.60c; net and gross receipts 7 bales; sales 150.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—With conditions since July 25 unchanged or somewhat less favorable this decline can be attributed solely to technical market conditions. Conservative purchases made here and on a scale down should prove profitable.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

The argument that spot cotton will soon move is hardly a worthy argument, nor is the argument that the spinner will not pay the price worthy of serious attention. The commodity will bring its value irrespective of the fact that some few owners may sell it at less than its worth.—(Hill, of Logan & Bryan, to W. L. Lyons & Co.

We believe cotton will sell much higher after the short selling is over.—(Finley Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Aug. 4.—Butter unsettled creamery specials 27c; official price 27c; do extras 26½@27c; do thirds to firsts 23@26c; State, dairy, common to finest 20@25½c; do process, firsts to specials 21@24½c; Western factory firsts to finest 21@21½c; do imitation creamery 23c. Cheese steady; new State full cream specials 14¾@15½c; do small colored or white or large colored fancy 14c; do common to good 11@13½c; skims, full to special 2¾@11¼c. Eggs firm; receipts 13,278 cases; State, Pennsylvania and nearby selected white fancy 31@33c; do fair to choice 25@30c; do brown fancy 29c; do brown and mixed gathered 24@28c; Western extra firsts 24@25½c; do firsts 22½@23½c; do seconds 21@22c; Southern 17@20½c. Poultry—Alive steady; Western chickens 17@18c; fowls 16c; turkeys 13c; dressed steady; Western chickens, broilers 15@18c; fowls 15@16½c; turkeys 11@20c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3.55c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.05c; molasses sugar 3.27c; refined steady; crushed 5.65c; powdered 5.05c; granulated 4.95c.

Metals—The market for standard copper on the Metal Exchange was more active to-day, sales being reported of 275 tons, including 75 tons spot at $12.75; 175 tons for October delivery at $12.87½@12.97½, and 25 tons for December delivery at $13.10. Standard spot closed at $12.70@12.72½; August deliveries at $12.70@12.80; September at $12.80@12.97½; October at $12.92½@12.97½; November at $13@13.10, and December at $13.07½@13.25. The London market was lower with spot quoted at £58 12s 9d and futures at £59 12s 6d. Local dealers quote lake copper at $13.12½@13.50; electrolytic at $12.75@13.12½ and casting at $12.62½@12.90. The London tin market declined to £133 7s 6d for spot and £134 17s 6d for futures. Locally the market was steady at $29.25@29.50. Lead was unchanged at £12 10s in London, but was firm and higher locally at $5.50@5.62½. The English iron market was a shade lower at 49s 7½d for Cleveland warrants. No change was reported in the local market. No. 1 foundry Northern $17.25@17.50; No. 2 $16.75@17.25; No. 1 Southern and No. 1 Southern soft at $17.75@18.25.

Flour—Receipts 19,445 barrels; exports 5,336; market dull and weak; Minnesota patent $5.90@6.40; winter straights $5.15@5.35, new; Minnesota bakers $5.15@5.60, old; winter extras $4.50@5, new; winter patents $5.40@5.75, new; winter low grades $4.40@4.60, new; Kansas straights $5.10@5.25, new. Rye flour barely steady. Cornmeal barely steady. Rye dull. Barley steady.

Wheat—Receipts 14,400 bushels; spot easy; No. 2 red, new, $1.14½, elevator; No. 2 red, new, $1.14⅞ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.40, old, nominal, f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, new, $1.13⅞, nominal, f. o. b. afloat. Affected by excellent Northwestern crop prospects and a large interior movement, the wheat market was more or less demoralized to-day, and off fully 1½c per bushel at one time, with heavy liquidation a feature. It finally rallied on export rumors of 112 loads and closed firm at ½@⅝c net loss. September $1.09⅝@1.11¼, closed $1.10⅝; December $1.06⅝@1.08⅛, closed $1.08⅛; May $1.09¼@1.10, closed $1.10.

Corn—Receipts 1,115 bushels; exports 1,092; spot easy; No. 2, old, 80c, nominal, in elevators; No. 2, new, 80¼c. The market was weaker with wheat, but rallied and closed ⅝@1c net lower. September 71⅛@71⅝c, closed 71⅝c; December 64⅛@64¼c, closed 64⅛c.

Oats—Receipts 42,700 bushels; exports 1,600; spot easy; mixed, 26@32 pounds, 52½c, nominal; natural white, 26@32 pounds, 49@51c; clipped white, 34@42 pounds, 52@59½c.

Feed quiet. Hay steady. Hops firm. Hides firm; Bogota 22@23½c. Leather steady. Wool steady. Beef quiet. Cut meats steady; pickled bellies 12½@13c. Lard firm; Western $11.55@11.65; refined quiet; Continent $11.95; South America $12.65. Pork steady. Tallow quiet. Cottonseed oil strong; prime crude, nominal; do yellow $5.50@5.75; September $5.62@5.65. Petroleum steady. Rosin quiet. Turpentine firm, 53c. Rice steady. Molasses steady.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—Wheat—No. 2 red cash $1.06@1.07; No. 2 hard $1.02@1.09; September $1.00⅜@1.00⅝; December $1.00⅝. Corn—No. 2 cash 65½@65¾c; September 62¼c; December 49⅝c; No. 2 white 70@70½c. Oats—No. 2 cash 37@38c; September 35⅝@35¾c; December 35⅞c; No. 2 white 42½c, nominal. Poultry—Chickens 12c; springs 14c; turkeys 17c; ducks 10c; geese 4c. Butter—Creamery 22@26½c. Eggs 16c. Lead $4.20@4.22½. Spelter $5.40. Flour steady; red winter patents $5.25@5.4?; extra fancy and straight $4.70@5.15; hard winter clears $4.00@4.60. Timothy seed $3@?.75. Cornmeal $3.30. Bran dull; sacked on east track $1@1.02. Hay higher; timothy $12@18; prairie $10@18.50. Whisky $1.41. Iron cotton ties 80c. Bagging 7¼c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork steady; jobbing $20.50. Lard higher; prime steam $11.02½@11.12½. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts 11⅞c; clear ribs 11⅞c; short clears 11⅞c. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts 12⅝c; clear ribs 12⅝c; short clears 12⅞c. Receipts—Flour 14,100 bbls.; wheat 168,000 bu.; corn 77,000; oats 61,000. Shipments—Flour 12,100 bbls.; wheat 105,800 bu.; corn 69,000; oats 46,000.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 4.—Wheat—Cash: No. 2 hard 99c@$1.02; No. 2 red $1.05@1.06; futures: September 94⅝c; December 95⅜@95¼c; May 98⅝c. Corn—Cash: No. 2 mixed 61@61½c; No. 2 white 64½@65c; futures: September 57⅛c; December 47⅝c; May 48½c. Oats—No. 2 white 44@46c; No. 2 mixed 40@42c. Butter—Creamery, extras 25c; firsts 24c; seconds 21c; packing stock 18½c. Eggs—Extras 22c; firsts 20c; current receipts 17½c; seconds and dirties 14c. Receipts—Wheat 181,000 bu.; corn 31,000; oats 25,000. Shipments—Wheat 169,000 bu.; corn 15,000; oats 10,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Aug. 4.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.37. Butter steady. Eggs steady at 15@20½c. Poultry steady; springers 17c; hens 13c; turkeys 21½c. Flour quiet. Wheat easy; No. 2 red $1.07@1.10. Corn lower and easy; No. 2 mixed 70½@71c. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed 40½@41c. Rye dull; No. 2 new 70@76c. Lard steady at $11@11.10. Bulk meats firm at 11.75. Bacon firm at $12.50. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Aug. 4.—Wheat—September $1.00⅛@1.01; December 99⅛@99⅜. Cash—No. 1 Northern $1.25; No. 2 Northern $1.23; No. 3 Northern $1.19@1.21; No. 1 Durum $1.06; No. 2 Durum $1.0?; ... bran in 100-lb. sacks $20.00. Flour—First patents $5.80@6; second patents $5.70@5.80; first clears $4.55@5.25; second clears $3.35@3.55.

Duluth.

Duluth, Aug. 4.—Wheat—No. 1 hard $1.25½; No. 1 Northern $1.21; No. 2 Northern $1.?; September $1.02; December $1; May $1.04. Flax—On track $1.8?; September $1.37¾; October $1.34¼; November $1.34¼; December $1.31. Oats—On track 40c.

Toledo.

Toledo, Aug. 4.—Cloverseed—Cash $6.97½; October $7.42½; December $7.40; March $7.5?; Timothy—Prime $1.95. Alsike—August $?.25; prime $8.25.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Aug. 4.—Barley—Samples 60@63c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Aug. 4.—Coffee futures opened steady at a decline of 5 points to an advance of 5 points. Trading was very quiet, most of the business reported being switching from near to late markets and the market ruled steady in sympathy with the decline of ¼ franc at Havre and the continued heavy Brazilian receipts. The close was dull, net unchanged to 5 points lower. Sales were reported of 8,250 bags, including August at 6c, October at 5.55c and May at 5.85c.

Spot—Rio No. 7 7⅜@7½c; Santos No. 4 8¼@9c. Mild quiet; Cordova 9½@12½c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Aug. 4.—The dry goods markets are quiet and firm in the primary division. The jobbers are doing a steadily expanding trade. Agents handling foreign hosiery have advanced their lines 10 per cent. to meet the advances made in tariff rates, and there has been an advance of 5c per dozen in some lines of cotton fabric gloves. There is a better demand for black taffetas from cutters and other silk piece goods show some improvement in demand. Cotton yarns and cloths are held at high figures for late delivery and trading is limited.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Aug. 4.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 49¾c; receipts 1,058 casks; shipments 216. Rosin firm; sales 2,085 bbls.; receipts 2,209; shipments 280; stock 141,438; B $3.10@3.20; D $3.25; E $3.55; F 3.75; G $3.80; H $4.15; I $4.30; K $5.10; M $5.20; N $5.25; window glass $5.6?; water white $6.

Wilmington, Aug. 4.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 46c; receipts 58 casks. Rosin steady at $2.65; receipts 146 bbls. Tar firm at $1.60; receipts 4 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $1.75, $3 and $3.50; receipts 51 bbls.

Charleston, Aug. 4.—Turpentine and rosin unchanged.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Aug. 4.—Credit balances $1.58; runs 173,007, average 106,763; shipments 134,435, average 148,718.

Toledo, Aug. 4.—North Lima 86c; South Lima and Indiana 81c.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Aug. 4.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 22@29c. Light fine 20½@26½c; heavy fine 13½@21c; tub-washed 26@37c.

DATES FOR HOLDING FAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Madisonville, August 3—5 days.
Winchester, August 3—4 days.
Danville, August 3—4 days.
Versailles, August 4—3 days.
Lexington, Bluegrass Fair, August 9—6 days.
Vanceburg, August 10—4 days.
Burkesville, August 10—4 days.
Taylorsville, August 10—4 days.
Uniontown, August 10—5 days.
Middlesboro, September 1—4 days.
Harrodsburg, August 12—3 days.
Lawrenceburg, August 17—4 days.
Providence, August 17—5 days.
Leitchfield, August 17—4 days.
Barbourville, August 18—3 days.
Richmond, August 18—3 days.
Broadhead, August 18—3 days.
Shepherdsville, August 18—3 days.
Ewing, August 19—3 days.
Pembroke, Horse Show, August 19—3 days.
Shelbyville, August 24—4 days.
Elizabethtown, August 24—3 days.
Springfield, August 25—4 days.
London, August 24—4 days.
Liberty, August 25—3 days.
Florence, August 25—4 days.
Frankfort, August 31—3 days.
Somerset, August 31—4 days.
Hardinsburg, August 31—3 days.
Nicholasville, August 31—4 days.
Tompkinsville, September 1—4 days.
Fern Creek, September 1—5 days.
Bardstown, September 1—4 days.
Franklin, September 2—3 days.
Paris, September 7—4 days.
Hodgenville, September 7—3 days.
Monticello, September 7—4 days.
Glasgow, September 8—4 days.
Sanders, September 8—4 days.
Hartford, September 8—3 days.
Louisville, Kentucky State Fair, September 13—6 days.
Scottsville, September 15—3 days.
Mayfield, September 22—4 days.
Horse Cave, September 22—4 days.
Morgantown, September 22—4 days.
Glasgow Colored Fair—September 23—3 days.
Bedford, October 1—2 days.
Owensboro, October 5—6 days.
Elkton, October 7—3 days.
Sulphur, October 8—2 days.

The prizes now being contested for by aviators number thirty-eight and are valued at $300,000.

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White, cream and tan; plain and self-figured or striped; sizes 14 to 17, but not all sizes of every kind; collar and cuffs attached; pearl link cuff buttons. Excellent values at the regular prices; $1.50 Shirts for 95c and $2.00 Shirts for $1.35.

MAIL ORDERS filled if received in time.

Levy's Third & Market.

The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 5, 1909

CURRENT FEATURES.

AGAINST HOME 'PHONE PLANT.

Bill Filed At Springfield and a Temporary Receiver Named.

DIAMOND JUBILEE OF ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHANS' HOME.

To Be Celebrated By German Catholic Societies of Louisville Wednesday, August 11.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB TO BE ORGANIZED TO-NIGHT.

FRIENDS SEEK

To Have New Albany Boy Reinstated.

WAS RECENTLY DISMISSED FROM NAVAL ACADEMY.

CONGRESSMAN COX AND SENATOR BEVERIDGE INTERESTED.

DEMOCRATS MEET TO-NIGHT.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath

Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century

W. B. DAVIS

Dies At His Home In Livingston County, Mo.

WAS FORMER RESIDENT OF CLARK COUNTY, INDIANA.

REFORMATORY TRUSTEES HOLD MEETING TO-MORROW.

RATTAN COMPANY'S CLAIM.

WARNED HIS EMPLOYER HE WAS AN EPILEPTIC

GOSS HAD FIT AND SUFFERED MOST HORRIBLE INJURIES.

SUES KENTUCKY REFINING COMPANY FOR DAMAGES.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

OPEN BIDS TO-DAY FOR STREET RECONSTRUCTION.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

Fred Kurfess, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Kurfess, 1215 East Elm street, in New Albany, has been dismissed from the Naval Academy at Annapolis for an infraction of the rules. The details are not stated, but the friends of the young man hope to have him reinstated. Congressman W. E. Cox, of Jasper, and Senator Beveridge have interested themselves in behalf of the young man.

Young Kurfess is a graduate of the New Albany High School, having graduated two years ago with high honors, and soon afterward was appointed to the Naval Academy on the recommendation of former Congressman Senor. He has stood high in his class, and there was some surprise at the announcement of his dismissal.

The friends of young Kurfess hope that his good record will be the means of securing his reinstatement. Congressman Cox has informed his relatives that he will do all within his power to have him placed back on the roll.

Democratic Club Meeting To-night.

The Floyd county, Ind., Democratic Club will hold a meeting this evening at the clubrooms, 413 East Spring street. The meeting will be important. The members of the club will discuss the coming campaign and the availability of some of the candidates mentioned for office. There is a sentiment in the committee that some agreement should be reached at an early date as to the nominations, especially for Mayor. It looks like the Democrats have a good chance of winning, provided they can agree upon an available man, and this will be discussed at the meeting this evening.

Quite a number of prominent Democrats have been mentioned for Mayor. It is expected that they will be present at the club meeting this evening and make their intentions known.

A number of prominent Democrats have expressed themselves as willing to run for Mayor, but they are unwilling to make a scramble for the nomination.

The Republicans announce that they will not make nominations until after the Democratic convention. It is therefore incumbent upon the Democrats, in the opinion of the leading members of the Democratic club, to make their intentions known at the meeting this evening.

Home Guards' Reunion.

A reunion of the old soldiers known as the Home Guards will be held at Corydon, at the fair meeting Wednesday, September 1. The Home Guards were in an engagement with Gen. Morgan when he crossed the Ohio River and entered Corydon July 9, 1863. The engagement was the only one held during the Civil War on Indiana soil. In New Albany there are a number of old citizens who belonged to the Home Guards, and there also are a number at Jeffersonville and Madison who will attend the reunion.

Although the Home Guards did not do much fighting, they are proud of their record in defending Indiana from invasion. Besides those now residing in Indiana, there are quite a number of old citizens of Louisville who were residents of Indiana at the time, and who will attend the reunion.

The Home Guards have for a number of years been engaged in an effort to secure a pension from the Indiana Legislature for their services, without success.

Camp Meeting Opens To-day.

The twenty-second annual meeting of the Ohio Falls Holiness Association will begin to-day at the grounds of the association on Silver Hills, New Albany. The meetings will continue until August 15. The association has grounds of its own, and is provided with tents and all of the facilities for making the meeting a success. Some of the most eminent scholars in the holiness doctrine will be present during the meeting.

Bill Filed At Springfield and a Temporary Receiver Named.

[Special to The American.]

Springfield, Tenn., Aug. 1—A bill was filed in the Chancery Court late Saturday afternoon against the Springfield Home Telephone Company by H. T. Stratton, Jr., and H. C. True, of Springfield, and E. B. Denison, of Clarksville, asking for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the property and business of said company.

On flat of Chancellor J. W. Stout, injunction was issued enjoining the company and its agents, solicitors and creditors from interfering with, removing or molesting any of the property of the company and A. L. Dorsey, of Springfield, was by the court appointed temporary receiver. Notice was served on said company that on next Friday, August 6, the complainants would move Chancellor Stout at Clarksville to sustain the bill as a general creditors' bill and for the appointment of a permanent receiver.

The bill alleges that of the authorized stock of $75,000, $35,000 has been issued; that the property of the company is bonded to the American Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago for $55,000, and that the company has never been able to meet the interest on its bonds and is otherwise indebted to the amount of several hundred dollars which it is unable to pay, and is therefore insolvent. The complainants predicate their right to maintain the bill on the alleged fact that the American Trust and Savings Bank, the mortgagee, will not interfere and foreclose its mortgage so as to protect complainants, who are both stock and bondholders of the company; that they have no right to compel said bank to foreclose its mortgage, as the mortgage provides that the bank does not have to foreclose unless application is made by one-third of the bondholders and proper indemnity made, and that complainants do not own the required amount of stock.

The company was incorporated in 1905, and established exchanges at Springfield, Greenbrier and Cross Plains. Most of its stock is owned by the Central Home Telephone Company of Louisville, Ky.

The bill alleges that the company began more extended improvements than it had money to complete, and did not therefore command the patronage it expected. It is one of the subsidiary companies of what is known as the "independent system," and upon the failure of E. L. Barber, head of the independent systems at Wauseon, O., the company here felt the shock.

It is said that whatever the outcome of the litigation may be a reorganization will be effected and that new capital will be put into the business.

DIAMOND JUBILEE OF ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHANS' HOME.

To Be Celebrated By German Catholic Societies of Louisville Wednesday, August 11.

The diamond jubilee of St. Joseph's Orphans' Home will be celebrated by the German Catholic societies of Louisville, which, together, support the institution, in connection with the annual festival for the children of the home, on its grounds at Frankfort and Bayly avenues, on August 11. The festival will take the form of an old-fashioned German picnic, and will continue the entire day, including the evening.

The board of directors of the home, including representatives of every local German Catholic society, have begun preparations for the day, and it is said that the attendance will be larger than that of any previous affair given by the German Catholics. It will not be limited by denomination or nationality, and will include some of the most prominent citizens. The committees are being appointed and will be made up of over 100 prominent representatives of the various societies and parishes.

The programme for the day has not been completed, but it will include band music and singing by the children, the Concordia and other German singing societies.

The institution was organized at a meeting of representatives of local societies in 1849. The first home was in a rented building at Eighth and Green streets, near St. Mary's church. It was subsequently removed to Jackson and Green streets, and about twenty-five years ago was located at the present site. The present officers are Frank Harping, president; H. H. Fronke, vice president; Edward G. Hill, treasurer; and William Block, secretary.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB TO BE ORGANIZED TO-NIGHT.

The North-end Fourth and Fifth Wards Democratic Club will be organized at a meeting to be held to-night over the German Security Bank, Preston and Market streets. All the Democrats north of Broadway in those wards are eligible to membership in the club. Good speakers will be on hand to-night.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Mrs. R. P. Main, of Greenville, is spending ten days with relatives in this city.

—W. M. Dobbins has gone to Arkansas to look after his extensive lumber interests.

—Mrs. Hattie Patterson has gone to Greenville to visit her sister, Mrs. William Keithley.

—Miss Agnes Birdsong, of Hamilton, O., is visiting Mrs. M. B. Thurman, 518 East Spring street.

—Miss Ruth Carr, of Memphis, Ind., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harry Bard, 1745 East Spring street.

—Mrs. A. W. Dierking has returned to her home at Oolitic, near Bedford, after visiting friends in this city.

—Mrs. Anna Barrett, who spent a week with Mrs. Ignatius Zimmerman at Mayesville, Ind., has returned home.

—The Rev. A. E. Leffingwell left yesterday afternoon for Bar Harbor, Me., to spend his vacation with relatives.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Williams and children have returned from a trip to the headwaters of the Kentucky River.

—Miss Stasia Robinson has returned to her home, on East Spring street, after visiting Mrs. John Pectol, at Galena.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Paxton, of Apola, Pa., are guests of their aunt, Mrs. W. H. Roberts, 505 East Spring street.

—Miss Inez Hooper, of Detroit, will arrive here in a few days to visit her aunt, Mrs. Allie King, 916 East Spring street.

—Miss Margaret Floyd Currie, of Louisville, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Tuley, East Spring street.

—Mrs. Joseph Biscopink and her daughter, Genevieve, who have been visiting friends at Alexandria, returned home yesterday.

—Mrs. Henry Klosse, her daughters, Misses Henrietta and Helen, have returned home from Vincennes, Ind., where they visited relatives.

—The Highland Country Club will not have the usual Saturday night dance this week on account of the Chautauqua at Glenwood Park.

—George Smith, who was hurt a few days ago in a runaway accident, is still confined to his home, at Floyd Knobs, by his injuries.

—Mrs. James Jeckel and her son, Lee, will return to their home, in St. Louis, today, after visiting Mrs. James Phillips, 424 Vincennes street.

—W. H. Stalker, who was summoned to Harristown, Ind., by the illness of his father, has returned home. He left his father greatly improved.

—Miss Fern Colglazier has returned to her home at Salem, after a visit with Miss Wilma Hanger at her home, "Cedar Point Farm," near New Albany.

—Pensioners of Floyd county filed their vouchers yesterday for the quarterly payment of their pensions and they will receive their checks next week.

—Raymond R. Collins, employed by the Marshall Field Company, at Chicago, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Collins, 1105 North State street.

—The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hopkins, 1815 East Elm street, who died Tuesday night, was buried yesterday afternoon in Fairview cemetery.

—Ethre Alexander was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Spence on a charge of assault and battery. He will have a hearing in the City Court to-day.

—Misses Mary, Merl and Elizabeth Allen, of Fredericksburg, are visiting their aunts, Misses Elizabeth and Martha Kelso, at their home on the Silver Hills.

—Mrs. L. D. Levi, her daughter, Miss Martha Levi, and her son, Robert Levi, who spent several weeks with friends at Worthington, Ind., have returned home.

—Jacob Bloat, a veteran of the Civil War, will leave Sunday for Birdseye to attend the reunion of the survivors of the Fifty-ninth Indiana Regiment, to be held there next week.

—The condition of Philip Bence, superintendent of the county poor farm, who was brought to this city a few days ago for treatment for blood poisoning, is slightly improved.

—Greer W. Davis, who attended the convention of the National Photographers' Association at Rochester, N. Y., has returned home. While away he visited New York and Philadelphia.

—The custom of reassigning the police at the beginning of each month has been abandoned by Capt. William Adams, Chief of Police. The men will be retained indefinitely on certain beats or until a change is advisable.

—The Board of County Commissioners will convene this morning, having adjourned since the meeting Monday, to complete the unfinished business. There are three liquor license applications on file to be acted on by the board.

—Miss Daisy Overman and Oscar B. Kyte, both of Salem, were married last night at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Harry Medlock, 1504½ East Elm street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. T. Dettweiler, of Louisville.

—The funeral of Mrs. Charles E. Enlow took place yesterday morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church, and was largely attended, the burial being in the cemetery on the Green Valley road, north of the city. Services were conducted by the Rev. Charles Curran, the rector.

—The funeral of Louis Hooge took place yesterday morning from the family residence, East Seventh and Main streets, the Rev. A. E. Leffingwell, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, conducting the services. The pallbearers were: Major Jacob Best, Samuel W. Walts, William Owen, Samuel Owen and G. M. Spaulding.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Morgan, who were married last week, were given a miscellaneous shower at the home of Mrs. Morgan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zorn, 1621 Ekin avenue, where they will live for the present. A number of handsome presents were received from members of the Culbertson-avenue Baptist church and other friends.

—The funeral of Mrs. Anna M. Weber, aged 42 years, wife of John Weber, and who died at the family home, 953 Vine street, Louisville, yesterday, will take place at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church, Louisville. The body will be brought to St. Mary's cemetery on the Charlestown road, near the city, for burial. The family formerly lived here where there are a number of relatives.

—Harvey McKenzie, claiming to be a paroled convict from Sing Sing, N. Y., was arrested yesterday by Probation Officer J. H. Kraft on a charge of vagrancy. The Rev. A. E. Leffingwell, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, who was visiting at the manse of the First Presbyterian church, gave him money and the Rev. Dr. Grossman, his dinner. McKenzie represented to the ministers that on account of his photograph being on exhibition in the police departments of the principal cities, he is unable to secure employment. His story will be investigated by the police.

—A tournament will being this morning on the grounds of the East End Tennis Club and continue ten days. At 8 a. m. in the boys" events there will be Hezlitt Brothers against the Reilly Brothers; at 10 a. m. Wiley Utz and Best will play against Miller and Neat, using court No. 2. At 10 a. m. J. Reilly will play against C. Fogle on court No. 1; R. Heazlett against A. Neat, on court No. 2, at the same hour. At 2 p. m. L. Spinsky will play C. Miller on court No. 2, while Miss Margaret Jewett and R. Kent will play Miss Alice Terstegge and Carl Schan on court No. 1. Miss Lloy Clark will play against Miss Margarett Jewett on court No. 1 at 4 p. m., Carl Schan playing against W. Pritchard on court No. 2.

OPEN BIDS TO-DAY FOR STREET RECONSTRUCTION.

The Board of Public Works will take bids on street paving and gutter contracts to-day. The aggregate estimated cost is 41,000. The contracts will call for the laying of 50,000 vitrified bricks on Samuel street, Dumesnil street, Swan street and Bland street. The new gutters are to be put in Garvin place, Chestnut street, Madison street, George street, Eighth street and Clay street.

The Board of Public Works also caused it to be announced that the entire wharf is to be paved in the course of time. The first work will be done between Second street and Fourth avenue. This work may get started some time within the course of the next two years.

Marry In Jeffersonville.

Roy E. Perry and Flossie James were married in Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon by Magistrate Charles S. Hay. Mr. Perry is a traveling salesman and lives at Mt. Washington, Ky. Miss James lived at 1025 East Market street, Louisville.

Harvey W. Artman and Miss Mary Alice Nally, of Highland Park, Ky., were married in Jeffersonville last evening by Magistrate James S. Kelgwin. The bridegroom is a section man and was born in Hardin county, Kentucky.

Good Old Louisiana Sugar Cane Syrup

right from the Louisiana cane fields. The pure juice of the sugar cane and sent to your table. It's just like they have on the plantation.

VELVA

Breakfast Syrup

The most healthful, most delicious, purest syrup you can buy. Try a can to-day. For sale at all grocers.

PENICK & FORD, LTD. New Orleans, La.

Board Meets To-morrow.

The Board of Trustees of the Indiana Reformatory, which is composed of Thomas B. Orr, of Anderson; D. J. Terhune, of Linton; William D. Allison and Dr. Harry C. Sharp, both of Indianapolis, will arrive in Jeffersonville to-night for the August meeting, which begins to-morrow. There will be a considerable volume of business to be transacted as a result of a change in the office of general superintendent a month ago. There will be a large list of inmates who are eligible for parole to go over, and under a new rule Maj. D. C. Peyton, general superintendent, will not sit with the board during the session of the parole court.

One important thing that will come up will be a claim of the Union Carriage and Rattan Company against the institution for $3,955.80, which is alleged to be due for machinery relinquished by the company when it gave up its contract some four or five years ago. The company some time ago, it is said, decided to sue W. H. Whittaker, former general superintendent of the institution, in case the board does not adjust the account. Before this is done, however, if the action of the board is not satisfactory, a conference will be held with Gov. Thomas R. Marshall.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—George Zink, a well known business man of Utica, is in a critical condition from a stroke of paralysis he sustained several days ago. His relatives are greatly alarmed over his condition.

—There will not be a payday for the sewing women at the Government Depot this month, as the settlement for July services was made several days ago to wind up the business of the fiscal year. The next payment will be on September 8.

—The Jeffersonville School Board yesterday formally inspected all of the public school buildings in the city and repairs of various kinds were ordered made where needed before the opening of the schools in September.

—Mrs. Kate D. Graves and husband, by a deed filed in the office of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, yesterday, have conveyed to Anna C. Dunleavy fourteen acres of land in Grant 11, for a consideration of $1,825.

—After a long illness from dropsy and heart disease William W. Taylor died at his home in Clarksville yesterday morning. He was formerly marshal of the town and was born in this city forty-two years ago. A wife and children survive.

—Under an appointment from Gov. Thomas R. Marshall, Charles E. Louis, of Charlestown, yesterday qualified as a notary public by filing a bond of $1,000, with George H. D. Gibson as surety, in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk.

—The Montenegro-Riehm Music Company yesterday filed attachment proceedings in the Clark Circuit Court against Emma Hardesty for possession of an upright piano valued at $250, which it is alleged the defendant has refused to surrender.

—The orchard grass seed, which by this time of the year is generally sold and on its way to Germany, has not yet begun to come to market. Many of the growers have not threshed their crop, the season being the latest ever known, but the yield is good.

—The African Civic League is again in the field to make an effort to purify the colored element in this city and Tuesday night representatives were to have met the board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, but did not arrive until after the meeting had adjourned.

—Bond in the sum of $10,000 was filed by Joseph Graninger in the office of Peter Nachand, Auditor of Clark county, yesterday to qualify as treasurer of the Clarksville school board, the sureties being William T. Ingram, Martin A. Conroy and John Glenger.

—An inquiry was received yesterday by Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, from Mrs. Jennie Whitlach, of Enoch, Taylor county, Ky., as to whether Jim Bob Price and Ermine Horar had been married here at some date since December 12, 1908, but no record could be found.

—John A. Allen, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Allen, Sr., who live at Bennettsville, Carr township, died yesterday morning after a brief illness from appendicitis. He would have been 10 years old in November. An older brother died last December from the same malady.

—Samuel Williams, trustee of Charlestown township, has filed an estimate of the expenditures for the coming year, the amount being fixed at $11,270 and the Township Advisory Board will be asked to fix the tax levy at 77 cents on the $100 valuation of property.

—A movement has been started at Henryville to build a new Catholic church, the present house of worship having become too small for the congregation under the ministration of the Rev. James Shea, who has increased the membership considerably.

—The visitation committee of the State Board of Charities, which consists of Amos W. Butler, Demarchus C. Brown, William H. Elchorn and the Rev. Francis H. Gavisk, paid the Indiana Reformatory a visit yesterday for the purpose of making the formal monthly inspection.

—A plea of guilty to the charge of assault and battery on William Anderson was entered by Oscar Hay in the City Court yesterday morning and he was fined $25 and costs, $35 in all, by Judge Harry C. Poindexter. He gave security for payment of the judgment. His father, Magistrate Charles S. Hay, was given a hearing on the charge of being a matrimonial runner and the case was taken under advisement until this morning.

—John Quincy Adams, the colored custodian of the Federal building, has returned to his duties after taking his annual vacation, which was spent at Atlantic City. He is nearly 70 years of age and the trip was the greatest of his life. The better part of his time, as he tells it, was spent in keeping from being run over by the people.

—Frank G. Flora has been elected treasurer of the finance committee of the Clark County Old Settlers' Association and $1 contributions are being solicited from former residents of the county. It has been definitely decided to hold the annual meeting at Charlestown on Thursday, September 2, and among the attractions will be a balloon ascension.

—Up to last night Charles A. Schimpff, City Controller, had issued thirteenth bicycle tags, which, under a city ordinance, should be taken out on or before August 12. The tag bearing the supposed unlucky number was given to a boy yesterday morning and later in the day he returned, saying the man he wanted it for wished it exchanged. He was not accommodated.

—Clem Jordan, a well known educator of Wood township, who has been elected superintendent of the public schools at Charlestown, is being spoken of as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Clerk. Charles K. Zollmann, of Charlestown, is already in the race and the indications are that Curtis W. Ballard, present clerk, will ask for a renomination.

—Wilson Canter, who was charged with assault and battery with intent to kill on his brother-in-law, Harry Chambers, was permitted to go without prosecution when the case was called in the City Court yesterday morning. It was alleged that Canter went after Chambers with a pair of scissors. The trouble occurred on Locust street last Saturday night and Monday morning Chambers pleaded guilty to the charge of intoxication and was fined.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

Some rather ingenious pleadings are promised to supplement the petition, filed yesterday, in which Frank J. Goss states his alleged grievance against the Kentucky Refining Company and asks for damages of $25,000 for personal injuries from the company. The suit grew out of an accident that occurred on April 30 last, when Goss was horribly burned by a fall into a tank containing boiling, pitchy caulking fluid, used to make the barrels that hold oil tight.

Goss says that for five years or more he has suffered from epileptic fits, and that at intervals in the last ten years he has been employed by the defendant company at "harmless" labor—labor not dangerous to him. The superintendent at the plant, he said, knew of his condition, which he describes as one of more or less mental irresponsibility, due to the fits, and knew that he was being endangered when he was put at the "gluing" of these barrels.

He had had a fit a day or two before he suffered the injuries complained of, and says that the foreman told him there was no danger; that he would not have another fit for a month. He, in his weak-minded condition, did not realize or appreciate the danger, and so went to work, dipping the boiling fluid from its tank on the floor into the barrels. While so engaged, he said, he was seized with a fit, and fell into the tank.

He says that both his arms from his elbows down to his finger tips were scalded and burned, and the flesh thereon cooked to such an extent that his arms have shriveled greatly, and his finger nails were cooked until they fell off and the glue or silica in the tank splashed his face and head, burning them badly. He was in an infirmary for twelve weeks, is still under the care of physicians, and will never be able to use his arms again, he alleges. He is worse damaged, he says, because the only work he is fitted for is manual labor, the engaging in which is now out of the question for him.

Court Paragraphs.

—M. Crowdus sued the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000 as damages for injuries suffered while a passenger of the defendant.

—Clarencee Kochenroth sued Belle Kochenroth for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married on April 28, 1905, and lived together until July 16, 1906.

—J. A. Shuttleworth sued the Adams Express Company for $189.75, the value of goods he alleges were ruined in shipment. These were women's clothing, consigned to a point in Massachusetts.

—Ernest H. Courtney petitioned to be appointed a committee to manage the estate of Charles Courtney, who was adjudged insane and committed to the asylum at Lakeland, in October, 1901.

—William Phelps sued Ida Phelps for divorce, alleging abandonment. The two were married in December, 1883, and lived togethel till September, 1907. They have seven children, the youngest of whom is 16 years of age.

—C. C. Waggoner & Bro. filed a charter in the County Clerk's office giving as the object of the company the dealing in liquors. The stock totals $2,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The following, all of Nashville, Tenn., each hold ten shares: Mrs. L. E. Waggoner, C. C. Waggoner and L. F. Waggoner.

—Turner, Wood & Co. filed a charter in the office of the County Clerk, listing its capital at $25,000, divided into shares of $25 each. The company will manufacture and sell perfumes, toilet articles and druggists' specialties. The debt limit is $25,000. The incorporators, each of whom has ten shares, are Otis T. Turner, L. L. Wood and David A. Keller.

Book On North Pacific Coast By Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Are you contemplating a trip to the Pacific Northwest or to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition at Seattle? If so, call or send for new book, "North Pacific Coast Country," issued by this Railway. It will help you in planning your trip. FREE—if you call. MAILED for 4 cents postage.

$62 round trip from Chicago to Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver, Butte and other points daily until September 30. Choice of routes. Stop-overs. Return limit October 31. F. N. HICKS, Traveling Passenger Agent, 329 Lemcke bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

Go the Electric Way

6 HOOSIER FLYERS DAILY TO

INDIANAPOLIS

7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.
1:30, 4:30, 6:30 p. m.

LOUISVILLE
JEFFERSONVILLE
SELLERSBURG COLUMBUS
SCOTTSBURG EDINBURG
CROTHERSVILLE FRANKLIN
SEYMOUR GREENWOOD
INDIANAPOLIS

FARE ON FLYERS $2.00
ROUND TRIP $3.65

Hotel to Hotel 4 HOURS

Depot, Third St., Near Walnut.
Louisville and Indianapolis Electric.

KEISKER'S FURNITURE REMOVAL SALE

Continued for this week. It is one of the big attractions; one of the best money-saving propositions in the retail district. WATCH OUR WINDOWS.

462 Fourth Avenue Look for Removal Sale Signs

DR. PEPPER

King of Beverages with ANITA WATER

Anita Sparkling. Anita Ginger Ale. Anita Cherry Phosphate. ALL GOOD Home 4520, Cumb. M. 1468-A



Anita Prevents Typhoid Fever. Aids Digestion and Eliminates the excess of Acid from the System. DRINK FREELY The best Sanitary Coolers for Home and Office.

Anita Spring Water Co. (Incorporated) 333 W. Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Much Money Saved

during the lifetime of a Refrigerator if you use the famous

North Star

With its cork insulation, it holds ice longer than any other and keeps a lower temperature.

GEHER & SON
215 West Market Street, Near Second.

"Certified Milk"

Certified to by the Milk Commission of the Jefferson County Medical Society.

The Neill Roach Dairy Co. (Incorporated) SOLE DISTRIBUTER: *Both Phones. 6th Near Oak*

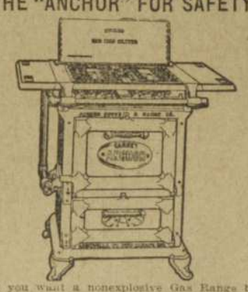
Remember the Klauber Sale

It will continue during the summer months.

KLAUBER,

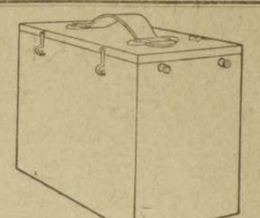
222 Fourth Avenue

THE "ANCHOR" FOR SAFETY.



If you want a nonexplosive Gas Range buy an "ANCHOR," and you will have it. Users of the Anchor have no shattered nerves—no singed eyebrows—nor no doctor bills to pay for accidents caused from Gas Stove Explosions. Don't forget, The Anchor Economizer Saves Gas.

ANCHOR STOVE & RANGE CO. (Incorporated)



6-60 Storage Battery

$7.50 and Guaranteed

Jas. Clark Jr. Electric Co. (Incorporated)

520 WEST MAIN. 311 THIRD AVE. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Pennsylvania —C. R. & I. Lines

North Michigan $11

TUESDAY, AUGUST 17

Round Trip to Petoskey, Traverse City, Harbor Springs and other Resorts; $12 to Mackinac.

GET PARTICULARS AT CITY TICKET OFFICE, N. E. Cor. Fourth and Market Sts. or address C. H. HAGERTY, *District Pass. Agent*, LOUISVILLE, KY.

The Charm of a Dainty Bathroom



is greatly enhanced by the installation of a "STANDARD" Porcelain Enameled One-piece Lavatory. Its gracefulness of design, its snowy, lustrous whiteness make it infinitely more sanitary and attractive than any other style of washstand. With a bedroom so equipped the occupant is to a great degree independent of the bathroom. The cost is moderate—the comfort value enormous.

A very complete line of these lavatories is on exhibit in our show rooms, and we will be glad to render you expert assistance in making selections.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co. (Incorporated) 319-323 WEST MAIN ST.



LOANS

$10.00 and upwards

ANY REASONABLE AMOUNT

Merchants, Companies, Corporations and Banks borrow money. Everybody borrows from somebody when in need. Now, if you need any money come in and let us explain the fairest, easiest and best system of loaning money to housekeepers and others that has ever been attempted. No advance charges or annoying investigations.

Call, write or phone Home 1421.

Fidelity Loan Co. 402 S. Fourth St. Over Kirby's 10c Store.

LUMBER AND SHINGLES.



Clear Wash'ton Cedar Shingles..$3.95 per M.
No. 1 Yellow Pine Lath, 1½-in. $3.00 per M.
Com. Yel. Pine Flooring.....$18 per M. ft.
No. 1 Com. Cyp. Weatherb'd'g $18 per M. ft.
⅝-in. Com. Yel. Pine Ceiling..$16 per M. ft.
Clear Redwood Weatherboarding .....$27 per M ft.

S. P. Graham Lumber Co. 810 Magazine St.

Home Life Insurance Co. of New York

Was the first out of 14 companies to pay its claim on the life of

ARTHUR G. LANGHAM

Claim paid August 4, 1909. Amount, $6,000.00.

T. JOHNSON CLANCY, General Agt., Todd Bldg., Fourth and Market St., Louisville, Ky.



Kentucky Automobile Co. (Incorporated.) 851 Third St., Near Breckinridge.

Let us show you the

$1,400 Cadillac "30"

Let us explain the machinery and workmanship.

Ride in one—examine it.

Call and see us.

Ellington Pianos

"Their Owners Feel Proud of Them."

The Baldwin Co. (Incorporated) 425 S. Fourth St. Manufacturers

MORPHINE

and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic (or internal) use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $2.00 per bottle—FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper. Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Taylor-Isaacs Drug Co. (Incorporated.)

For colds and malaria get Wintersmith's Tonic. Permanent results.

See It

When you build your house see that the hardwood trim and doors you buy will be the best you can buy. It is not a question of wear between the best and low-priced goods—it is whether or not the increased pleasure you will have in seeing the best and most artistic designs in your house and the satisfaction of knowing that it is the best will more than make up for the difference in cost. So place your lumber and mill work contracts with us and you will be served faithfully and well. THE FREY PLANING MILL CO., Successors to Lortz & Frey Planing Mill Co.

Money to Loan ON REAL ESTATE

Louisville Title Co. 124 South Fifth St

For colds and malaria get Wintersmith's Tonic. Permanent results.